| Distribution Table: 2023002 <br> Distribution of Income by Source <br> (2023 Income Levels) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | sitive Capital Inco | ome |  |  |
| Family Cash Income Decile ${ }^{1}$ | Family Cash Income | Transfer Income | Labor Income | Total Positive Capital Income | Normal Capital Income | Supernormal Capital Income | Negative Capital Income ${ }^{2}$ | Corporate Income Tax |
| --- Billions of Dollars --- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 to $10^{2}$ | 125.5 | 52.7 | 77.7 | 4.5 | 1.5 | 3.0 | -10.1 | 0.7 |
| 10 to 20 | 408.8 | 131.2 | 280.5 | 8.1 | 3.7 | 4.4 | -13.1 | 2.1 |
| 20 to 30 | 584.0 | 163.3 | 417.5 | 15.4 | 7.6 | 7.8 | -15.3 | 3.2 |
| 30 to 40 | 770.7 | 215.7 | 542.2 | 24.6 | 14.0 | 10.6 | -16.5 | 4.7 |
| 40 to 50 | 988.8 | 265.8 | 688.0 | 42.6 | 25.9 | 16.6 | -14.6 | 7.0 |
| 50 to 60 | 1,300.5 | 235.2 | 998.0 | 72.7 | 45.9 | 26.8 | -16.8 | 11.4 |
| 60 to 70 | 1,711.8 | 247.4 | 1,345.8 | 118.1 | 76.2 | 41.8 | -16.5 | 17.1 |
| 70 to 80 | 2,233.1 | 240.9 | 1,806.8 | 179.3 | 117.4 | 61.9 | -18.9 | 25.1 |
| 80 to 90 | 3,079.8 | 231.2 | 2,521.9 | 308.9 | 198.5 | 110.4 | -22.4 | 40.1 |
| 90 to 100 | 9,018.9 | 242.4 | 5,702.9 | 2,846.4 | 1,576.4 | 1,270.0 | -73.9 | 301.0 |
| Total ${ }^{2}$ | 20,105.1 | 2,037.9 | 14,411.8 | 3,622.6 | 2,060.1 | 1,562.5 | -381.5 | 414.4 |
| 90 to 95 | 2,196.4 | 116.8 | 1,755.8 | 301.9 | 194.1 | 107.8 | -13.3 | 35.3 |
| 95 to 99 | 3,021.1 | 97.9 | 2,218.9 | 662.0 | 425.2 | 236.8 | -23.9 | 66.2 |
| $99 \text { to } 99.9$ | 1,961.1 | 24.7 | 1,136.2 | 748.6 | 408.6 | 340.0 | -23.1 | 74.6 |
| Top 1 | 1,840.3 | 3.1 | 592.0 | 1,133.9 | 548.5 | 585.4 | -13.6 | 124.9 |
| --- Percent Distribution of Income Across Deciles --- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 to $10^{2}$ | 0.6 | 2.6 | 0.5 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 2.7 | 0.2 |
| 10 to 20 | 2.0 | 6.4 | 1.9 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 3.4 | 0.5 |
| 20 to 30 | 2.9 | 8.0 | 2.9 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 4.0 | 0.8 |
| 30 to 40 | 3.8 | 10.6 | 3.8 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 4.3 | 1.1 |
| 40 to 50 | 4.9 | 13.0 | 4.8 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 3.8 | 1.7 |
| 50 to 60 | 6.5 | 11.5 | 6.9 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 1.7 | 4.4 | 2.7 |
| 60 to 70 | 8.5 | 12.1 | 9.3 | 3.3 | 3.7 | 2.7 | 4.3 | 4.1 |
| 70 to 80 | 11.1 | 11.8 | 12.5 | 4.9 | 5.7 | 4.0 | 5.0 | 6.1 |
| 80 to 90 | 15.3 | 11.3 | 17.5 | 8.5 | 9.6 | 7.1 | 5.9 | 9.7 |
| 90 to 100 | 44.9 | 11.9 | 39.6 | 78.6 | 76.5 | 81.3 | 19.4 | 72.6 |
| Total ${ }^{2}$ | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| 90 to 95 | 10.9 | 5.7 | 12.2 | 8.3 | 9.4 | 6.9 | 3.5 | 8.5 |
| 95 to 99 | 15.0 | 4.8 | $15.4$ | 18.3 | 20.6 | 15.2 | 6.3 | 16.0 |
| 99 to 99.9 | 9.8 | 1.2 | 7.9 | 20.7 | 19.8 | 21.8 | 6.0 | 18.0 |
| Top . 1 | 9.2 | 0.2 | 4.1 | 31.3 | 26.6 | 37.5 | 3.6 | 30.1 |
|  |  |  | --- Percent Distribution of Income Source Within Decile --- |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 to $10^{2}$ | 100.0 | 42.0 | 61.9 | 3.6 | 1.2 | 2.4 | -8.1 | 0.6 |
| 10 to 20 | 100.0 | 32.1 | 68.6 | 2.0 | 0.9 | 1.1 | -3.2 | 0.5 |
| 20 to 30 | 100.0 | 28.0 | 71.5 | 2.6 | 1.3 | 1.3 | -2.6 | 0.6 |
| 30 to 40 | 100.0 | 28.0 | 70.4 | 3.2 | 1.8 | 1.4 | -2.1 | 0.6 |
| 40 to 50 | 100.0 | 26.9 | 69.6 | 4.3 | 2.6 | 1.7 | -1.5 | 0.7 |
| 50 to 60 | 100.0 | 18.1 | 76.7 | 5.6 | 3.5 | 2.1 | -1.3 | 0.9 |
| 60 to 70 | 100.0 | 14.4 | 78.6 | 6.9 | 4.5 | 2.4 | -1.0 | 1.0 |
| 70 to 80 | 100.0 | 10.8 | 80.9 | 8.0 | 5.3 | 2.8 | -0.8 | 1.1 |
| 80 to 90 | 100.0 | 7.5 | 81.9 | 10.0 | 6.4 | 3.6 | -0.7 | 1.3 |
| 90 to 100 | 100.0 | 2.7 | 63.2 | 31.6 | 17.5 | 14.1 | -0.8 | 3.3 |
| Total ${ }^{2}$ | 100.0 | 10.1 | 71.7 | 18.0 | 10.2 | 7.8 | -1.9 | 2.1 |
| 90 to 95 | 100.0 | 5.3 | 79.9 | 13.7 | 8.8 | 4.9 | -0.6 | 1.6 |
| 95 to 99 | 100.0 | 3.2 | 73.4 | 21.9 | 14.1 | 7.8 | -0.8 | 2.2 |
| 99 to 99.9 | 100.0 | 1.3 | 57.9 | 38.2 | 20.8 | 17.3 | -1.2 | 3.8 |
| Top . 1 | 100.0 | 0.2 | 32.2 | 61.6 | 29.8 | 31.8 | -0.7 | 6.8 |
| Department of Treasury Department of the Treasury |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | March 14, 2022 |

${ }^{1}$ Cash Income consists of wages and salaries, net income from a business or farm, taxable and tax-exempt interest, dividends, rental income, realized capital gains, unrealized gains at death, cash and near-cash transfers from the government, retirement benefits, and employer-provided health insurance (and other employer benefits). Employer contributions for payroll taxes and the federal corporate income tax are added to place cash on a pre-tax basis. Families are placed into deciles based on cash income adjusted for family size, by dividing income by the square root of family size.
${ }^{2}$ Families with negative incomes are excluded from the lowest income decile but included in the total line. Families with negative income have a significant share of negative capital income.

Note: Percentiles begin for an average family (2 people) at family size-adjusted cash income of: \$16,683 for 10 to 20; $\$ 27,965$ for 20 to 30 ; $\$ 40,229$ for 30 to 40; $\$ 53,914$ for 40 to $50 ; \$ 69,271$ for 50 to $60 ; \$ 87,964$ for 60 to $70 ; \$ 111,723$ for 70 to $80 ; \$ 146,167$ for 80 to $90 ; \$ 209,441$ for 90 to $95 ; \$ 293,985$ for 95 to 99 ; $\$ 686,100$ for 99 to 99.9 and $\$ 3,090,331$ for Top .1.

