By State: Advance Child Tax Credit Payments Distributed in July, 2021



Department of the Treasury July 15, 2021

Advance Child Tax Credit Payments Disbursed July 2021, by State [1] [2] [3] Number of

	Number of					
	Total Number of	Qualifying	Total Payment	Average		
	Payments	Children	Amount	Payment		
State	(000s)	(000s)	(\$000s)	Amount (\$s)		
All Returns, total	35,193	59,301	14,886,893	423		
Alabama	556	913	234,232	422		
Alaska	84	155	39,088	468		
Arizona	783	1,356	344,278	440		
Arkansas	344	585	150,288	437		
California	3,997	6,564	1,621,878	406		
Colorado	583	992	244,566	420		
Connecticut	351	566	137,474	391		
Delaware	103	169	42,628	413		
District of Columbia	58	90	21,812	376		
Florida	2,272	3,600	915,551	403		
Georgia	1,245	2,054	520,295	418		
Hawaii	151	257	65,027	431		
Idaho	205	393	99,665	487		
Illinois	1,309	2,200	547,169	418		
Indiana	749	1,306	333,251	445		
lowa	343	618	156,942	458		
Kansas	315	568	143,650	456		
Kentucky	501	851	218,408	436		
Louisiana	551	896	229,406	417		
Maine	131	215	54,404	415		
Maryland	655	1,072	262,332	401		
Massachusetts	658	1,060	253,118	385		
Michigan	1,026	1,775	449,403	438		
Minnesota	602	1,090	270,372	449		
Mississippi	369	595	153,666	417		
Missouri	660	1,152	293,116	444		
Montana	110	198	50,426	457		
Nebraska	220	404	102,279	464		
Nevada	337	560	143,317	425		
New Hampshire	133	216	53,017	399		
New Jersey	947	1,550	373,155	394		
New Mexico	227	383	98,379	434		
New York	1,970	3,227	802,249	407		
North Carolina	1,147	1,881	476,025	415		
North Dakota	84	154	38,920	463		
Ohio	1,263	2,169	550,840	436		
Oklahoma	446	782	200,574	450		
Oregon	407	692	173,227	425		
Pennsylvania	1,311	2,217	554,813	423		
Rhode Island	109	173	43,277	399		
South Carolina	571	945	241,176	422		
South Dakota	98	184	46,868	477		
Tennessee	752	1,260	321,591	428		
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		Number of		
	Total Number of	Qualifying	Total Payment	Average
	Payments	Children	Amount	Payment
State	(000s)	(000s)	(\$000s)	Amount (\$s)
Texas	3,453	5,937	1,499,988	434
Utah	381	780	196,032	515
Vermont	60	98	24,767	410
Virginia	917	1,533	377,455	412
Washington	769	1,322	325,617	423
West Virginia	180	301	77,419	431
Wisconsin	594	1,041	262,789	443
Wyoming	62	114	28,971	464
Other areas [4]	45	85	21,701	481

[1] Section 9611(a) of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (Act), Public Law 117-2, 135 Stat. 4 (March 11, 2021), amended the Child Tax Credit (CTC) rules under section 24 of the Internal Revenue Code (Code) for taxable year 2021. For taxpayers who have a principal place of abode in the U.S. for more than half the year or who are bona fide residents of Puerto Rico for the year, the Act made the CTC fully refundable. The Act increased to age 17 the maximum age for which a child may be a qualifying child for the CTC. The Act also increased the maximum amount of the CTC from \$2,000 to \$3,600 for qualifying children under age 6 and to \$3,000 for other qualifying children under age 18. Special rules are provided for U.S. Territories and their residents.

[2] The CTC phases out in two different steps based on the taxpayer's modified adjusted gross income (modified AGI) in 2021.

The first \$1,600 of the CTC per qualifying child under age 6 and the first \$1,000 per qualifying child age 6 through 17 phase out sequentially at a rate of \$50 per \$1,000 (or part thereof) of modified AGI in excess of a threshold based on the taxpayer's filing status. The modified AGI threshold is \$150,000 for married joint filers or qualifying widows or widowers, \$112,500 for head of household filers, and \$75,000 for all other filers.

The remainder of the CTC, plus any amount of non-refundable \$500 credit for other dependents, is further reduced by \$50 for each \$1,000 (or part thereof) that exceeds \$200,000 (\$400,000 for married taxpayers filing a joint return) of modified AGI. Larger families follow a modified phaseout rule that extends the AGI range of the phaseout.

[3] Section 9611(b)(1) of the Act added section 7527A to the Code. Solely for 2021, section 7527A(a) requires the Secretary of the Treasury to establish a program for making periodic advance payments of the CTC, the total amount of which equals the taxpayer's "annual advance amount." The "annual advance amount" of a taxpayer is the amount estimated by the Secretary as being equal to 50 percent of the CTC that would be allowed to the taxpayer for 2021 based on information reported on the taxpayer's 2020 Federal income tax return (or their 2019 return if the 2020 return is not available). The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) will disburse these advance payments monthly from July to December of 2021. The taxpayer must file a Tax Year 2021 return to claim the remainder of their CTC (if any). At the time these data were generated, taxpayers may use a designated IRS online tool, referred to as the "Child Tax Credit Update Portal," to opt out of advance payments. A taxpayer's Federal income tax will be increased, dollar-for-dollar, if their total CTC advance payments during 2021 exceed the amount of the CTC to which they are eligible for that year. However, safe harbor rules may

[4] Includes residents of U.S. territories, U.S. citizens abroad, and returns filed from Army Post Office and Fleet Post Office addresses by members of the armed forces stationed overseas.

reduce the additional income tax owed depending on the taxpayer's modified AGI.

NOTES: The numbers shown reflect advance CTC payments disbursed to eligible recipients based on taxpayer account information and do not account for reversed or undeliverable advance CTC payments.

Details may not add to totals because of rounding.

Source: Office of Tax Analysis tabulations of Internal Revenue Service data, July 11, 2021