Making Home Affordable

Program Performance Report Through July 2012

Report Highlights

Over 1.2 Million Homeowner Assistance Actions Taken through Making Home Affordable

- More than 1 million homeowners have received a permanent modification through the Home Affordable Modification Program (HAMP). These homeowners have reduced their first lien mortgage payments by a median of approximately \$538 each month – more than one-third of their median before-modification payment – saving a total estimated \$14.4 billion to date in monthly mortgage payments.
- Homeowners currently in permanent modifications with some form of principal reduction have been granted a total estimated \$6.7 billion from principal reductions through HAMP.
 77% of eligible non-GSE borrowers entering HAMP in July have received some form of principal reduction with their modification.

This Month: Q2 2012 Servicer Assessment Results

- For the second quarter of 2012, two servicers were found to need only minor improvement on the areas reviewed for program performance, while seven servicers were found to need moderate improvement. All servicers will need to continue to demonstrate progress in areas identified in follow-up program reviews.
- Servicers continue to focus attention on areas identified in previous program reviews and, as a result, are demonstrating considerable improvement in program implementation:
 - Mortgage servicers show continued improvement in calculating homeowner income, which is used to determine a homeowner's eligibility and modified payment amount under the program. In Q2 2012, the average income calculation error rate for the top servicers had fallen below 2 percent.
 - Servicers are more effectively evaluating homeowners under program eligibility criteria as evidenced in the "second look disagree" category, which reflects the rate at which Treasury's program reviews disagree with the servicers' decision not to assist a homeowner. In Q2 2012, the average second look disagree percentage for the top servicers had decreased to below 1 percent.

Note: Unless specified, this report reflects program activity for the Making Home Affordable Program and does not yet include activity relating to HAMP Tier 2. For information and quarterly updates about the Hardest Hit Fund, please visit the website for the <u>Hardest Hit Fund</u> or the <u>TARP Monthly Report to Congress</u>.

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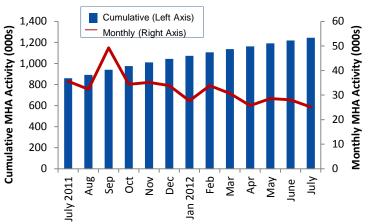
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Making Home Affordable Program Activity

In total, the MHA program has completed over 1.2 million first and second lien permanent modifications, HAFA transactions, and UP forbearance plans.

	Program-to-Date	Reported Since Prior Period
HAMP Permanent Modifications Started	1,060,238	16,767
2MP Modifications Started	90,002	3,210
HAFA Agreements Completed	60,572	3,786
FHA-HAMP and RD-HAMP Permanent Modifications Started	7,863	368
UP Forbearance Plans Started (through June 2012)	25,326	997
Cumulative MHA Activity ¹	1,244,001	25,128



The Making Home Affordable Program was launched in March 2009 with the Home Affordable Modification Program (HAMP) which provides assistance to struggling homeowners by lowering monthly first lien mortgage payments to an affordable level. Additional programs were subsequently rolled out to expand the program reach.

<u>Program</u>	Purpose
Home Affordable Modification Program (HAMP)	Provides eligible borrowers the opportunity to lower their first lien mortgage payment to affordable and sustainable levels through a uniform loan modification process.
Principal Reduction Alternative (PRA)	Provides principal forgiveness on eligible underwater loans that are modified under HAMP.
Second Lien Modification Program (2MP)	Provides modifications and extinguishments on second liens when there has been a first lien HAMP modification on the same property.
Home Affordable Foreclosure Alternatives (HAFA)	Provides transition alternatives to foreclosure in the form of a short sale or deed-in-lieu of foreclosure.
FHA-HAMP and RD-HAMP modification programs	Provides first lien modifications for distressed borrowers in loans guaranteed through the Federal Housing Administration and Rural Housing Service.
Unemployment Program (UP)	Provides temporary forbearance of mortgage principal to enable unemployed borrowers to look for a new job without fear of foreclosure.

Source: HAMP system of record for HAMP, 2MP, HAFA, FHA-HAMP, and RD-HAMP. UP participation is reported via servicer survey through June 30, 2012.

¹ Cumulative activity includes HAMP permanent modifications started, 2MP modifications started, HAFA transactions completed, FHA-HAMP and RD-HAMP permanent modifications started, and UP forbearance plans started. This does not include trial modifications that have cancelled or not yet converted to permanent modification and HAFA agreements started but not yet completed.



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HAMP (First Lien) Modifications

HAMP is designed to lower monthly mortgage payments to help struggling homeowners stay in their homes and prevent avoidable foreclosure.

		Total
HAMP Eligibility	Eligible Delinquent Loans ¹	2,186,234
(As of June 30, 2012)	Eligible Delinquent Borrowers ²	703,401
	Trial Plan Offers Extended (Cumulative) ³	2,070,722
	All Trials Started	1,897,857
Trial Modifications	Trials Reported Since June 2012 Report ⁴	14,117
	Trial Modifications Cancelled Since June 1, 2010 ⁵	57,630
	Active Trials	66,785
	All Permanent Modifications Started	1,060,238
Permanent Modifications	Permanent Modifications Reported Since June 2012 Report	16,767
	Permanent Modifications Cancelled (Cumulative) ⁶	234,760
	Active Permanent Modifications	825,478

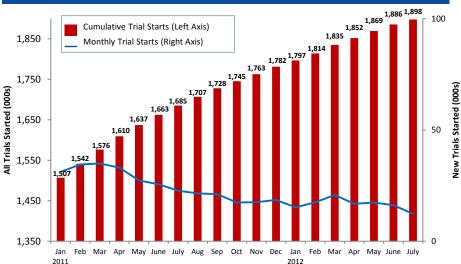
¹ Estimated eligible 60+ day delinquent loans as reported by servicers as of June 30, 2012, include conventional loans:

- in foreclosure and bankruptcy.
- with a current unpaid principal balance less than \$729,750 on a one-unit property, \$934,200 on a two-unit property, \$1,129,250 on a three-unit property and \$1,403,400 on a four-unit property.
- on a property that was owner-occupied at origination.
- originated on or before January 1, 2009.

Estimated eligible 60+ day delinquent loans exclude:

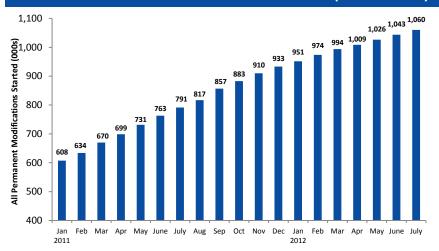
- FHA and VA loans.
- loans that are current or less than 60 days delinquent, which may be eligible for HAMP if a borrower is in imminent default.
- ² The estimated eligible 60+ day delinquent borrowers are those in HAMP-eligible loans, minus estimated exclusions of loans on vacant properties, loans with borrower debt-to-income ratio below 31%, loans that fail the NPV test, properties no longer owner-occupied, unemployed borrowers, manufactured housing loans with title/chattel issues that exclude them from HAMP, loans where the investor pooling and servicing agreements preclude modification, and trial and permanent modifications disqualified from HAMP. Exclusions for DTI and NPV results are estimated using market analytics.
- ³ As reported in the monthly servicer survey of large SPA servicers through July 31, 2012.
- ⁴ Servicers may enter new trial modifications into the HAMP system of record at anytime.
- ⁵ 770,834 cumulative including 713,204 that had trial start dates prior to June 1, 2010 when Treasury implemented a verified income requirement.
- ⁶ A permanent modification is canceled when the borrower has missed three consecutive monthly payments. Includes 5,575 loans paid off.

HAMP (First Lien) Trials Started



Source: HAMP system of record. Servicers may enter new trial modifications into the HAMP system of record at any time. For example, 14,117 trials have entered the HAMP system of record since the prior report; 12,324 were trials with a first payment recorded in July 2012.

HAMP Permanent Modifications Started (Cumulative)



Source: HAMP system of record.



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Second Lien Modification Program (2MP) Activity

The Second Lien Modification Program (2MP) provides assistance to homeowners in a first lien permanent modification who have an eligible second lien with a participating HAMP servicer. This assistance can result in a modification of the second lien and even full or partial extinguishment of the second lien. 2MP modifications and partial extinguishments require that the first lien HAMP modification be permanent and active and that the second lien have an unpaid balance of \$5,000 or more and a monthly payment of at least \$100.

All Second Lien Modifications Started (Cumulative) ¹	90,002
Second Lien Modifications Involving Full Lien Extinguishments	20,664
Second Lien Modifications Disqualified ²	4,361
Active Second Lien Modifications ³	64,977
Of the Active Second Lien Modifications:	

Second Lien Partially Extinguished	4,686
Second Lien Loan Modifications ⁴	60,291

Second Lien Extinguishment Details

Median Amount of Full Extinguishment	\$62,106
Median Amount of Partial Extinguishment for Active Second Lien Modifications	\$8,918

¹ Includes second lien modifications reported into HAMP system of record through the end of cycle for July 2012 data, though the effective date may occur in August 2012. Number of modifications is net of cancellations, which are primarily due to servicer data corrections.

Treasury FHA-HAMP Modification Activity

The Treasury FHA-HAMP Program provides assistance to eligible homeowners with FHA-insured mortgages.

All Treasury FHA-HAMP Trial Modifications Started	13,270
All Treasury FHA-HAMP Permanent Modifications Started	7,853

Home Affordable Foreclosure Alternatives (HAFA) Activity

The Home Affordable Foreclosure Alternatives Program (HAFA) offers incentives for homeowners looking to exit their homes through a short sale or deed-in-lieu of foreclosure. HAFA has established important homeowner protections and an industry standard for streamlined transactions. In 20% of HAFA agreements started, the homeowner began a HAMP trial modification but later requested a HAFA agreement or was disqualified from HAMP.

All HAFA Agreements Started ¹	85,023
HAFA Agreements Active	10,911
HAFA Transactions Completed	60,572
Completed Transactions – Short Sale	58,969
Completed Transactions – Deed-in-Lieu	1,603

¹ Servicer agreement with homeowner for terms of potential short sale, which lasts at least 120 days; or agreement for a deed-in-lieu transaction. A short sale requires a third-party purchaser and cooperation of junior lienholders and mortgage insurers to complete the transaction. All HAFA Agreements Started include HAFA Agreements Active, HAFA Transactions Completed, and HAFA Transactions Canceled.

Unemployment Program (UP) Activity

The Treasury MHA Unemployment Program (UP) provides a temporary forbearance to homeowners who are unemployed. Under Treasury guidelines, unemployed homeowners must be considered for a minimum of 12 months' forbearance.

All UP Forbearance Plans Started (through Jun. 2012)	25,326
UP Forbearance Plans With Some Payment Required	21,863
UP Forbearance Plans With No Payment Required	3,463

Note: Data is as reported by servicers via survey for UP participation through Jun. 30, 2012.



² Includes 397 loans paid off.

³ Includes 3,485 loans in active non-payment status whereby the 1MP has disqualified from HAMP. As a result, the servicer is no longer required to report payment activity on the 2MP modification.

⁴ Second lien modifications follow a series of steps and may include capitalization, interest rate reduction, term extension and principal forbearance or forgiveness.

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HAMP Principal Reduction

Principal reduction may be offered with any non-GSE HAMP modifications, and servicers are required to evaluate the benefit of principal reduction for non-GSE mortgages with a loan-to-value ratio greater than 115% when evaluating a homeowner for a HAMP first lien modification. While servicers are required to evaluate homeowners for principal reduction, they are not required to reduce principal as part of the modification. The MHA Program allows servicers to provide principal reduction on HAMP modifications in two ways: 1) under HAMP Principal Reduction Alternative (PRA), principal is reduced to lower the LTV, the investor is eligible to receive an incentive on the amount of principal reduced, and the reduction vests over a 3-year period and 2) servicers can also offer principal reduction to homeowners on a HAMP modification outside the requirements of HAMP PRA. If they do, the investor receives no incentive payment for the principal reduction and the principal reduction can be recognized immediately.

To encourage investors to consider or expand the use of HAMP PRA, Treasury issued program guidance on February 16, 2012 tripling financial incentives under HAMP PRA for investors who agree to reduce principal for eligible underwater homeowners. The new program guidance applies to all permanent modifications of non-GSE loans under HAMP that include HAMP PRA and have a trial period plan effective date on or after March 1, 2012. HAMP PRA can be a feature of a HAMP trial or permanent modification.

HAMP Principal Reduction Activity

	HAMP Modifications with Principal Reduction Under PRA ¹	Other HAMP Modifications with Principal Reduction Outside of PRA	Total HAMP Modifications with Principal Reduction
All Trial Modifications Started	92,777	29,309	122,086
Trials Reported Since June 2012 Report	3,333	1,440	4,773
Active Trial Modifications	14,336	4,267	18,603
All Permanent Modifications Started	71,122	22,074	93,196
Permanent Modifications Reported Since June 2012 Report	4,039	1,124	5,163
Active Permanent Modifications	64,027	19,279	83,306
Median Principal Amount Reduced for Active Permanent Modifications ²	\$70,124	\$51,973	\$63,580
Median Principal Amount Reduced for Active Permanent Modifications (%) ³	31.5%	18.0%	26.7%
Total Outstanding Principal Balance Reduced on Active Permanent Modifications ²	\$5,636,024,871	\$1,108,987,136	\$6,745,012,007

Modification Characteristics

While the population of loan modifications with principal reduction is still relatively small, program data indicates that modifications with principal reduction are comprised of more homeowners seriously delinquent at the time of trial start than the overall population of HAMP homeowners. Overall, homeowners receiving permanent loan modifications with principal reduction also have a higher before-modification LTV ratio than those without it.

	All HAMP Modifications ⁴	Total HAMP Modifications with Principal Reduction
Of trials started, delinquency at trial start:		
- At least 60 days delinquent	80%	86%
- Up to 59 days delinquent or current and in imminent default	20%	14%
Top three States by Activity ⁵ , Percent of Total Activity:		
- California	25%	37%
- Florida	12%	16%
- Illinois	5%	5%
Top Three States' Percent of Total	43%	57%
Astina Damasa ant Madifications - Madien Laga to Malus (LTM)		
Active Permanent Modifications – Median Loan-to-Value (LTV)		
- Before Modification	120%	155%
- After Modification ⁶	120%	115%
Active Permanent Modifications – Median before Modification	Debt-to-Income	(DTI) ratio:
- Front-End DTI	45.4%	46.8%
- Back-End DTI	71.8%	62.9%

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¹ Includes some modifications with additional principal reduction outside of HAMP PRA.

² Under HAMP PRA, principal reduction vests over a 3 year period. The amounts noted reflect the entire amount that may be forgiven.

³ HAMP PRA amount as a percentage of before-modification UPB, excluding capitalization.

 $^{^{\}rm 4}$ Includes HAMP first lien modifications with and without principal reduction.

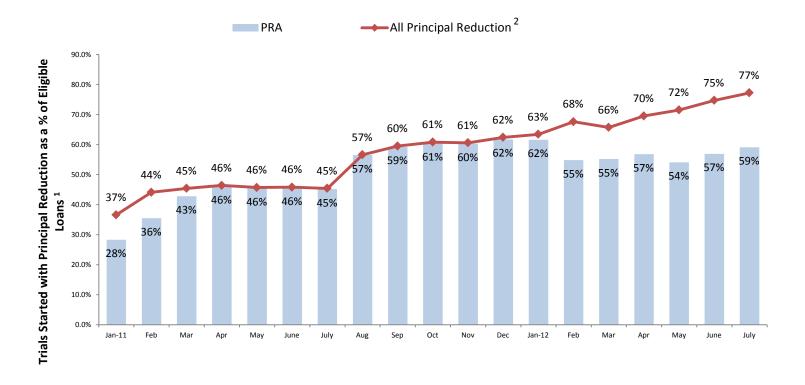
⁵ Figures reflect active trials and active permanent modifications.

⁶ Because the first step of the standard HAMP waterfall includes the capitalization of accrued interest, out-of-pocket escrow advances to third parties, any escrow advances made to third parties during the trial period plan, and servicing advances that are made for costs and expenses incurred in performing servicing obligations, this can result in an increase in the principal balance after modification. As a result, the loan-to-value ratio can increase in the modification process.

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HAMP Principal Reduction

Of all non-GSE loans eligible¹ for principal reduction that started a trial in July 2012, 77% included a principal reduction feature, with 59% through the HAMP PRA program. The terms of the \$25 billion settlement of mortgage servicing deficiencies between the five largest mortgage servicers, the Federal government, and 49 state attorneys general, have recently caused servicers to increase use of non-PRA principal reductions.



¹Eligible loans include those receiving evaluation under HAMP PRA guidelines plus loans that did not require an evaluation but received principal reduction on their modification.

² All Principal Reduction population consists of trials that have any principal reduction, including those with HAMP PRA.

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Homeowner Benefits and First Lien Modification Characteristics

- Aggregate payment savings to homeowners who received HAMP first lien permanent modifications are estimated to total approximately \$14.4 billion, program to date, compared with unmodified mortgage obligations.
- The median monthly savings for borrowers in active permanent first lien modifications is \$538.13, or 38% of the median monthly payment before modification.
- Of trial modifications started, 80% of homeowners were at least 60 days delinquent at trial start. The rest were up to 59 days delinquent or current and in imminent default.

- The **primary hardship reasons** for homeowners in active permanent modifications are:
 - 67.3% experienced loss of income (curtailment of income or unemployment)
 - 11.2% reported excessive obligation
 - 3.4% reported an illness of the principal borrower
- Active permanent modifications feature the following **modification steps**:
 - 97.3% feature interest rate reductions
 - 60.1% offer term extension
 - 31.5% include principal forbearance

Modifications by Investor Type (Large Servicers)

Servicer	GSE	Private	Portfolio	Total Active Modifications
Bank of America, NA	69,697	61,063	10,882	141,642
CitiMortgage, Inc.	32,634	5,578	17,089	55,301
GMAC Mortgage, LLC	25,741	6,192	12,818	44,751
Homeward Residential	1,526	27,336	0	28,862
JPMorgan Chase , NA	69,353	55,332	26,396	151,081
Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC	13,644	58,119	1,581	73,344
OneWest Bank	15,742	17,836	2,966	36,544
Select Portfolio Servicing	521	17,004	2,919	20,444
Wells Fargo Bank, NA	56,295	18,058	51,803	126,156
Other HAMP Servicers	170,895	26,100	17,143	214,138
Total	456,048	292,618	143,597	892,263

Note: Figures reflect active trials and active permanent modifications.

Select Median Characteristics of Active Permanent Modifications

Loan Characteristic	Before Modification	After Modification	Median Decrease
Front-End Debt-to-Income Ratio ¹	45.4%	31.0%	-14.6 pct pts
Back-End Debt-to-Income Ratio ²	71.8%	53.8%	-14.9 pct pts
Median Monthly Housing Payment ³	\$1,426.62	\$818.93	-\$538.13

¹ Ratio of housing expenses (principal, interest, taxes, insurance and homeowners association and/or condo fees) to monthly gross income.

² Ratio of total monthly debt payments (including mortgage principal and interest, taxes, insurance, homeowners association and/or condo fees, plus payments on installment debts, junior liens, alimony, car lease payments and investment property payments) to monthly gross income. Borrowers who have a back-end debt-to-income ratio of greater than 55% are required to seek housing counseling under program guidelines.

³ Principal and interest payment.

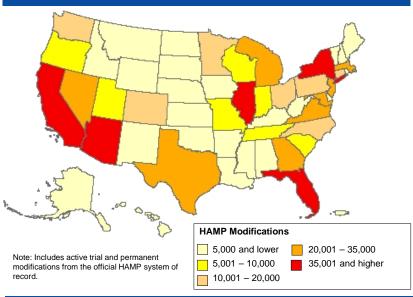
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HAMP Activity by State

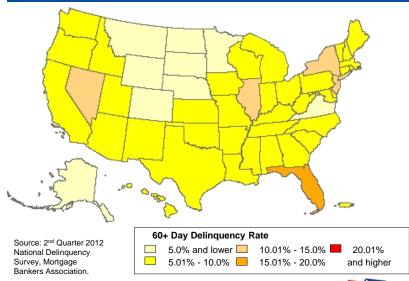
	Active	Permanent	State	% of U.S. HAMP		Active	Permanent	State	% of U.S. HAMP
State	Trials	Modifications		Activity	State	Trials	Modifications		Activity
AK	44	366	410	0.0%	MT	78	943	1,021	0.1%
AL	402	4,520	4,922	0.6%	NC	1,273	14,652	15,925	1.8%
AR	166	1,753	1,919	0.2%	ND	6	126	132	0.0%
AZ	1,680	33,868	35,548	4.0%	NE	116	1,084	1,200	0.1%
CA	15,368	210,748	226,116	25.3%	NH	305	3,675	3,980	0.4%
со	893	11,517	12,410	1.4%	NJ	2,605	26,430	29,035	3.3%
СТ	998	10,353	11,351	1.3%	NM	275	2,693	2,968	0.3%
DC	119	1,429	1,548	0.2%	NV	1,093	19,237	20,330	2.3%
DE	207	2,428	2,635	0.3%	NY	4,438	40,272	44,710	5.0%
FL	8,471	99,534	108,005	12.1%	ОН	1,572	17,238	18,810	2.1%
GA	2,437	29,743	32,180	3.6%	ОК	205	1,881	2,086	0.2%
HI	299	3,141	3,440	0.4%	OR	824	9,035	9,859	1.1%
IA	163	1,974	2,137	0.2%	PA	1,600	16,632	18,232	2.0%
ID	244	3,139	3,383	0.4%	RI	283	4,058	4,341	0.5%
IL	3,437	43,186	46,623	5.2%	SC	641	7,483	8,124	0.9%
IN	653	7,640	8,293	0.9%	SD	21	294	315	0.0%
KS	182	1,910	2,092	0.2%	TN	767	8,262	9,029	1.0%
KY	275	2,967	3,242	0.4%	TX	2,101	21,869	23,970	2.7%
LA	436	4,527	4,963	0.6%	UT	435	7,625	8,060	0.9%
MA	1,823	19,788	21,611	2.4%	VA	1,520	19,502	21,022	2.4%
MD	2,143	26,093	28,236	3.2%	VT	60	700	760	0.1%
ME	219	2,271	2,490	0.3%	WA	1,512	17,053	18,565	2.1%
MI	1,618	25,469	27,087	3.0%	WI	693	7,746	8,439	0.9%
MN	822	13,254	14,076	1.6%	WV	99	1,087	1,186	0.1%
МО	730	8,066	8,796	1.0%	WY	39	399	438	0.0%
MS	215	2,891	3,106	0.3%	Other ²	180	2,927	3,107	0.3%

¹ Total reflects active trials and active permanent modifications.

Modification Activity by State



Mortgage Delinquency Rates by State



² Includes Guam, Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands.

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15 Metropolitan Areas With Highest HAMP Activity

Metropolitan Statistical Area	Active Trials	Permanent Modifications	Total MSA HAMP Activity	% of U.S. HAMP Activity
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, CA	5,283	65,760	71,043	8.0%
New York-Northern New Jersey- Long Island, NY-NJ-PA	5,624	53,762	59,386	6.7%
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach, FL	3,881	42,916	46,797	5.2%
Chicago-Joliet-Naperville, IL-IN-WI MSA	3,312	41,925	45,237	5.1%
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA	2,547	42,198	44,745	5.0%
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV	2,024	27,740	29,764	3.3%
Phoenix-Mesa-Glendale, AZ MSA	1,206	27,154	28,360	3.2%
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, GA	1,925	24,050	25,975	2.9%
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, CA	1,525	18,176	19,701	2.2%
Las Vegas-Paradise, NV	901	15,791	16,692	1.9%
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos, CA	1,058	15,414	16,472	1.8%
Detroit-Warren-Livonia, MI	979	15,432	16,411	1.8%
Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, FL MSA	1,087	14,884	15,971	1.8%
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH	1,256	14,265	15,521	1.7%
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville, CA	985	14,012	14,997	1.7%

Note: Total reflects active trials and active permanent modifications.

A complete list of HAMP activity for all metropolitan areas is available at http://www.treasury.gov/initiatives/financial-stability/results/MHA-Reports/

Homeowner's HOPE™ Hotline Volume

	Program to Date	July
Total Number of Calls Taken at 1-888-995-HOPE	3,259,519	72,007
Borrowers Referred for Free Housing Counseling Assistance Through the Homeowner's HOPE TM Hotline	1,563,809	37,689

Source: Homeowner's HOPETM Hotline. Numbers reflect calls that resulted in customer records.

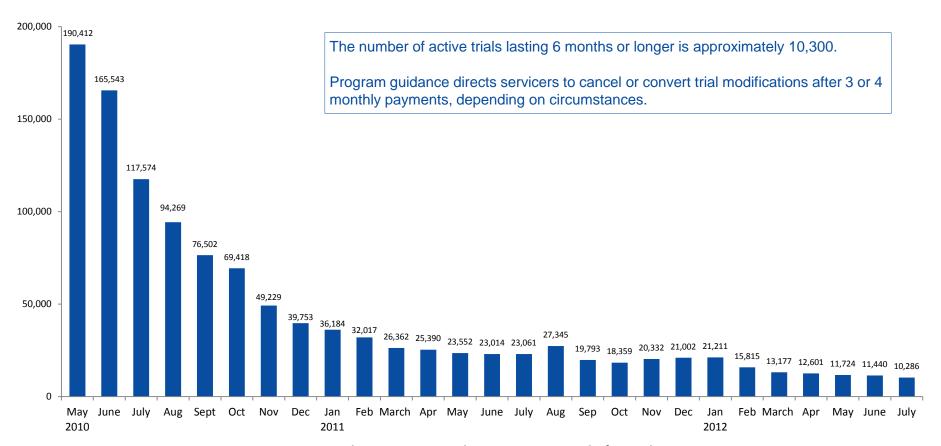
Selected Homeowner Outreach Measures

Homeowner Outreach Events Hosted Nationally by Treasury and Partners (cumulative)	74
Homeowners Attending Treasury-Sponsored Events (cumulative)	67,970
Servicer Solicitation of Borrowers (cumulative) ¹	8,420,777
Page views on MakingHomeAffordable.gov (July 2012)	2,526,420
Page views on MakingHomeAffordable.gov (cumulative)	153,671,976

¹ Source: Survey data provided by SPA servicers. Servicers are encouraged by HAMP to solicit information from borrowers 60+ days delinquent, regardless of eligibility for a HAMP modification. Bank of America, NA restated the number of solicitations from the previous month resulting in a reduction of cumulative solicitations reported.

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Aged Trials¹



Trials Lasting 6 Months or Longer At End of Month

¹ Active trials initiated at least six months ago. See page 11 for number of aged trials by servicer. These figures include trial modifications that have been converted to permanent modifications or cancelled by the servicer, but not reported as such to the HAMP system of record.

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HAMP Modification Activity by Servicer

	As of June 30, 2012		Cumulative		As of July 31, 2012						
Servicer	Estimated Eligible 60+ Day Delinquent Borrowers¹	Trial Plan Offers Extended ²	All HAMP Trials Started³	All HAMP Permanent Modifications Started ³	Active Trial Modifications ³	Active Trial Modifications Lasting 6 Months or Longer ⁴	Active Permanent Modifications³				
Bank of America, NA	131,686	546,740	367,660	173,057	13,478	5,015	128,164				
CitiMortgage, Inc.	48,325	211,733	139,550	64,409	3,535	936	51,766				
GMAC Mortgage, LLC	24,335	89,460	73,138	55,236	2,647	50	42,104				
Homeward Residential	24,847	46,516	43,208	35,910	1,727	127	27,135				
JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA	91,020	359,695	319,878	174,575	12,758	933	138,323				
Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC	65,266	101,823	149,644	92,785	6,862	842	66,482				
OneWest Bank	20,627	80,676	63,679	40,466	2,902	76	33,642				
Select Portfolio Servicing	8,535	72,452	46,635	26,610	832	27	19,612				
Wells Fargo Bank, NA	90,547	310,428	271,267	142,279	11,562	955	114,594				
Other Servicers	198,213	251,199	423,198	254,911	10,482	1,325	203,656				
Total	703,401	2,070,722	1,897,857	1,060,238	66,785	10,286	825,478				

- ¹ Estimated eligible 60+ day delinquent borrowers based on survey information as submitted by servicers as of June 30, 2012, include those in conventional loans:
- in foreclosure and bankruptcy.
- with a current unpaid principal balance less than \$729,750 on a oneunit property, \$934,200 on a two-unit property, \$1,129,250 on a threeunit property and \$1,403,400 on a four-unit property.
- on a property that was owner-occupied at origination.
- originated on or before January 1, 2009.

Estimated eligible 60+ day delinquent borrowers exclude:

- those in FHA and VA loans.
- those in loans that are current or less than 60 days delinquent, which may be eligible for HAMP if a borrower is in imminent default.
- negative NPV test.
- HAMP Trials and Permanent Modifications disqualified from HAMP.
- unemployed borrowers.

Exclusions for DTI and NPV are estimated using market analytics. ² As reported in the monthly servicer survey of large SPA servicers through

- reconciliation of historic loan files. Totals reflect impact of servicing transfers. Servicers may enter new trial modifications into the HAMP those borrowers with debt-to-income ratios less than 31% or a system of record at any time. ⁴These figures include trial modifications that have been converted to owners of vacant properties or properties otherwise excluded.
 - permanent modifications or cancelled by the servicer, but not reported as such to the HAMP system of record.

³ As reported into the HAMP system of record by servicers. Excludes FHA-

HAMP modifications. Subject to adjustment based on servicer

See Appendix A1 and A2 for additional information on servicer participants in Making Home Affordable programs.

Program Performance Report Through July 2012

Making Home Affordable Programs by Servicer¹

	HAMP First Li	en Modifications			
Servicer	Trials Started ³	Permanent Modifications Started ³			
Bank of America, NA	367,660	173,057			
CitiMortgage, Inc.	139,550	64,409			
GMAC Mortgage, LLC	73,138	55,236			
Homeward Residential	43,208	35,910			
JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA	319,878	174,575			
Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC	149,644	92,785			
OneWest Bank	63,679	40,466			
Select Portfolio Servicing	46,635	26,610			
Wells Fargo Bank, NA	271,267	142,279			
Other Servicers	423,198 254,91				
Total	1,897,857 1,060,238				

The second secon	uction Alternative PRA) ²	Second Lien Modification (2MP)		able Foreclosure ives (HAFA)
Trials Started ³	Permanent Modifications Started ³	Second Lien Modifications Started ⁴	Agreements Started ⁵	Agreements Completed
15,225	12,906	29,125	17,299	16,200
2,303	1,826	11,412	364	272
2,396	1,521	4,430	3,408	2,450
0	0	N/A	1,072	513
22,872	16,879	25,160	33,010	22,053
22,819	16,019	N/A	2,864	1,355
5,455	4,192	2,653	3,152	1,670
192	163	N/A	2,781	2,114
18,971	15,417	13,660	15,734	9,769
2,544	2,199	3,562	5,339	4,176
92,777	71,122	90,002	85,023	60,572

PRA: October 1, 2010 2MP: August 13, 2009 HAFA: April 5, 2010

N/A – Servicer does not participate in the program.

¹ MHA Program Effective Dates: HAMP First Lien: April 6, 2009

² While both GSE and non-GSE loans are eligible for HAMP, at the present time due to GSE policy, servicers can only offer PRA on non-GSE modifications under HAMP. Servicer volume can vary based on the investor composition of the servicer's portfolio and respective policy with regards to PRA. See page 7 for additional servicer detail on HAMP activity by investor type.

³ As reported into the HAMP system of record by servicers. Excludes FHA-HAMP modifications. Subject to adjustment based on servicer reconciliation of historic loan files. Totals reflect impact of servicing transfers. Servicers may enter new trial modifications into the HAMP system of record at any time.

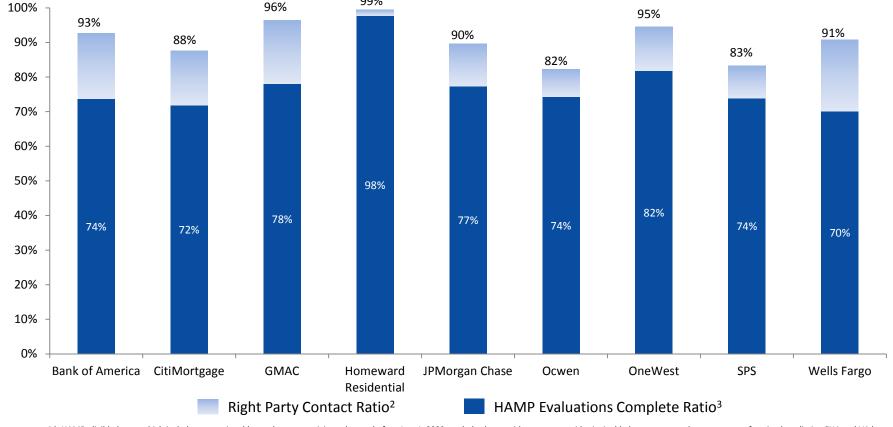
⁴ Number of second lien modifications started is net of cancellations, which are primarily due to servicer data corrections.

⁵ Servicer agreement with homeowner for terms of potential short sale, which lasts at least 120 days; or agreement for a deed-in-lieu transaction. A short sale requires a third-party purchaser and cooperation of junior lienholders and mortgage insurers to complete the transaction.

Program Performance Report Through July 2012

Servicer Outreach to 60+ Day Delinquent Homeowners: Cumulative Servicer Results, July 2011 – June 2012

Per program guidance, servicers are directed to establish Right Party Contact (RPC) with homeowners of delinquent HAMP eligible loans¹ and then evaluate the homeowners' eligibility for HAMP. There is a range of performance results across top program servicers with respect to making RPC and completing the evaluations.



¹Homeowners with HAMP eligible loans, which include conventional loans that were originated on or before Jan. 1, 2009; excludes loans with current unpaid principal balances greater than current conforming loan limits, FHA and VA loans, loans where investor pooling and servicing agreements preclude modification, and manufactured housing loans with title/chattel issues that exclude them from HAMP. Treasury has expanded HAMP's eligibility criteria to include a "Tier 2" evaluation designed to provide help for borrowers with a financial hardship whose debt-to-income ratio is below 31 percent, who have properties occupied by a tenant or who have vacant properties that the borrower intends to rent. Servicers began accepting HAMP Tier 2 modification requests as of 6/1/2012 and some servicers have begun to include HAMP Tier 2 eligible loans in the outreach survey data shown here.

MAKING HOME AFFORDABLE

² Right Party Contact (RPC) is achieved when a servicer has successfully communicated directly with the homeowner obligated under the mortgage about resolution of their delinquency in accordance with program guidelines. The RPC ratio reflects the share of homeowners with which the servicer has established RPC as a percent of HAMP eligible loans, excluding homeowners where RPC or HAMP evaluation is no longer needed.

³ HAMP evaluations complete ratio reflects the share of homeowners who have been evaluated for HAMP as a percent of HAMP eligible loans, excluding homeowners where RPC or HAMP evaluation is no longer needed. Evaluated homeowners include those offered a trial plan, those that are denied or did not accept a trial plan and homeowners that failed to submit a complete HAMP evaluation package by program-specified timelines.

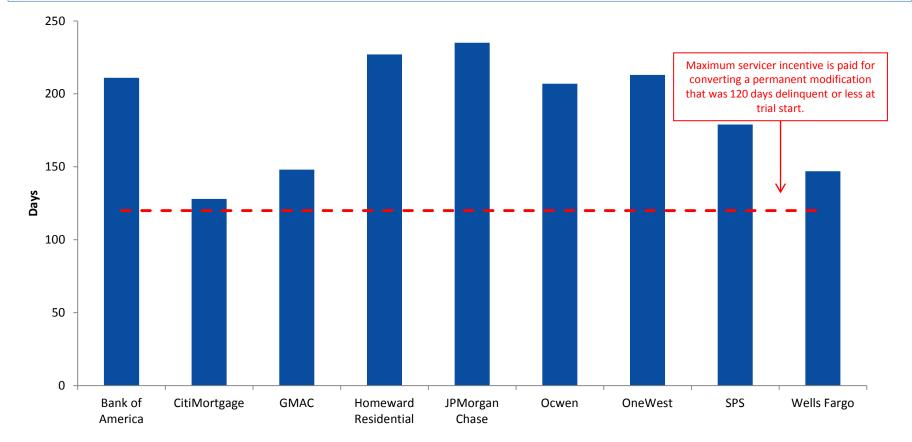
Program Performance Report Through July 2012

Average Homeowner Delinquency at Trial Start¹

Servicers are instructed to follow a series of steps in order to evaluate homeowners for HAMP, including:

- Identifying and soliciting the homeowners in the early stages of delinquency;
- Making reasonable efforts to establish right party contact with the homeowners;
- Gathering required documentation once contact is established in order to evaluate the homeowners for a HAMP trial; and,
- · Communicating decisions to the homeowners.

Effective 10/1/11, a new servicer compensation structure exists to encourage servicers to work with struggling homeowners in the early stages of delinquency with the highest incentives paid for permanent modifications completed when the homeowner is 120 days delinquent or less at the trial start.

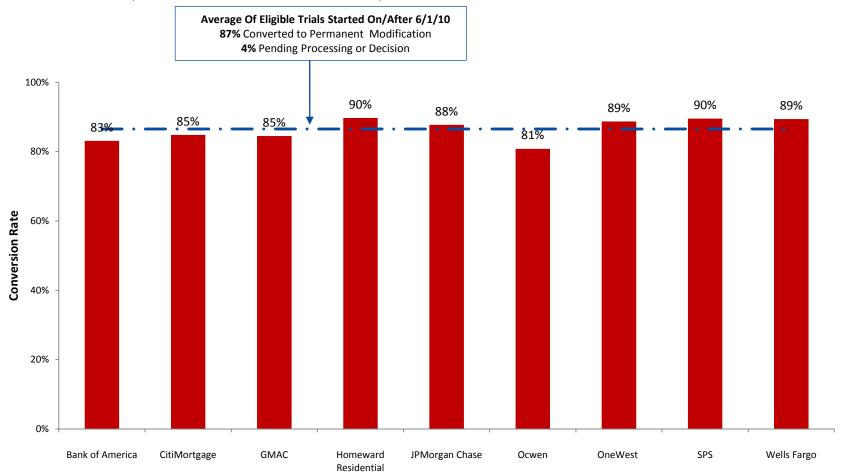


¹ For all permanent modifications started, the average number of days delinquent as of the trial plan start date. Delinquency is calculated as the number of days between the homeowner's last paid installment before the trial plan and the first payment due date of the trial plan.

Program Performance Report Through July 2012

Conversion Rate¹

Per program guidelines, effective June 1, 2010, all trials must be started using verified income documentation. Of eligible trials started on or after June 1, 2010, 87% have converted to permanent modification with an average trial length of 3.5 months. Prior to June 1, 2010, some servicers initiated trials using stated income information. Of trials started prior to June 1, 2010, 43% have converted to permanent modification.



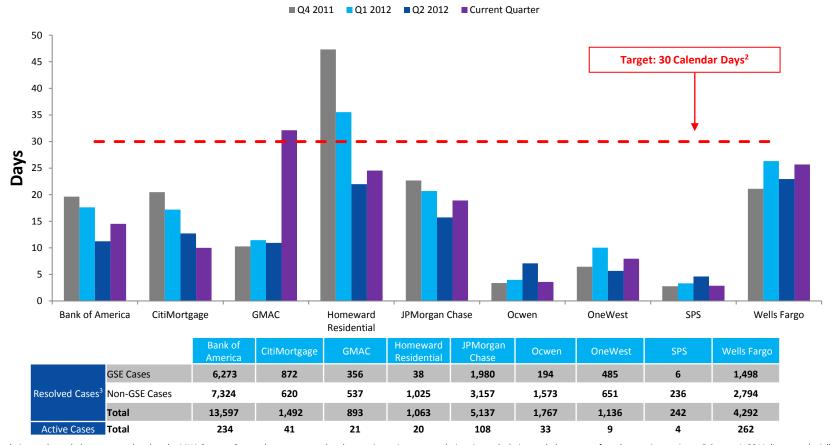
¹ Chart depicts conversion rates as measured against trials eligible to convert – those three months in trial, or four months if the borrower was at risk of imminent default at trial modification start. Permanent modifications transferred among servicers are credited to the originating servicer. Trial modifications transferred are reflected in the current servicer's population.

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Program Performance Report Through July 2012

Servicer Time to Resolve Non-GSE Escalations: Average Resolution Time by Quarter in Which Escalations were Resolved¹

Servicers are required to resolve borrower inquiries and disputes that are escalated by the MHA Support Centers. Escalated cases include allegations that the servicer did not properly assess the homeowner according to program guidelines, inappropriately denied the homeowner for applicable MHA program(s), or initiated or continued inappropriate foreclosure actions. Effective February 1, 2011, the servicers are directed to review and resolve non-GSE escalated cases within 30 calendar days from receipt of the case by the escalating party. In the last two quarters, most of the nine largest servicers' non-GSE resolved cases have an average resolution time below the 30 day target.



¹ Non-GSE escalations only; excludes cases escalated to the MHA Support Centers but not yet escalated to servicers. Average resolution time calculation excludes cases referred to servicers prior to February 1, 2011, 'Investor denial' cases referred to servicers between February 1, 2011 and November 1, 2011, cases involving bankruptcy, and cases that did not require servicer actions.

² Target of 30 calendar days includes an estimated 5 days of processing by MHA Support Centers.

³ Resolved cases include all escalations resolved on or after February 1, 2011 through July 31, 2012 and exclude those that did not require servicer actions.

Program Performance Report Through July 2012

Disposition Path Homeowners in Canceled HAMP Trial Modifications Survey Data Through June 2012 (Largest Servicers)

		Status of Ho	omeowners	Whose HAMP	Trial Mod	lification W	as Cancele	d:		
Servicer	Action Pending ¹	Action Not Allowed – Bankruptcy in Process	Borrower Current	Alternative Modification	Payment Plan ²		Short Sale/ Deed-in- Lieu	Foreclosure Starts	Foreclosure Completions	Total (As of June 2012)
Bank of America, NA	8,565	6,250	15,989	68,075	1,743	5,936	22,089	20,577	29,431	178,655
CitiMortgage Inc.	418	6,366	7,879	27,639	1,917	5,213	6,036	4,972	10,925	71,365
GMAC Mortgage, LLC	267	322	1,141	7,024	6	635	1,364	1,519	2,301	14,579
Homeward Residential	179	107	294	2,842	73	539	418	652	182	5,286
JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA	4,233	3,577	21,878	40,505	1,151	2,026	14,232	15,010	13,255	115,867
Ocwen Loan Services, LLC	2,892	2,268	4,874	22,394	2,461	475	803	7,846	3,384	47,397
OneWest Bank	149	245	506	12,072	49	106	1,250	1,508	4,328	20,213
Select Portfolio Servicing	859	285	1,193	5,632	211	518	1,425	991	4,113	15,227
Wells Fargo Bank, NA	9,291	4,743	9,238	35,800	622	6,697	8,077	16,372	25,430	116,270
TOTAL (These Largest	26,853	24,163	62,992	221,983	8,233	22,145	55,694	69,447	93,349	584,859
Servicers)	4.6%	4.1%	10.8%	38.0%	1.4%	3.8%	9.5%	11.9%	16.0%	100%

The most common causes of trial cancellations from all servicers are:

- Insufficient documentation
- Trial plan payment default
- Ineligible borrower: first lien housing expense is already below 31% of household income

Note: Data is as reported by servicers for actions completed through June 30, 2012. Survey data is not subject to the same data quality checks as data uploaded into the HAMP system of record.

Note: Excludes cancellations pending data corrections and loans otherwise removed from servicing portfolios.

 $^{^{}m 1}$ Trial loans that have been canceled, but no further action has yet been taken.

² An arrangement with the borrower and servicer that does not involve a formal loan modification.

Program Performance Report Through July 2012

Disposition Path Homeowners Not Accepted for HAMP Trial Modifications Survey Data Through June 2012 (Largest Servicers)

		Status of I	Homeowner	s Not Accepted	d for a HA	MP Trial Mo	odification:			
Servicer	Action Pending ¹	Action Not Allowed – Bankruptcy in Process	Borrower Current	Alternative Modification	Payment Plan ²		Short Sale/ Deed-in- Lieu	Foreclosure Starts	Foreclosure Completions	Total (As of June 2012)
Bank of America, NA	29,888	16,723	93,709	170,888	9,897	17,685	51,457	58,332	60,283	508,862
CitiMortgage Inc.	1,699	15,846	31,397	60,455	8,038	20,298	19,981	16,569	22,315	196,598
GMAC Mortgage, LLC	7,611	4,621	42,270	50,717	615	8,797	13,239	15,590	17,304	160,764
Homeward Residential	2,529	1,918	15,283	45,006	1,025	4,983	3,646	9,530	2,051	85,971
JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA	21,176	16,650	145,382	136,165	7,254	56,327	63,121	57,905	32,785	536,765
Ocwen Loan Services, LLC	14,267	7,253	28,115	102,248	10,278	4,462	4,907	20,455	13,572	205,557
OneWest Bank	3,860	2,260	30,471	37,312	934	3,213	6,420	9,053	12,681	106,204
Select Portfolio Servicing	2,121	444	3,280	6,690	313	543	2,046	1,418	2,783	19,638
Wells Fargo Bank, NA	24,836	9,004	50,607	46,532	1,711	17,602	29,621	25,675	31,881	237,469
TOTAL (These Largest	107,987	74,719	440,514	656,013	40,065	133,910	194,438	214,527	195,655	2,057,828
Servicers)	5.2%	3.6%	21.4%	31.9%	1.9%	6.5%	9.4%	10.4%	9.5%	100.0%

The most common causes of trials not accepted from all servicers are:

- Insufficient documentation
- Ineligible borrower: first lien housing expense is already below 31% of household income
- Offer Not Accepted by Borrower/Request Withdrawn

Note: Data is as reported by servicers for actions completed through June 30, 2012. Survey data is not subject to the same data quality checks as data uploaded into the HAMP system of record.

Note: Excludes loans removed from servicing portfolios.

¹ Homeowners who were not approved for a HAMP trial modification, but no further action has yet been taken.

² An arrangement with the borrower and servicer that does not involve a formal loan modification.

Overview

Background

Since the Making Home Affordable Program's (MHA) inception in the spring of 2009, Treasury has monitored the performance of participating mortgage servicers. Treasury has been publicly reporting information about servicer performance through two types of data: compliance data, which reflects servicer compliance with specific MHA guidelines; and program results data, which reflects how timely and effectively servicers assist eligible homeowners and report program activity.

When MHA began, most servicers did not have the staff, procedures, or systems in place to respond to the volume of homeowners struggling to pay their mortgages, or to respond to the housing crisis generally. Very few mortgage modifications were even occurring. Treasury sought to get servicers to join MHA and to improve their operations quickly, so as to implement a national mortgage modification program.

Through ongoing compliance reviews, Treasury has required participating servicers to take specific actions to improve their servicing processes. While the servicers have improved their performance, they still have more progress to make. Toward that end, Treasury is publishing servicer assessments for the largest servicers participating in MHA. During the fourth quarter of 2011, Litton Loan Servicing, LP transferred its loan portfolio to Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC, and therefore there is no servicer assessment for Litton Loan Servicing, LP for this quarter nor will there be for future quarters. Subsequent servicer assessments will be published for the remaining largest servicers, who comprise the majority of MHA activity. Not only will the assessments provide more transparency to the public about servicer performance in the program, but the assessments are also intended to encourage servicers to correct identified instances of non-compliance.

Servicer participation in MHA is voluntary, based on a contract with Fannie Mae as financial agent on behalf of Treasury. Although Treasury does not regulate these institutions and does not have the authority to impose fines or penalties, Treasury can, pursuant to the contract, take certain remedial actions against servicers not in compliance with MHA guidelines. Such remedial actions include requiring servicers to correct identified instances of non-compliance, as noted above. In addition, Treasury can implement

financial remedies such as withholding incentive payments owed to servicers. Such incentive payments, which are the only payments Treasury makes for the benefit of servicers under the program, include payments for every successful permanent modification under the Home Affordable Modification Program, and payments for completed short sale/deed-in-lieu transactions pursuant to the Home Affordable Foreclosure Alternative Program.

It is important to note that Treasury's compliance work related to MHA applies only to those servicers that have agreed to participate in MHA for mortgage loans that are not owned or guaranteed by Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac (Government Sponsored Enterprises, or GSEs). Treasury cannot and does not perform compliance reviews of (1) mortgage loans or activities that fall outside of MHA, (2) GSE loans or (3) those loans insured through the Federal Housing Administration. For each servicer, the loans that are eligible for MHA represent only a portion of that servicer's overall mortgage servicing operation.

Treasury's foremost goal is to assist struggling homeowners who may be eligible for MHA. These servicer assessments set a new benchmark for providing detailed information about how mortgage servicers are performing against key metrics. But, in addition to this direct effect, MHA has had an important indirect effect on the market as well. MHA has established standards that have improved mortgage modifications across the industry, and has led to important changes in the way mortgage servicers assist struggling homeowners generally. These changes include standards for how mortgage modifications should be designed so that they are sustainable, standards for communications with homeowners so that the process is as efficient and as understandable as possible, and a variety of standards for protecting homeowners, such as prohibitions on "dual tracking" simultaneously evaluating a homeowner for a modification while proceeding to foreclose. Going forward, Treasury hopes these assessments will also set the standard for transparency about mortgage servicer efforts to assist homeowners.

Below are general descriptions of the data, the evaluation process, and the consequences for servicers needing improvement.

Overview

The Performance Data: Compliance and Program Results

Freddie Mac, acting as Treasury's compliance agent for MHA, has created a separate division known as Making Home Affordable—Compliance (MHA-C) to evaluate servicer performance through reviews of program compliance. MHA-C tests and evaluates a range of servicer activities for compliance with MHA guidelines. Once MHA-C's reviews are complete, MHA-C shares its results with the servicers and identifies areas that need remediation. Each compliance activity tested falls into one of three overall compliance categories — Identifying and Contacting Homeowners, Homeowner Evaluation and Assistance, and Program Management, Reporting and Governance. The compliance results shared with the servicers are then used to generate the servicer assessments.

The assessments highlight particular compliance activities tested by MHA-C that had significant impact on homeowners and include for those highlighted activities a one-star, two-star, or three-star rating for the most recent evaluations. One star means the servicer did not meet Treasury's benchmark required for that particular activity, and the servicer needs substantial improvement in its performance of that activity. Two stars mean the servicer did not meet Treasury's benchmark required for that particular activity, and the servicer needs moderate improvement in its performance of that activity. Three stars mean the servicer met Treasury's benchmark required for that particular activity, but the servicer may nonetheless need minor improvement in its performance of that activity.

Although the compliance reviews emphasize objective measurements and observed facts, compliance reviews still involve a certain level of judgment. Compliance reviews are also retrospective in nature – looking backward, not forward, which means that activities identified as needing improvement in a given quarter may already be under remediation by the servicer. In addition, not every compliance activity is evaluated every quarter, which means that a rating from one quarter might carry forward to the subsequent quarter's assessment if that activity was not retested in that subsequent quarter. Finally, the compliance reviews use "sampling" as a testing methodology. Sampling, an industry-accepted auditing technique, looks at a subset of a particular population of activity transactions, rather than the entirety of the population of activity transactions, to extrapolate a servicer's overall performance in that particular activity.

In addition to the ratings for compliance data, the assessments also include

program results metrics. Fannie Mae, acting as Treasury's program administrator for MHA, collects servicer data used to measure program results. These metrics are key indicators of how timely and effectively servicers assist eligible homeowners under MHA guidelines and report program data. Although the servicers are not given an overall rating for this data, the results metrics nonetheless compare a servicer's performance for a given quarter against the "best" and "worst" performing servicer of the largest servicers participating in the program. The results metrics provide a snapshot of how each of those servicers compares in specific areas under MHA.

The Determination Process: Results of the Data

Treasury reviews the compliance data and ratings, the program results metrics, and other relevant factors affecting servicer performance (including, but not limited to, a servicer's progress in implementing previously identified improvements) in determining whether a servicer needs substantial improvement, moderate improvement, or minor improvement to its performance under MHA guidelines. The assessments summarize the significant factors impacting those decisions. Based on those assessments, Treasury may take remedial action against servicers. Page 21 summarizes the overall level of improvement needed for each servicer.

Consequences for Servicers

For servicers in need of substantial improvement, Treasury will, absent extenuating circumstances, withhold financial incentives owed to those servicers until they make certain identified improvements. In certain cases, particularly where there is a failure to correct identified problems within a reasonable time, Treasury may also permanently reduce the financial incentives. Servicers in need of moderate improvement may be subject to withholding in the future if they fail to make certain identified improvements. All withholdings apply only to incentives owed to servicers for their participation in MHA; these withholdings do not apply to incentives paid to servicers for the benefit of homeowners or investors.

Additional Information

See the "Metrics Description" on page 44 for a description of each of the compliance and results metrics presented in the assessments. For more information on the assessments, please visit: www.FinancialStability.gov.

Overview

2nd Quarter 2012 Servicer Assessment Results

The following table details the results of the Servicer Assessments, based on compliance and program results:

Improvement Needed	Servicer Name
Substantial	
Moderate	Bank of America, NA CitiMortgage, Inc. GMAC Mortgage, LLC Homeward Residential JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Wells Fargo Bank, NA
Minor	OneWest Bank Select Portfolio Servicing

For the second quarter of 2012, OneWest Bank and Select Portfolio Servicing were determined to need <u>minor improvement</u> in their performance under MHA guidelines.

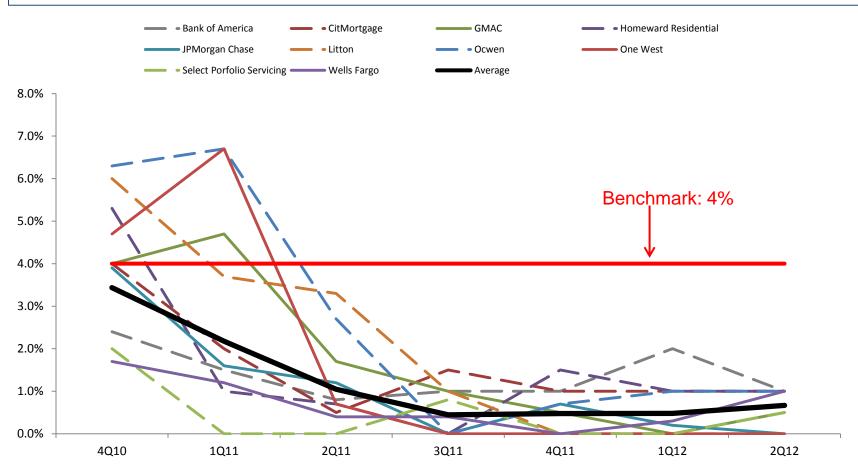
Bank of America, NA, CitiMortgage, Inc. and GMAC Mortgage, LLC, Homeward Residential, JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA, Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC, and Wells Fargo Bank, NA were determined to need **moderate improvement**.

Please refer to the following MHA Servicer Assessment pages for further detail on the Second Quarter 2012 servicer assessment results.

Overview

MHA Compliance Results, Loan File Review: Second Look % Disagree, 4th Quarter 2010¹-2nd Quarter 2012

Second Look % Disagree: Percentage of loans reviewed where MHA-C did not concur with the servicer's MHA determination. Treasury's benchmark is that the second look % disagree must be less than 4%. The first servicer assessment results published by Treasury covered the first quarter of 2011. The chart shows the change in performance from the guarter preceding the first published assessments (fourth quarter of 2010) through the most recent assessment.

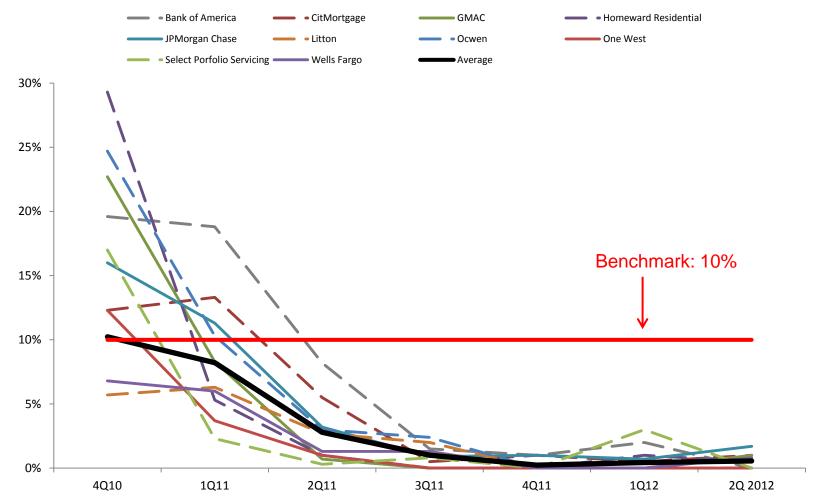


¹ The first servicer assessment covered the first guarter of 2011. The

Overview

MHA Compliance Results, Loan File Review: Second Look % Unable to Determine, 4th Quarter 2010-2nd Quarter 2012

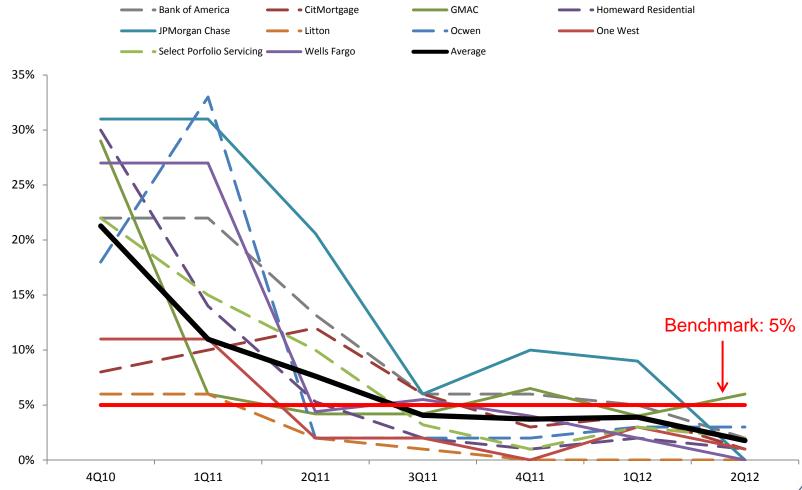
Second Look % Unable to Determine: Percentage of loans reviewed where MHA-C was not able to conclude on the servicer's MHA determination. Treasury's benchmark is that the second look % unable to determine must be less than 10%. The first servicer assessment results published by Treasury covered the first quarter of 2011. The chart shows the change in performance from the quarter preceding the first published assessments (fourth quarter of 2010) through the most recent assessment.



Overview

MHA Compliance Results, Loan File Review: Income Calculation Error %, 4th Quarter 2010-2nd Quarter 2012

<u>Income Calculation Error %</u>: Percentage of loans for which MHA-C's income calculation differs from the servicer's by more than 5%. Treasury's benchmark is that the income calculation error % must be less than 5%. Correctly calculating homeowner monthly income is a critical component of evaluating eligibility for MHA, as well as establishing an accurate modification payment. The first servicer assessment results published by Treasury covered the first quarter of 2011. The chart shows the change in performance from the quarter preceding the first published assessments (fourth quarter of 2010) through the most recent assessment.



Overview

MHA Compliance Results, Loan File Review: 4th Quarter 2010 – 2nd Quarter 2012

		Second Look % Disagree ¹																			
			Second L I	.ook % D	isagree¹ I				Second Look % Unable to Determine ²						Income Calculation Error Rate ³						
Servicer	Q4 2010	Q1 2011	Q2 2011	Q3 2011	Q4 2011	Q1 2012	Q2 2012	Q4 2010	Q1 2011	Q2 2011	Q3 2011	Q4 2011	Q1 2012	Q2 2012	Q4 2010	Q1 2011	Q2 2011	Q3 2011	Q4 2011	Q1 2012	Q2 2012
Bank of America, NA	2.4%	1.5%	0.8%	1.0%	1.0%	2.0%	1.0%	19.6%	18.8%	8.2%	1.5%	1.0%	1.0%	0.0%	22.0%	22.0%	13.2%	6.0%	6.0%	5.0%	2.0%
CitiMortgage, Inc.	4.0%	2.0%	0.5%	1.5%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	12.3%	13.3%	5.5%	0.5%	1.0%	0.5%	1.0%	8.0%	10.0%	12.0%	6.0%	3.0%	4.0%	1.0%
GMAC Mortgage, LLC	4.0%	4.7%	1.7%	1.0%	0.5%	0.0%	0.5%	22.7%	8.3%	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.0%	29.0%	6.0%	4.2%	4.2%	6.5%	4.0%	6.0%
Homeward Residential	5.3%	1.0%	0.7%	0.0%	1.5%	1.0%	1.0%	29.3%	5.3%	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.0%	0.5%	30.0%	14.0%	5.3%	2.0%	1.0%	2.0%	1.0%
JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA	3.9%	1.6%	1.2%	0.0%	0.7%	0.2%	0.0%	16.0%	11.3%	3.2%	0.9%	1.0%	0.7%	1.7%	31.0%	31.0%	20.6%	6.0%	10.0%	9.0%	0.0%
Litton Loan Servicing, LP ⁴	6.0%	3.7%	3.3%	1.0%	N/A	N/A	N/A	5.7%	6.3%	2.7%	2.0%	N/A	N/A	N/A	6.0%	6.0%	2.0%	1.0%	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC	6.3%	6.7%	2.7%	0.0%	0.7%	1.0%	1.0%	24.7%	10.3%	3.0%	2.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	18.0%	33.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	3.0%	3.0%
OneWest Bank	4.7%	6.7%	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	12.3%	3.7%	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	11.0%	11.0%	2.0%	2.0%	0.0%	3.0%	1.0%
Select Portfolio Servicing	2.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.5%	17.0%	2.3%	0.3%	0.8%	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%	22.0%	15.0%	10.0%	3.2%	1.0%	3.0%	2.0%
Wells Fargo Bank, NA ⁸	1.7%	1.2%	0.4%	0.4%	0.0%	0.3%	1.0%	6.8%	6.0%	1.3%	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.8%	27.0%	27.0%	4.4%	5.5%	4.0%	2.0%	0.0%

¹ Second Look % Disagree: Percentage of loans reviewed where MHA-C did not concur with the servicer's MHA determination.

² Second Look % Unable to Determine: Percentage of loans reviewed where MHA-C was not able to conclude on the servicer's MHA determination.

³ Income Calculation Error %: Percentage of loans for which MHA-C's income calculation differs from the servicer's by more than 5%. Correctly calculating homeowner monthly income is a critical component of evaluating eligibility for MHA, as well as establishing an accurate modification payment.

⁴ Effective November 1, 2011 Litton Loan Servicing, LP transferred its loan portfolio to Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC.

MHA Servicer Assessment: Bank of America, NA

Compliance Results

Overview

- * These metrics reflect the results of compliance reviews of the servicer's adherence to MHA Program Requirements.
- Quantitative results reflect percentages of tests that did not have a desired outcome.
- Servicers are rated qualitatively on the effectiveness of their internal control in the three Performance Categories as well as for each quantitative result.

Second Quarter 2012

	Performance Category	Metric	Benchmark	Servicer Result	Rating
1	Identifying and Contacting Homeowners Assesses whether the servicer identifies and communicates appropriately with potentially eligible MHA homeowners.	 Second Look % Disagree Percentage of loans reviewed where MHA-C did not concur with the servicer's MHA determination 	< 4%	1.0%	***
		 Second Look % Unable to Determine Percentage of loans reviewed where MHA-C was not able to conclude on the servicer's MHA determination 	< 10%	0.0%	***
		 Internal Controls for Identifying and Contacting Homeowners MHA-C assesses whether servicer business processes are conducted effectively and in accordance with MHA guidelines 	***	-	**
2	Homeowner Evaluation and Assistance Assesses whether servicer correctly evaluates homeowners' eligibility for MHA programs, communicates decisions in a timely manner, and accurately executes appropriate MHA	Income Calculation Error % Percentage of loans for which MHA-C's income calculation differs from the servicer's by more than 5%	< 5%	2.0%	***
	activities.	 Internal Controls for Homeowner Evaluation and Assistance MHA-C assesses whether servicer business processes are conducted effectively and in accordance with MHA guidelines 	***	-	**
3	Program Management, Reporting, and Governance Assesses whether the servicer has effective program management, governance processes, and timely and correct submission of program reports and program information	 Incentive Payment Data Errors Average percentage of difference in calculated incentives resulting from data discrepancies between servicer files and the MHA system of record 	< 5%	0.1%	***
	submission of program reports and program information.	 Internal Controls for Program Management, Reporting, and Governance MHA-C assesses whether servicer business processes are conducted effectively and in accordance with MHA guidelines 	***	-	***

	Rating Legend		
*	* Did not meet benchmark; substantial improvement needed		
**	Did not meet benchmark; moderate improvement needed		
***	*** Met benchmark; minor improvement may be indicated		

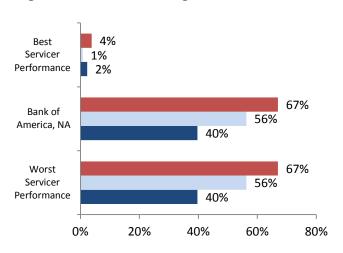
Q2 Results

- **America, NA** has areas requiring **moderate** improvement.
- ❖ After considering all relevant factors, Bank of America, NA servicer incentives will not be withheld at this time.

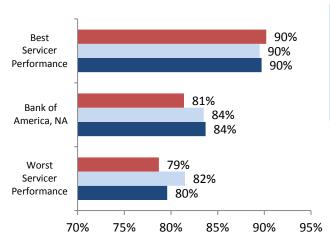
MHA Servicer Assessment: Bank of America, NA

Program Results

Aged Trials as a Percentage of Active Trials

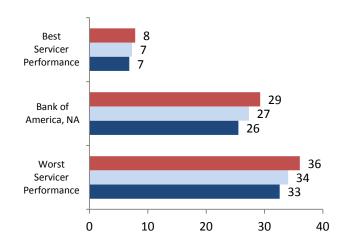


Conversion Rate for Trials Started On or After 6/1/2010

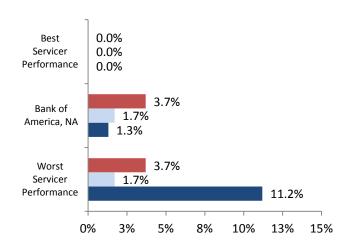




Average Calendar Days to Resolve Escalated Cases



Missing Modification Status Reports (%)



Note: The best and worst performance reflect the best and worst result of the largest servicers for the period. See appendix for descriptions of the metrics.



MHA Servicer Assessment: CitiMortgage, Inc.

Compliance Results

Overview

- * These metrics reflect the results of compliance reviews of the servicer's adherence to MHA Program Requirements.
- Quantitative results reflect percentages of tests that did not have a desired outcome.
- Servicers are rated qualitatively on the effectiveness of their internal control in the three Performance Categories as well as for each quantitative result.

Second Quarter 2012

	Performance Category	Metric	Benchmark	Servicer Result	Rating
1	Identifying and Contacting Homeowners Assesses whether the servicer identifies and communicates appropriately with potentially eligible MHA homeowners.	 Second Look % Disagree Percentage of loans reviewed where MHA-C did not concur with the servicer's MHA determination 	< 4%	1.0%	***
		 Second Look % Unable to Determine Percentage of loans reviewed where MHA-C was not able to conclude on the servicer's MHA determination 	< 10%	1.0%	***
		 Internal Controls for Identifying and Contacting Homeowners MHA-C assesses whether servicer business processes are conducted effectively and in accordance with MHA guidelines 	***	-	***
2	Homeowner Evaluation and Assistance Assesses whether servicer correctly evaluates homeowners' eligibility for MHA programs, communicates decisions in a timely manner, and accurately executes appropriate MHA	Income Calculation Error % Percentage of loans for which MHA-C's income calculation differs from the servicer's by more than 5%	< 5%	1.0%	***
	activities.	 Internal Controls for Homeowner Evaluation and Assistance MHA-C assesses whether servicer business processes are conducted effectively and in accordance with MHA guidelines 	***	-	*
3	Program Management, Reporting, and Governance Assesses whether the servicer has effective program management, governance processes, and timely and correct submission of program reports and program information	 Incentive Payment Data Errors Average percentage of difference in calculated incentives resulting from data discrepancies between servicer files and the MHA system of record 	< 5%	1.3%	***
	submission of program reports and program information.	 Internal Controls for Program Management, Reporting, and Governance MHA-C assesses whether servicer business processes are conducted effectively and in accordance with MHA guidelines 	***	-	**

	Rating Legend		
*	* Did not meet benchmark; substantial improvement needed		
**	Did not meet benchmark; moderate improvement needed		
***	*** Met benchmark; minor improvement may be indicated		

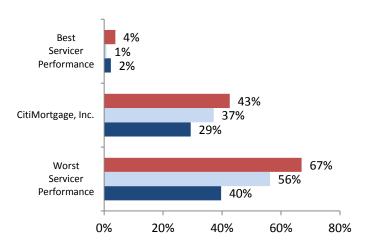
Q2 Results

- **CitiMortgage, Inc.** has areas requiring **moderate** improvement.
- ❖ After considering all relevant factors, CitiMortgage, Inc. servicer incentives will not be withheld at this time.

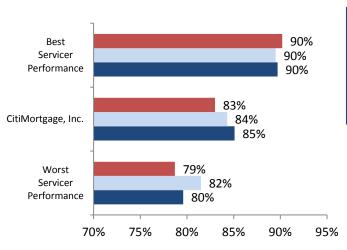
MHA Servicer Assessment: CitiMortgage, Inc.

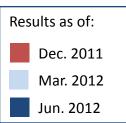
Program Results

Aged Trials as a Percentage of Active Trials

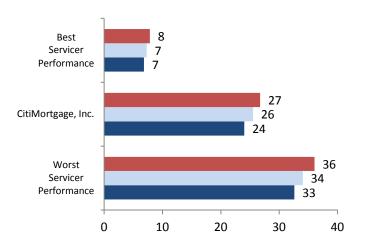


Conversion Rate for Trials Started On or After 6/1/2010

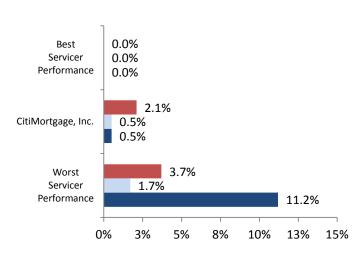




Average Calendar Days to Resolve Escalated Cases



Missing Modification Status Reports (%)



Note: The best and worst performance reflect the best and worst result of the largest servicers for the period. See appendix for descriptions of the metrics.

MHA Servicer Assessment: GMAC Mortgage, LLC

Compliance Results

Overview

- * These metrics reflect the results of compliance reviews of the servicer's adherence to MHA Program Requirements.
- Quantitative results reflect percentages of tests that did not have a desired outcome.
- Servicers are rated qualitatively on the effectiveness of their internal control in the three Performance Categories as well as for each quantitative result.

Second Quarter 2012

	Performance Category	Metric	Benchmark	Servicer Result	Rating
0	Identifying and Contacting Homeowners Assesses whether the servicer identifies and communicates appropriately with potentially eligible MHA homeowners.	 Second Look % Disagree Percentage of loans reviewed where MHA-C did not concur with the servicer's MHA determination 	< 4%	0.5%	***
		 Second Look % Unable to Determine Percentage of loans reviewed where MHA-C was not able to conclude on the servicer's MHA determination 	< 10%	1.0%	***
		 Internal Controls for Identifying and Contacting Homeowners MHA-C assesses whether servicer business processes are conducted effectively and in accordance with MHA guidelines 	***	-	***
2	Homeowner Evaluation and Assistance Assesses whether servicer correctly evaluates homeowners' eligibility for MHA programs, communicates decisions in a timely manner, and accurately executes appropriate MHA	Income Calculation Error % Percentage of loans for which MHA-C's income calculation differs from the servicer's by more than 5%	< 5%	6.0%	**
	activities.	 Internal Controls for Homeowner Evaluation and Assistance MHA-C assesses whether servicer business processes are conducted effectively and in accordance with MHA guidelines 	***	-	***
3	Program Management, Reporting, and Governance Assesses whether the servicer has effective program management, governance processes, and timely and correct submission of program reports and program information.	 Incentive Payment Data Errors Average percentage of difference in calculated incentives resulting from data discrepancies between servicer files and the MHA system of record 	< 5%	1.4%	***
	sasmission of program reports and program midmatum.	 Internal Controls for Program Management, Reporting, and Governance MHA-C assesses whether servicer business processes are conducted effectively and in accordance with MHA guidelines 	***	-	**

	Rating Legend			
*	* Did not meet benchmark; substantial improvement needed			
**	Did not meet benchmark; moderate improvement needed			
***	Met benchmark; minor improvement may be indicated			

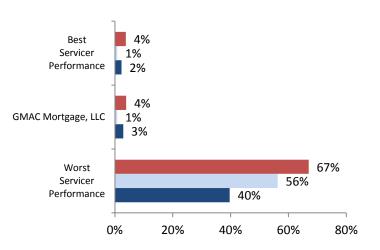
Q2 Results

- **GMAC Mortgage, LLC** has areas requiring **moderate** improvement.
- ❖ After considering all relevant factors, GMAC Mortgage, LLC servicer incentives will not be withheld at this time.

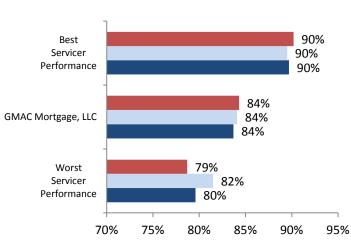
MHA Servicer Assessment: GMAC Mortgage, LLC

Program Results

Aged Trials as a Percentage of Active Trials



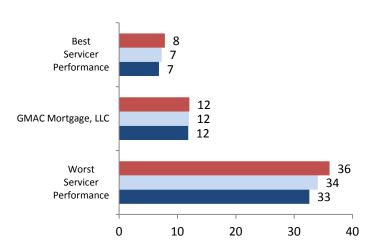
Conversion Rate for Trials Started On or After 6/1/2010

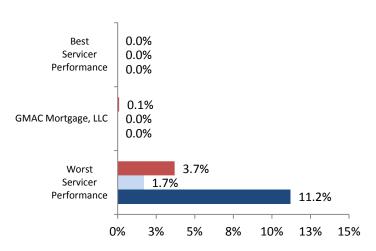




Average Calendar Days to Resolve Escalated Cases

Missing Modification Status Reports (%)





Note: The best and worst performance reflect the best and worst result of the largest servicers for the period. See appendix for descriptions of the metrics.

MHA Servicer Assessment: Homeward Residential

Compliance Results

Overview

- * These metrics reflect the results of compliance reviews of the servicer's adherence to MHA Program Requirements.
- Quantitative results reflect percentages of tests that did not have a desired outcome.
- Servicers are rated qualitatively on the effectiveness of their internal control in the three Performance Categories as well as for each quantitative result.

Second Quarter 2012

	Performance Category	Metric	Benchmark	Servicer Result	Rating
0	Identifying and Contacting Homeowners Assesses whether the servicer identifies and communicates appropriately with potentially eligible MHA homeowners.	 Second Look % Disagree Percentage of loans reviewed where MHA-C did not concur with the servicer's MHA determination 	< 4%	1.0%	***
		 Second Look % Unable to Determine Percentage of loans reviewed where MHA-C was not able to conclude on the servicer's MHA determination 	< 10%	0.5%	***
		 Internal Controls for Identifying and Contacting Homeowners MHA-C assesses whether servicer business processes are conducted effectively and in accordance with MHA guidelines 	***	-	***
2	Homeowner Evaluation and Assistance Assesses whether servicer correctly evaluates homeowners' eligibility for MHA programs, communicates decisions in a timely manner, and accurately executes appropriate MHA	 Income Calculation Error % Percentage of loans for which MHA-C's income calculation differs from the servicer's by more than 5% 	< 5%	1.0%	***
	activities.	 Internal Controls for Homeowner Evaluation and Assistance MHA-C assesses whether servicer business processes are conducted effectively and in accordance with MHA guidelines 	***	-	**
3	Program Management, Reporting, and Governance Assesses whether the servicer has effective program management, governance processes, and timely and correct submission of program reports and program information.	 Incentive Payment Data Errors Average percentage of difference in calculated incentives resulting from data discrepancies between servicer files and the MHA system of record 	< 5%	5.0%	**
	sasmission of program reports and program morniauon.	 Internal Controls for Program Management, Reporting, and Governance MHA-C assesses whether servicer business processes are conducted effectively and in accordance with MHA guidelines 	***	-	***

	Rating Legend			
*	* Did not meet benchmark; substantial improvement needed			
**	Did not meet benchmark; moderate improvement needed			
***	Met benchmark; minor improvement may be indicated			

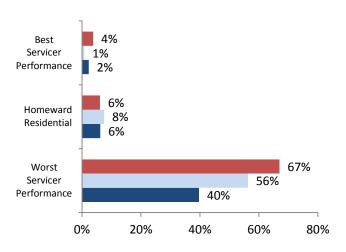
Q2 Results

- **+** Homeward Residential has areas requiring moderate improvement.
- ❖ After considering all relevant factors, Homeward Residential servicer incentives will not be withheld at this time.

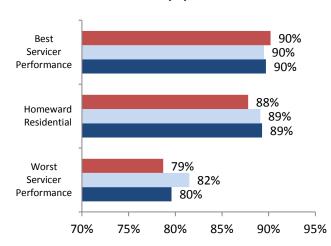
MHA Servicer Assessment: Homeward Residential

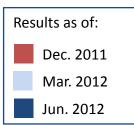
Program Results

Aged Trials as a Percentage of Active Trials

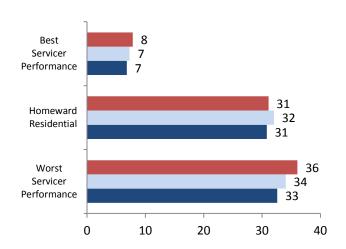


Conversion Rate for Trials Started On or After 6/1/2010

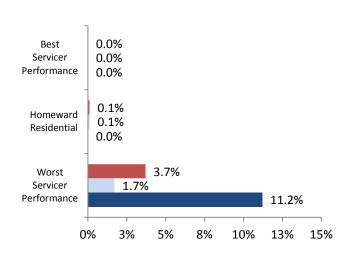




Average Calendar Days to Resolve Escalated Cases



Missing Modification Status Reports (%)



Note: The best and worst performance reflect the best and worst result of the largest servicers for the period. See appendix for descriptions of the metrics.



MHA Servicer Assessment: JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA

Compliance Results

Overview

- * These metrics reflect the results of compliance reviews of the servicer's adherence to MHA Program Requirements.
- * Quantitative results reflect percentages of tests that did not have a desired outcome.
- * Servicers are rated qualitatively on the effectiveness of their internal control in the three Performance Categories as well as for each quantitative result.

Second Quarter 2012

	Performance Category	Metric	Benchmark	Servicer Result	Rating
0	Identifying and Contacting Homeowners Assesses whether the servicer identifies and communicates appropriately with potentially eligible MHA homeowners.	 Second Look % Disagree Percentage of loans reviewed where MHA-C did not concur with the servicer's MHA determination 	< 4%	0.0%	***
		 Second Look % Unable to Determine Percentage of loans reviewed where MHA-C was not able to conclude on the servicer's MHA determination 	< 10%	1.7%	***
		 Internal Controls for Identifying and Contacting Homeowners MHA-C assesses whether servicer business processes are conducted effectively and in accordance with MHA guidelines 	***	-	***
2	Assesses whether servicer correctly evaluates homeowners' eligibility for MHA programs, communicates decisions in a timely manner, and accurately executes appropriate MHA activities.	 Income Calculation Error % Percentage of loans for which MHA-C's income calculation differs from the servicer's by more than 5% 	< 5%	0.0%	***
		 Internal Controls for Homeowner Evaluation and Assistance MHA-C assesses whether servicer business processes are conducted effectively and in accordance with MHA guidelines 	***	-	***
3	Program Management, Reporting, and Governance Assesses whether the servicer has effective program management, governance processes, and timely and correct submission of program reports and program information.	 Incentive Payment Data Errors Average percentage of difference in calculated incentives resulting from data discrepancies between servicer files and the MHA system of record 	< 5%	0.6%	*** ***
	Submission of program reports and program monitotion.	Internal Controls for Program Management, Reporting, and Governance MHA-C assesses whether servicer business processes are conducted effectively and in accordance with MHA guidelines	***	-	**

	Rating Legend		
*	* Did not meet benchmark; substantial improvement needed		
**	Did not meet benchmark; moderate improvement needed		
***	*** Met benchmark; minor improvement may be indicated		

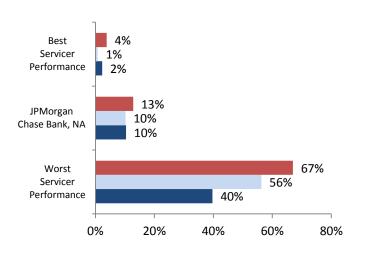
Q2 Results

- JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA has areas requiring moderate improvement.
- ❖ After considering all relevant factors, JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA servicer incentives will not be withheld at this time.

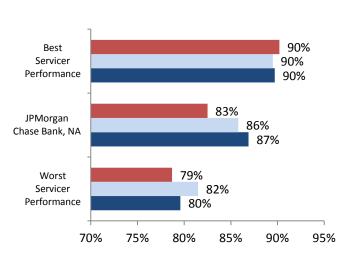
MHA Servicer Assessment: JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA

Program Results

Aged Trials as a Percentage of Active Trials

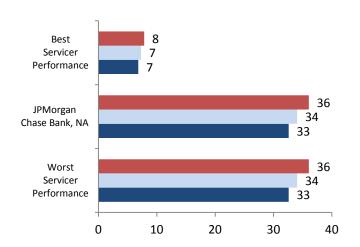


Conversion Rate for Trials Started On or After 6/1/2010

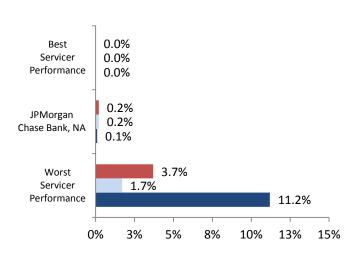




Average Calendar Days to Resolve Escalated Cases



Missing Modification Status Reports (%)



Note: The best and worst performance reflect the best and worst result of the largest servicers for the period. See appendix for descriptions of the metrics.



MHA Servicer Assessment: Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC

Compliance Results

Overview

- * These metrics reflect the results of compliance reviews of the servicer's adherence to MHA Program Requirements.
- Quantitative results reflect percentages of tests that did not have a desired outcome.
- Servicers are rated qualitatively on the effectiveness of their internal control in the three Performance Categories as well as for each quantitative result.

Second Quarter 2012

	Performance Category	Metric	Benchmark	Servicer Result	Rating
1	Identifying and Contacting Homeowners Assesses whether the servicer identifies and communicates appropriately with potentially eligible MHA homeowners.	 Second Look % Disagree Percentage of loans reviewed where MHA-C did not concur with the servicer's MHA determination 	< 4%	1.0%	***
		 Second Look % Unable to Determine Percentage of loans reviewed where MHA-C was not able to conclude on the servicer's MHA determination 	< 10%	0.0%	***
		 Internal Controls for Identifying and Contacting Homeowners MHA-C assesses whether servicer business processes are conducted effectively and in accordance with MHA guidelines 	***	-	***
2	Homeowner Evaluation and Assistance Assesses whether servicer correctly evaluates homeowners' eligibility for MHA programs, communicates decisions in a timely manner, and accurately executes appropriate MHA	 Income Calculation Error % Percentage of loans for which MHA-C's income calculation differs from the servicer's by more than 5% 	< 5%	3.0%	***
	activities.	 Internal Controls for Homeowner Evaluation and Assistance MHA-C assesses whether servicer business processes are conducted effectively and in accordance with MHA guidelines 	***	-	**
3	Program Management, Reporting, and Governance Assesses whether the servicer has effective program management, governance processes, and timely and correct submission of program reports and program information	 Incentive Payment Data Errors Average percentage of difference in calculated incentives resulting from data discrepancies between servicer files and the MHA system of record 	< 5%	0.8%	***
	submission of program reports and program information.	 Internal Controls for Program Management, Reporting, and Governance MHA-C assesses whether servicer business processes are conducted effectively and in accordance with MHA guidelines 	***	-	**

	Rating Legend		
*	* Did not meet benchmark; substantial improvement needed		
**	Did not meet benchmark; moderate improvement needed		
***	Met benchmark; minor improvement may be indicated		

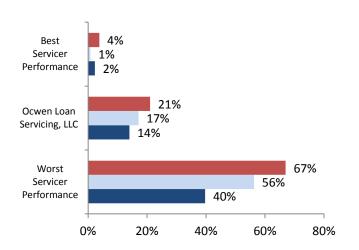
Q2 Results

- ❖ Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC has areas requiring moderate improvement.
- ❖ After considering all relevant factors, Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC servicer incentives will not be withheld at this time.

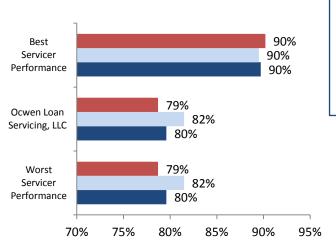
MHA Servicer Assessment: Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC¹

Program Results

Aged Trials as a Percentage of Active Trials

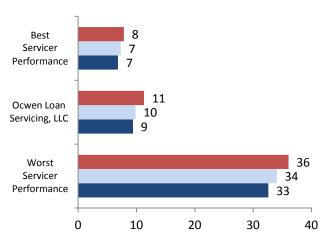


Conversion Rate for Trials Started On or After 6/1/2010

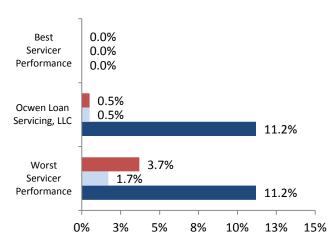




Average Calendar Days to Resolve Escalated Cases



Missing Modification Status Reports (%)



Note: The best and worst performance reflect the best and worst result of the largest servicers for the period. See appendix for descriptions of the metrics. ¹Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC received approximately 6,550 transferred loans resulting in an increase in the percent of missing modification status reports for the June 2012 reporting period. MAKING HOME AFFORDABLE

MHA Servicer Assessment: OneWest Bank

Compliance Results

Overview

- * These metrics reflect the results of compliance reviews of the servicer's adherence to MHA Program Requirements.
- Quantitative results reflect percentages of tests that did not have a desired outcome.
- * Servicers are rated qualitatively on the effectiveness of their internal control in the three Performance Categories as well as for each quantitative result.

Second Quarter 2012

	Performance Category	Metric	Benchmark	Servicer Result	Rating
0	Identifying and Contacting Homeowners Assesses whether the servicer identifies and communicates appropriately with potentially eligible MHA homeowners.	 Second Look % Disagree Percentage of loans reviewed where MHA-C did not concur with the servicer's MHA determination 	< 4%	0.0%	***
		 Second Look % Unable to Determine Percentage of loans reviewed where MHA-C was not able to conclude on the servicer's MHA determination 	< 10%	0.0%	***
		 Internal Controls for Identifying and Contacting Homeowners MHA-C assesses whether servicer business processes are conducted effectively and in accordance with MHA guidelines 	***	-	***
2	Homeowner Evaluation and Assistance Assesses whether servicer correctly evaluates homeowners' eligibility for MHA programs, communicates decisions in a timely manner, and accurately executes appropriate MHA	Income Calculation Error % Percentage of loans for which MHA-C's income calculation differs from the servicer's by more than 5%	< 5%	1.0%	***
	activities.	 Internal Controls for Homeowner Evaluation and Assistance MHA-C assesses whether servicer business processes are conducted effectively and in accordance with MHA guidelines 	***	-	***
3	Program Management, Reporting, and Governance Assesses whether the servicer has effective program management, governance processes, and timely and correct submission of program reports and program information.	 Incentive Payment Data Errors Average percentage of difference in calculated incentives resulting from data discrepancies between servicer files and the MHA system of record 	< 5%	0.1%	***
		 Internal Controls for Program Management, Reporting, and Governance MHA-C assesses whether servicer business processes are conducted effectively and in accordance with MHA guidelines 	***	-	***

Rating Legend		
*	* Did not meet benchmark; substantial improvement needed	
**	** Did not meet benchmark; moderate improvement needed	
*** Met benchmark; minor improvement may be indicated		

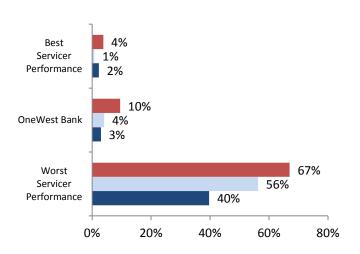
Q2 Results

❖ OneWest Bank has areas requiring minor improvement.

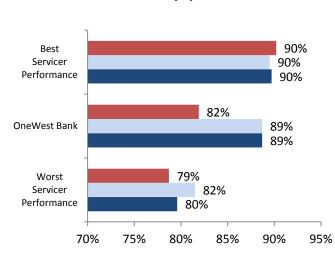
MHA Servicer Assessment: OneWest Bank

Program Results

Aged Trials as a Percentage of Active Trials

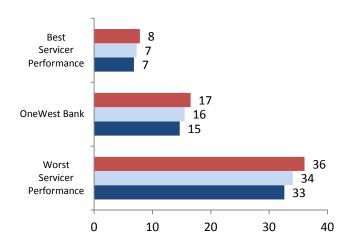


Conversion Rate for Trials Started On or After 6/1/2010

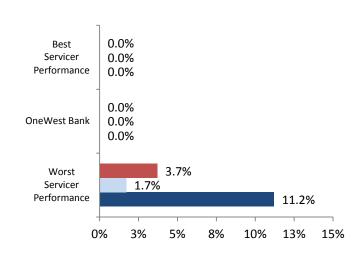




Average Calendar Days to Resolve Escalated Cases



Missing Modification Status Reports (%)



Note: The best and worst performance reflect the best and worst result of the largest servicers for the period. See appendix for descriptions of the metrics.



MHA Servicer Assessment: Select Portfolio Servicing

Compliance Results

Overview

- * These metrics reflect the results of compliance reviews of the servicer's adherence to MHA Program Requirements.
- Quantitative results reflect percentages of tests that did not have a desired outcome.
- Servicers are rated qualitatively on the effectiveness of their internal control in the three Performance Categories as well as for each quantitative result.

Second Quarter 2012

	Performance Category	Metric	Benchmark	Servicer Result	Rating
1	Identifying and Contacting Homeowners Assesses whether the servicer identifies and communicates appropriately with potentially eligible MHA homeowners.	 Second Look % Disagree Percentage of loans reviewed where MHA-C did not concur with the servicer's MHA determination 	< 4%	0.5%	***
		 Second Look % Unable to Determine Percentage of loans reviewed where MHA-C was not able to conclude on the servicer's MHA determination 	< 10%	0.0%	***
		 Internal Controls for Identifying and Contacting Homeowners MHA-C assesses whether servicer business processes are conducted effectively and in accordance with MHA guidelines 	***	-	***
2	Homeowner Evaluation and Assistance Assesses whether servicer correctly evaluates homeowners' eligibility for MHA programs, communicates decisions in a timely manner, and accurately executes appropriate MHA activities.	 Income Calculation Error % Percentage of loans for which MHA-C's income calculation differs from the servicer's by more than 5% 	< 5%	2.0%	***
		 Internal Controls for Homeowner Evaluation and Assistance MHA-C assesses whether servicer business processes are conducted effectively and in accordance with MHA guidelines 	***	-	***
3	Program Management, Reporting, and Governance Assesses whether the servicer has effective program management, governance processes, and timely and correct submission of program reports and program information.	 Incentive Payment Data Errors Average percentage of difference in calculated incentives resulting from data discrepancies between servicer files and the MHA system of record 	< 5%	0.9%	***
		 Internal Controls for Program Management, Reporting, and Governance MHA-C assesses whether servicer business processes are conducted effectively and in accordance with MHA guidelines 	***	-	***

Rating Legend		
*	* Did not meet benchmark; substantial improvement needed	
**	** Did not meet benchmark; moderate improvement needed	
***	Met benchmark; minor improvement may be indicated	

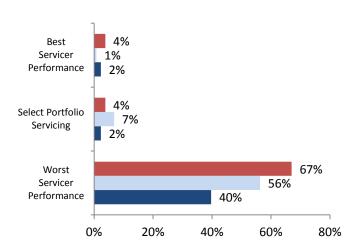
Q2 Results

Select Portfolio Servicing has areas requiring **minor** improvement.

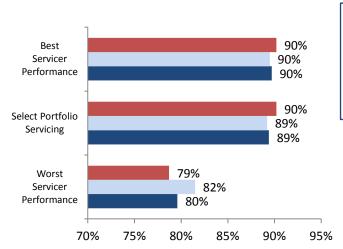
MHA Servicer Assessment: Select Portfolio Servicing

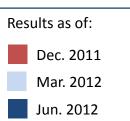
Program Results

Aged Trials as a Percentage of Active Trials

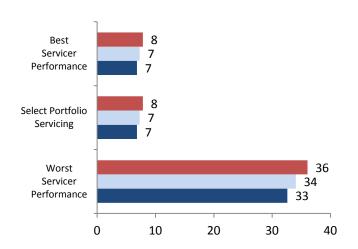


Conversion Rate for Trials Started On or After 6/1/2010

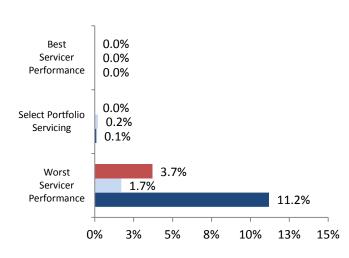




Average Calendar Days to Resolve Escalated Cases



Missing Modification Status Reports (%)



Note: The best and worst performance reflect the best and worst result of the largest servicers for the period. See appendix for descriptions of the metrics.

MHA Servicer Assessment: Wells Fargo Bank, NA

Compliance Results

Overview

- * These metrics reflect the results of compliance reviews of the servicer's adherence to MHA Program Requirements.
- Quantitative results reflect percentages of tests that did not have a desired outcome.
- Servicers are rated qualitatively on the effectiveness of their internal control in the three Performance Categories as well as for each quantitative result.

Second Quarter 2012

	Performance Category	Metric	Benchmark	Servicer Result	Rating
1	Identifying and Contacting Homeowners Assesses whether the servicer identifies and communicates appropriately with potentially eligible MHA homeowners.	 Second Look % Disagree Percentage of loans reviewed where MHA-C did not concur with the servicer's MHA determination 	< 4%	1.0%	***
		 Second Look % Unable to Determine Percentage of loans reviewed where MHA-C was not able to conclude on the servicer's MHA determination 	< 10%	0.8%	***
		 Internal Controls for Identifying and Contacting Homeowners MHA-C assesses whether servicer business processes are conducted effectively and in accordance with MHA guidelines 	***	-	***
2	Homeowner Evaluation and Assistance Assesses whether servicer correctly evaluates homeowners' eligibility for MHA programs, communicates decisions in a timely manner, and accurately executes appropriate MHA	 Income Calculation Error % Percentage of loans for which MHA-C's income calculation differs from the servicer's by more than 5% 	< 5%	0.0%	***
	activities.	 Internal Controls for Homeowner Evaluation and Assistance MHA-C assesses whether servicer business processes are conducted effectively and in accordance with MHA guidelines 	***	-	**
3	Program Management, Reporting, and Governance Assesses whether the servicer has effective program management, governance processes, and timely and correct submission of program reports and program information.	 Incentive Payment Data Errors Average percentage of difference in calculated incentives resulting from data discrepancies between servicer files and the MHA system of record 	< 5%	2.2%	***
		 Internal Controls for Program Management, Reporting, and Governance MHA-C assesses whether servicer business processes are conducted effectively and in accordance with MHA guidelines 	***	-	**

Rating Legend		
*	* Did not meet benchmark; substantial improvement needed	
**	** Did not meet benchmark; moderate improvement needed	
***	Met benchmark; minor improvement may be indicated	

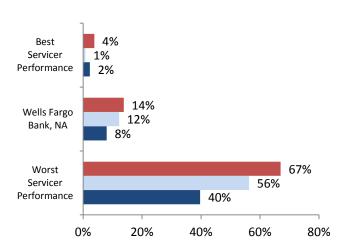
Q2 Results

- ❖ Wells Fargo Bank, NA has areas requiring moderate improvement.
- ❖ After considering all relevant factors, Wells Fargo Bank, NA servicer incentives will not be withheld at this time.

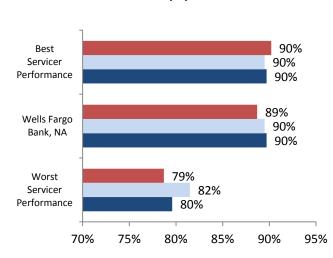
MHA Servicer Assessment: Wells Fargo Bank, NA

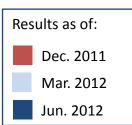
Program Results

Aged Trials as a Percentage of Active Trials

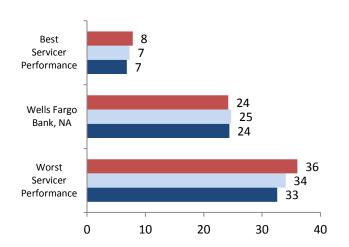


Conversion Rate for Trials Started On or After 6/1/2010

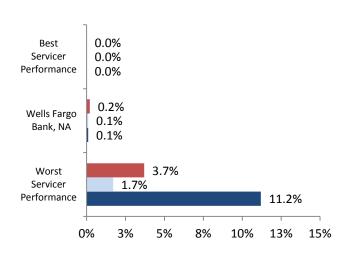




Average Calendar Days to Resolve Escalated Cases



Missing Modification Status Reports (%)



Note: The best and worst performance reflect the best and worst result of the largest servicers for the period. See appendix for descriptions of the metrics.

Appendix

Metrics Descriptions

Compliance Metrics (quantitative)

Second Look % Disagree: Second Look is a process in which MHA-C reviews loans not in a permanent modification, to assess the accuracy of the servicer's determination of whether the homeowner is eligible for a modification. This metric measures the percentage of loans reviewed in Second Look with which MHA-C disagrees with a servicer's determination.

Second Look % Unable to Determine: This metric measures the percentage of loans reviewed in Second Look for which MHA-C is not able to determine, based on the documentation provided, how the servicer reached its loan-modification decision.

For both Second Look Disagree and Unable to Determine results, remedial actions Treasury requires servicers to take include, but are not limited to: reevaluating loans not offered HAMP modifications, submitting additional documentation to support the initial reason for denial of the modification, clarifying loan status, and engaging in systemic process remediation. For such results, servicers are also reminded of their obligation to suspend foreclosure of the loan until the unresolved items are remediated.

Income Calculation Errors: Correctly calculating homeowner monthly income is a critical component of evaluating eligibility for MHA, as well as establishing an accurate modification payment. This metric measures how often MHA-C disagrees with a servicer's calculation of a borrower's Monthly Gross Income, allowing for up to a 5% differential from MHA-C's calculations. For Income Calculation Error results, remedial actions Treasury requires servicers to take include, but are not limited to: correcting income errors exceeding the 5% differential, requiring the servicer to review their own income calculation accuracy, enhancing policies and procedures, and

conducting staff training on income calculation.

<u>Incentive Payment Data Errors:</u> Treasury pays incentives to servicers, investors, and homeowners for permanent modifications completed under MHA. Although intended for different recipients, all incentives are paid through the servicer. Data that servicers upload to the program system of record is used to calculate the incentives paid to servicers, investors, and homeowners. This metric measures how data anomalies between servicer loan files and the reported information affect incentive payments. For Incentive Payment Data Error results, remedial actions Treasury requires servicers to take include, but are not limited to: correcting the identified errors and correcting system and operational processes such that accurate data is mapped to its appropriate places Days to Resolve Escalated Cases: This cumulative in the program system of record.

Compliance Metrics (qualitative)

Servicers establish processes and internal controls to help ensure their compliance with Program guidance. For each of the performance categories, Treasury performs a qualitative assessment of those internal controls based on MHA-C's compliance reviews. That assessment evaluates the nature, scope, and potential or actual impact on homeowners resulting from instances of servicer non-compliance with its own internal controls. For ineffective internal controls, remedial actions Treasury requires servicers to take include, but are not limited to: identifying and reevaluating any affected loans, enhancing the effectiveness of internal controls, and conducting staff training on servicer procedures.

Program Metrics

Conversion Rate: This cumulative metric looks at the rate of conversion to permanent modification for trials started on or after June 1, 2010, when all servicers were required to verify income documentation at trial start. Conversion rate is

measured against all trials eligible to convert - those three months in trial, or four months if the borrower was at risk of imminent default at trial modification start. Permanent modifications transferred among servicers are credited to the originating servicer; trial modifications transferred are reflected in the current servicer's population.

Aged Trials as % of Active Trials: This monthly metric measures trials lasting six months or longer as a share of all active trials. These figures include trial modifications that have been converted to permanent modifications by the servicer and are pending reporting to the program system of record, plus some portion which may be canceled.

metric measures servicer response time for homeowner inquiries escalated to MHA Support Centers. Effective Feb. 1, 2011, a target of 30 calendar days was established for non-GSE escalation cases, including an estimated 5 days processing by the MHA Support Centers. The methodology for calculating average days to respond to escalated cases was updated to only include non-GSE cases escalated on or after 2/1/2011. The figures exclude investor denial cases escalated prior to 11/1/2011. Cases involving bankruptcy and those that did not require servicer actions are not included in the calculation of servicer time to resolve escalations.

% of Missing Modification Status Reports: This monthly metric measures the servicer's ability to promptly report on modification status. Inconsistent and untimely reporting of modification status reports may impact incentive compensation and loan performance analysis.

For more information on the assessments, please visit: www.FinancialStability.gov.

Making Home Affordable

Program Performance Report Through July 2012

Appendix A1: Non-GSE Participants in HAMP

Servicers participating in the HAMP First Lien Modification Program may also offer additional support for homeowners, including Home Affordable Foreclosure Alternatives (HAFA), a forbearance for unemployed borrowers through the Unemployment Program (UP), and Principal Reduction Alternative (PRA).

Effective October 3, 2010, the ability to make new financial commitments under the Troubled Asset Relief Program (TARP) terminated, and consequently no new Servicer Participation Agreements may be executed. In addition, effective June 25, 2010, no new housing programs may be created under TARP.

Allstate Mortgage Loans & Investments, Inc.
AMS Servicing, LLC
Aurora Loan Services, LLC
Bank of America, NA¹

Bayview Loan Servicing, LLC Carrington Mortgage Services, LLC

CCO Mortgage

Bank United

Central Florida Educators Federal

Credit Union CitiMortgage, Inc.

Citizens 1st National Bank

Community Bank & Trust Company Community Credit Union of Florida

CUC Mortgage Corporation DuPage Credit Union

Fay Servicing, LLC

Fidelity Homestead Savings Bank

First Bank

First Financial Bank, NA Franklin Credit Management

Corporation
Franklin Savings

Glass City Federal Credit Union

GMAC Mortgage, LLC Great Lakes Credit Union

Greater Nevada Mortgage Services

Green Tree Servicing LLC Hartford Savings Bank

Hillsdale County National Bank

HomEq Servicing

Homeward Residential²

Horicon Bank Horizon Bank, NA

IBM Southeast Employees' Federal

Credit Union

IC Federal Credit Union

Idaho Housing and Finance Association

iServe Residential Lending LLC

iServe Servicing Inc.

JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA³ Lake City Bank

Lake National Bank
Liberty Bank and Trust Co.

Los Alamos National Bank

Magna Bank

Marix Servicing, LLC

Midland Mortgage Company Midwest Community Bank Mission Federal Credit Union

Mortgage Center, LLC
Nationstar Mortgage LLC
Navy Federal Credit Union
Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC⁴

OneWest Bank

ORNL Federal Credit Union Park View Federal Savings Bank

Pathfinder Bank

PennyMac Loan Services, LLC PNC Bank, National Association

PNC Mortgage⁵

Purdue Employees Federal Credit

Union

QLending, Inc.

Quantum Servicing Corporation Residential Credit Solutions RG Mortgage Corporation RoundPoint Mortgage Servicing

Corporation

Saxon Mortgage Services, Inc. Schools Financial Credit Union

Select Portfolio Servicing Servis One Inc., dba BSI Financial

Services, Inc.

ShoreBank

Silver State Schools Credit Union Specialized Loan Servicing, LLC

Sterling Savings Bank

Suburban Mortgage Company of New

Mexico

Technology Credit Union
The Golden 1 Credit Union
U.S. Bank National Association

United Bank

United Bank Mortgage Corporation

Vantium Capital, Inc. Vist Financial Corp.

Wealthbridge Mortgage Corp.

Wells Fargo Bank, NA⁶ Yadkin Valley Bank



¹ Bank of America, NA includes all loans previously reported under BAC Home Loans Servicing

LP, Home Loan Services and Wilshire Credit Corporation.

Formerly American Home Mortgage Servicing, Inc.
 JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA includes all loans previously reported under EMC Mortgage Corporation.

⁴ Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC includes Litton Loan Servicing LP.

⁵ Formerly National City Bank.

⁶ Wells Fargo Bank, NA includes all loans previously reported under Wachovia Mortgage, FSB.

Making Home Affordable

Program Performance Report Through July 2012

Appendix A2: Participants in Additional Making Home Affordable Programs

Second Lien Modification Program (2MP)

Bank of America, NA¹

Bayview Loan Servicing, LLC

CitiMortgage, Inc.

Community Credit Union of Florida

GMAC Mortgage, LLC

Green Tree Servicing LLC

iServe Residential Lending, LLC

iServe Servicing, Inc.

JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA²

Nationstar Mortgage LLC

OneWest Bank

PennyMac Loan Services, LLC

PNC Bank, National Association

PNC Mortgage 3

Residential Credit Solutions

Servis One Inc., dba BSI Financial Services, Inc.

Wells Fargo Bank, NA 4

FHA First Lien Program (Treasury FHA-HAMP)

Amarillo National Bank

American Financial Resources Inc.

Aurora Financial Group, Inc.

Aurora Loan Services, LLC

Banco Popular de Puerto Rico

Bank of America, NA1

Capital International Financial, Inc.

CitiMortgage, Inc.

CU Mortgage Services, Inc.

First Federal Bank of Florida

First Mortgage Corporation

Franklin Savings

Gateway Mortgage Group, LLC

GMAC Mortgage, LLC.

Green Tree Servicing LLC

Guaranty Bank

iServe Residential Lending, LLC

iServe Servicing, Inc.

James B. Nutter & Company

JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA²

M&T Bank

Marix Servicing, LLC

Marsh Associates, Inc.

Midland Mortgage Company

Nationstar Mortgage LLC

Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC

PennyMac Loan Services, LLC

PNC Mortgage ³

RBC Bank (USA)

Residential Credit Solutions

Saxon Mortgage Services, Inc. Schmidt Mortgage Company

Select Portfolio Servicing

Servis One Inc., dba BSI Financial Services, Inc.

Stockman Bank of Montana

Wells Fargo Bank, NA 4

Weststar Mortgage, Inc.

FHA Second Lien Program (FHA 2LP)

Bank of America, NA1

Bayview Loan Servicing, LLC

CitiMortgage, Inc.

Flagstar Capital Markets Corporation

GMAC Mortgage, LLC.

Green Tree Servicing LLC

JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA²

Nationstar Mortgage LLC

PNC Bank, National Association

PNC Mortgage 3

Residential Credit Solutions

Saxon Mortgage Services, Inc.

Select Portfolio Servicing

Wells Fargo Bank, NA 4

Rural Housing Service Modification Program (RD-HAMP)

Banco Popular de Puerto Rico

Bank of America, NA 1

Horicon Bank

JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA 2

Magna Bank

Marix Servicing, LLC

Midland Mortgage Company

Nationstar Mortgage LLC

Wells Fargo Bank, NA 4

¹ Bank of America, NA includes all loans previously reported under BAC Home Loans Servicing

LP, Home Loan Services and Wilshire Credit Corporation.

² JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA includes all loans previously reported under EMC Mortgage Corporation.

³ Formerly National City Bank.

⁴ Wells Fargo Bank, NA includes all loans previously reported under Wachovia Mortgage FSB.