Term Sheet



Mortgage Reinstatement Program

Program Overview	The Homeowner Assistance Fund (HAF) program was established under Section 3206 of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 ("the ARP") to mitigate financial hardships associated with the coronavirus pandemic by providing funds to eligible entities for the purpose of preventing homeowner mortgage delinquencies, defaults, foreclosures, loss of utilities or home energy services, and displacement of homeowners experiencing financial hardship after January 21, 2020 through qualified expenses related to mortgages and housing.
	The Mortgage Reinstatement Program will assist in preserving homeownership and creating housing stability by preventing foreclosure and displacement through the HAF.
	The Mortgage Reinstatement Program will do so by eliminating or reducing mortgage loan delinquencies by reinstating mortgage loans that are at least thirty days delinquent. Through this program, delinquent mortgage loans will be fully reinstated, allowing homeowners to remain in their homes and avoid foreclosure and displacement.
Mortgage Reinstatement Program Goal	To provide financial assistance to eligible lowa homeowners to bring delinquent accounts associated with homeownership current to prevent foreclosure and displacement, thereby preserving homeownership and providing housing stability to lowans in need.
Targeted Population of Homeowners	Not less than 60 percent of amounts made available for HAF program expenses will be used for qualified expenses to assist homeowners having incomes equal to or less than 100 percent of the area median income household limit as published by the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) in accordance with 42 U.S.C. 1437a(b)(2) for purposes of the HAF.
	Any amount not made available to homeowners that meet this income- targeting will be used for qualified expenses to assist homeowners having incomes equal to or less than 150 percent area median income and will be prioritized for assistance to Socially Disadvantaged Individuals as outlined in U.S. Department of the Treasury Guidance dated August 2, 2021.
	Program funds will be made available to assist all Eligible Homeowners on a first come, first serve basis.



Eligible Homeowners	"Eligible Homeowners" for the Mortgage Reinstatement Program must meet the following criteria:
	 Homeowner must attest that they experienced a Qualified Financial Hardship on or after January 21, 2020 (defined below), or had a financial hardship that began before January 21, 2020, but continued after that date. The attestation must describe the nature of the financial hardship.
	 Homeowner must currently own and occupy the property as their primary residence.
	 Homeowner must meet the Income Eligibility Requirements (defined below).
	• The original, unpaid principal balance of the homeowner's first mortgage loan, at the time of origination, cannot be greater than the "conforming loan limit" (as determined under the provisions of the Housing and Economic Recovery Act of 2008) in effect at time of origination.
	• Homeowners who have previously filed for bankruptcy but who are no longer in bankruptcy may need to provide proof of court ordered "discharge" or "dismissal" or permission from the bankruptcy trustee to participate in the HAF program.
	 Homeowners whose Qualified Financial Hardship is due to a job loss and are not working at the time of application are required to provide documentation showing they are actively seeking work.
	• The homeowner must provide all necessary documentation to satisfy program guidelines within timeframes established by IFA, including self-certification or attestation of income and Socially Disadvantaged Individual status, as applicable.
Eligible Legal	"Eligible Legal Ownership Structures" include only the following:
Ownership Structures	• Those where the home is owned by one or more "natural persons" (i.e., LLP, LP, S-Corp, or LLC do not qualify). Where the estate of a deceased natural person is the ownership entity, the owner may be eligible, subject to review by IFA.
	• Those where the homeowner has transferred their ownership right into non- incorporated, Living Trusts, provided the homeowner occupies the home as the primary/principal residence.
	 Those where the home is under a Purchaser's Interest in a Land Contract valid under Iowa law.



	• Those where the home is owned by a certificate of title.
Qualified Financial Hardship	A "Qualified Financial Hardship" is a material reduction in income or material increase in living expenses associated with the coronavirus pandemic that has created or increased a risk of mortgage delinquency, mortgage default, foreclosure, loss of utilities or home energy services, or displacement for a homeowner.
	• <i>Reduction of Income</i> : Temporary or permanent loss of earned income directly related to the coronavirus pandemic after January 21, 2020, or that began before January 21, 2020, but continued after that date.
	• Increase in Living Expenses: Increase in out-of-pocket household expenses after January 21, 2020, or that began before January 21, 2020, but continued after that date, such as: medical expenses, increase in household size, or costs to reconnect utility services directly related to the coronavirus pandemic.
Homeowner Income Eligibility Requirements	To be eligible for assistance under the Mortgage Reinstatement Program, homeowners must have incomes equal to or less than 150 percent of the area median income (AMI) household limit (three times the income limit for very low-income families, for the relevant household size), in accordance with HUD'S FY 2021 HAF Income Limits. HAF participants are given two options to use in calculating income for eligibility determination:
	 Department of Housing and Urban Development's (HUD) definition of "annual income" in 24 CFR 5.609.
	• Use adjusted gross income (AGI) as defined for purposes of reporting on Internal Revenue Service (IRS) form 1040 series for individual federal annual income tax purposes.
	Income may be determined in two ways:
	• Annual Income: Applicants should provide at the time of application source documents evidencing annual income (e.g., wage statement, interest statement, unemployment compensation statement), or a copy of Form 1040 as filed with the IRS for the household.
	• <i>Monthly Income</i> : Applicants should provide income source documentation, as listed above, for one month prior to the submission of the application for assistance.



Homeowner Prioritization	Treasury guidance requires 60 percent of amounts made available to the state to assist homeowners with incomes equal to or less than 100 percent of the Area Median Income (AMI) or equal to or less than 100 percent of the median income for the United States, whichever is greater. The remaining allocation to the state must be prioritized for socially disadvantaged individuals, and after prioritization to those individuals, funds will be made available to other eligible households.
	The Authority will prioritize funding in the following manner:
	• Homeowners Earning 50 percent or less of the Area Median Income. IFA recognizes that homeowners at this income level are often in portfolios of government-backed and guaranteed mortgages and may be in most need.
	 Homeowners Earning 100 percent or less of the Area Median Income. In accordance with HAF Guidance and recognizing that homeowners earning up to 100 percent of the area median income are overrepresented in portfolios of government- backed and guaranteed mortgages compared to the market as a whole, IFA will prioritize assistance to homeowners with Federal Housing Administration (FHA), Veteran's Administration (VA), and United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) mortgages and homeowners who have mortgages made with proceeds of mortgage revenue bonds will be prioritized for assistance.
	• Socially Disadvantaged Individuals. As defined in the HAF Guidance dated August 2, 2021, socially disadvantaged individuals are those whose ability to purchase or own a home has been impaired due to diminished access to credit on reasonable terms as compared to others in comparable economic circumstances, based on disparities in homeownership rates in the HAF participant's jurisdiction as documented by the U.S. Census. The impairment must stem from circumstances beyond their control. Indicators of impairment under this definition may include being a (1) member of a group that has been subjected to racial or ethnic prejudice or cultural bias within American society, (2) resident of a majority-minority Census tract; or (3) individual with limited English proficiency.
	• Government Loan and Affordable Housing Portfolios. IFA will prioritize assistance to eligible homeowners with FHA, VA, and USDA mortgages and homeowners who have mortgages made with the proceeds of mortgage revenue bonds or other mortgage programs that target low- and moderate-income homeowners.



	 Non-Traditional Loans and Properties. Recognizing the unique needs of homeowners in rural communities with less housing stock than larger MSAs, IFA will prioritize homeowners who would not typically be included in Government Loan and Affordable Housing Portfolios. IFA will be able to assist homeowners with less traditional financing instruments and will be able to provide assistance to homeowners whose property is a manufactured home as defined by Iowa Code Chapter 435¹. Homeowners of manufactured housing may not be able to qualify for traditional loan products containing competitive market rates and may have mortgages with higher rates and shorter terms. All remaining funds not otherwise prioritized will be made available for other Eligible Homeowners.
Eligible Properties	 Eligible properties are those that are: Single-family (attached or detached) properties Condominium units. 2- to 4-unit properties where the homeowner is living in one of the units as their primary residence. Manufactured homes permanently affixed to real property and taxed as real estate. Mobile homes not permanently affixed to real property. Ineligible properties are those that are: Vacant or abandoned. Second homes.
Eligible Expenses of Mortgage Reinstatement Program Proceeds	 Non-owner-occupied investment property. The following housing obligations that have been incurred as a result of a Homeowner's Qualified Financial Hardship on or after January 21, 2020 (including a hardship that began before January 21, 2020, but continued after that date) are eligible "Qualified Expenses" for payment under the Iowa Mortgage Reinstatement Program: Existing delinquent mortgage lien payments (principal, interest, taxes, insurances (PITI)) and escrow shortages. Existing mortgage lien partial or full forbearance reinstatement and/or delinquent monthly forbearance payments.

¹ <u>https://www.legis.iowa.gov/docs/code/435.pdf</u>



	Land Contract monthly normanit (minimum land interact)
	 Land Contract monthly payment (principal and interest).
	 Manufactured/mobile home loan monthly payment (principal and interest) and lot rent, if applicable.
	Delinquent property taxes.
	Homeowner's hazard, flood, and/or mortgage insurance.
	 Homeowner's association fees, condominium association fees or common charges, including for lien extinguishment.
	De minimis lender-assessed fees.
	All arrearages of qualified expenses are eligible for purposes of HAF regardless of the date they were incurred, including if the arose before January 2020 per U.S. Treasury guidance dated August 2, 2021.
Maximum Per Household of Mortgage Reinstatement Program Assistance	The maximum Mortgage Reinstatement Program assistance per household will be \$25,000 and the maximum aggregate HAF assistance per household will be \$25,000 (inclusive of Mortgage Reinstatement Program financial assistance).
Assistance Type	Assistance will be structured as a non-recourse grant.
Payout of Mortgage Reinstatement Program	IFA will disburse Mortgage Reinstatement Program assistance directly to mortgage lender/servicer, land contract holder, manufactured/mobile home lender/park (lot fees), county treasurer, and/or condominium/homeowners' association.
Assistance	IFA will disburse the amount quoted by the lender/servicer; any discrepancies to be resolved by the homeowner and lender/servicer.
	To account for processing time, IFA will provide up to two months of forward mortgage payment assistance, based on the Homeowner's monthly mortgage payment. If the loan has been modified, appropriate documentation from the lender will be required.
	If Homeowner's past due amount exceeds the amount that IFA can provide, Homeowner may pay the difference, and IFA will pay the maximum of their limit.
Program Launch	IFA plans to launch the program to the public statewide in the first quarter of 2022, subject to the U.S. Treasury Department's approval of lowa's IHAF Plan. The terms hereof are subject to change based on the foregoing.



Program Duration	The period of performance for the HAF funds begins on the date hereof and ends on September 30, 2026. HAF recipient shall not incur any obligations to be paid with the funding from this award after such period of performance ends. IFA plans to disburse all funds prior to the end of program date, September 30, 2026.
Application Process	Applications will be accepted online through the through a mobile- friendly online portal that will allow for the upload of all supporting documents. All applications will be entered into the online portal and reviewed on the reviewer portal.
Required Application Documentation	 The following application documents may be required: Application; Third Party Authorization (TPA) and Disclosure Form; Qualified Financial Hardship attestation certifying that it occurred after January 21, 2020 (including a hardship that began before January 21, 2020, but continued after that date); Mortgage statement for each lien (e.g. first mortgage, second mortgage, etc.); Manufactured/mobile home loan statement and/or lot rental agreement; Proof of completed loss mitigation; Valid lowa identification and Social Security Number card or unique identifier as shown on a legal document, such as a federal tax return; Income documentation: W2's, paystubs, previous years' tax returns or alternative income documents as applicable such as proof of an Income Proxy such as Unemployment, WIC, SNAP, FDPIR, TANF, SNP, Section 8 and any other income-based county, municipality, state and or federal assistance program (Public Assistance); Attestation that the homeowner is a "Socially Disadvantaged Individual" (if applicable); and Payee's contact information and account information, if not listed on monthly statement.



	 Any additional documents and information that IFA may require. •
Program Exclusions	 Home repairs or improvements; Overpayment of HAF funds relative to Homeowner account may not be paid directly to Homeowner.
Program Partner Requirements	Lenders/servicers may be required to agree to communicate using the Common Data File (CDF) format provided by the Treasury.
	Private non-mortgage lenders, including manufactured/mobile home lenders, may be required to provide a written delinquency statement, contact information, and ACH account information.

Term Sheet



Property Charge Default Resolution Program

Program Overview	The Homeowner Assistance Fund (HAF) program was established under Section 3206 of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 ("the ARP") to mitigate financial hardships associated with the coronavirus pandemic by providing funds to eligible entities for the purpose of preventing homeowner mortgage delinquencies, defaults, foreclosures, loss of utilities or home energy services, and displacement of homeowners experiencing financial hardship after January 21, 2020 through qualified expenses related to mortgages and housing.
	The Property Charge Default Resolution Program will assist in preserving homeownership and creating housing stability by preventing foreclosure and displacement through the HAF.
Property Charge Default Resolution Goal	To provide financial assistance to resolve any property charge default that threatens a homeowner's ability to sustain ownership of the property, thereby preserving homeownership and providing housing stability to lowans in need.
Targeted Population of Homeowners	Not less than 60 percent of amounts made available for HAF program expenses will be used for qualified expenses to assist homeowners having incomes equal to or less than 100 percent of the area median income household limit as published by the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) in accordance with 42 U.S.C. 1437a(b)(2) for purposes of the HAF.
	Any amount not made available to homeowners that meet this income- targeting will be used for qualified expenses to assist homeowners having incomes equal to or less than 150 percent area median income and will be prioritized for assistance to Socially Disadvantaged Individuals as outlined in U.S. Department of the Treasury Guidance dated August 2, 2021.
	Program funds will be made available to assist all Eligible Homeowners on a first come, first serve basis.
Eligible Homeowners	"Eligible Homeowners" for the Property Charge Default Resolution Program must meet the following criteria:
	 Homeowner must attest that they experienced a Qualified Financial Hardship on or after January 21, 2020 (defined below), or had a financial hardship that began before January



Qualified Financial Hardship	A "Qualified Financial Hardship" is a material reduction in income or material increase in living expenses associated with the coronavirus pandemic that has created or increased a risk of mortgage
	 Those where the home is under a Purchaser's Interest in a Land Contract valid under lowa law. Those where the home is owned by a certificate of title.
	 Those where the homeowner has transferred their ownership right into non- incorporated, Living Trusts, provided the homeowner occupies the home as the primary/principal residence.
Eligible Legal Ownership Structures	 "Eligible Legal Ownership Structures" include only the following: Those where the home is owned by one or more "natural persons" (i.e., LLP, LP, S-Corp, or LLC do not qualify). Where the estate of a deceased natural person is the ownership entity, the owner may be eligible, subject to review by IFA.
	 The homeowner must provide all necessary documentation to satisfy program guidelines within timeframes established by IFA, including self-certification or attestation of income and Socially Disadvantaged Individual status, as applicable.
	 Homeowners whose Qualified Financial Hardship is due to a job loss and are not working at the time of application are required to provide documentation showing they are actively seeking work.
	 Homeowners who have previously filed for bankruptcy but who are no longer in bankruptcy may need to provide proof of court ordered "discharge" or "dismissal" or permission from the bankruptcy trustee to participate in the HAF program.
	• The original, unpaid principal balance of the homeowner's first mortgage loan, at the time of origination, cannot be greater than the "conforming loan limit" (as determined under the provisions of the Housing and Economic Recovery Act of 2008) in effect at time of origination.
	 their primary residence. Homeowner must meet the Income Eligibility Requirements (defined below).
	 describe the nature of the financial hardship. Homeowner must currently own and occupy the property as
	21, 2020, but continued after that date. The attestation must



	 delinquency, mortgage default, foreclosure, loss of utilities or home energy services, or displacement for a homeowner. <i>Reduction of Income</i>: Temporary or permanent loss of earned income directly related to the coronavirus pandemic after January 21, 2020, or that began before January 21, 2020, but continued after that date. <i>Increase in Living Expenses</i>: Increase in out-of-pocket household expenses after January 21, 2020, or that began before January 21, 2020, but continued after that date, such as: medical expenses, increase in household size, or costs to
	reconnect utility services directly related to the coronavirus pandemic.
Homeowner Income Eligibility Requirements	To be eligible for assistance under the Property Charge Default Resolution Program, homeowners must have incomes equal to or less than 150 percent of the area median income (AMI) household limit (three times the income limit for very low-income families, for the relevant household size), in accordance with HUD'S FY 2021 HAF Income Limits. HAF participants are given two options to use in calculating income for eligibility determination:
	 Department of Housing and Urban Development's (HUD) definition of "annual income" in 24 CFR 5.609.
	 Use adjusted gross income (AGI) as defined for purposes of reporting on Internal Revenue Service (IRS) form 1040 series for individual federal annual income tax purposes.
	Income may be determined in two ways:
	• Annual Income: Applicants should provide at the time of application source documents evidencing annual income (e.g., wage statement, interest statement, unemployment compensation statement), or a copy of Form 1040 as filed with the IRS for the household.
	Monthly Income: Applicants should provide income source documentation, as listed above, for one month prior to the submission of the application for assistance.
Homeowner Prioritization	Treasury guidance requires 60 percent of amounts made available to the state to assist homeowners with incomes equal to or less than 100 percent of the Area Median Income (AMI) or equal to or less than 100 percent of the median income for the United States, whichever is greater. The remaining allocation to the state must be prioritized for



socially disadvantaged individuals, and after prioritization to those individuals, funds will be made available to other eligible households.
The Authority will prioritize funding in the following manner:
• Homeowners Earning 50 percent or less of the Area Median Income. IFA recognizes that homeowners at this income level are often in portfolios of government-backed and guaranteed mortgages and may be in most need.
 Homeowners Earning 100 percent or less of the Area Median Income. In accordance with HAF Guidance and recognizing that homeowners earning up to 100 percent of the area median income are overrepresented in portfolios of government- backed and guaranteed mortgages compared to the market as a whole, IFA will prioritize assistance to homeowners with Federal Housing Administration (FHA), Veteran's Administration (VA), and United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) mortgages and homeowners who have mortgages made with proceeds of mortgage revenue bonds will be prioritized for assistance.
 Socially Disadvantaged Individuals. As defined in the HAF Guidance dated August 2, 2021, socially disadvantaged individuals are those whose ability to purchase or own a home has been impaired due to diminished access to credit on reasonable terms as compared to others in comparable economic circumstances, based on disparities in homeownership rates in the HAF participant's jurisdiction as documented by the U.S. Census. The impairment must stem from circumstances beyond their control. Indicators of impairment under this definition may include being a (1) member of a group that has been subjected to racial or ethnic prejudice or cultural bias within American society, (2) resident of a majority-minority Census tract; or (3) individual with limited English proficiency.
 Government Loan and Affordable Housing Portfolios. IFA will prioritize assistance to eligible homeowners with FHA, VA, and USDA mortgages and homeowners who have mortgages made with the proceeds of mortgage revenue bonds or other mortgage programs that target low- and moderate-income homeowners.
 Non-Traditional Loans and Properties. Recognizing the unique needs of homeowners in rural communities with less housing stock than larger MSAs, IFA will prioritize homeowners who would not typically be included in Government Loan and Affordable Housing Portfolios. IFA will be able to assist



	 homeowners with less traditional financing instruments and will be able to provide assistance to homeowners whose property is a manufactured home as defined by Iowa Code Chapter 435². Homeowners of manufactured housing may not be able to qualify for traditional Ioan products containing competitive market rates and may have mortgages with higher rates and shorter terms. All remaining funds not otherwise prioritized will be made available for other Eligible Homeowners. 	
Eligible Properties	Eligible properties are those that are:	
	Single-family (attached or detached) properties	
	Condominium units.	
	• 2- to 4-unit properties where the homeowner is living in one of the units as their primary residence.	
	 Manufactured homes permanently affixed to real property and taxed as real estate. 	
	 Mobile homes not permanently affixed to real property. 	
	Ineligible properties are those that are:	
	Vacant or abandoned.	
	Second homes.	
	Non-owner-occupied investment property.	
Eligible Expenses of Property Charge Default Resolution Program Proceeds	The following housing obligations that have been incurred as a result of a Homeowner's Qualified Financial Hardship on or after January 21, 2020 (including a hardship that began before January 21, 2020, but continued after that date) are eligible "Qualified Expenses" for payment under the Property Charge Default Resolution Program:	
	Delinquent property taxes.	
	Homeowner's hazard, flood, and/or mortgage insurance.	
	 Homeowner's association fees, condominium association fees or common charges, including for lien extinguishment. 	
	Manufactured/mobile home lot rent, if applicable.	
	De minimis lender-assessed fees.	

² <u>https://www.legis.iowa.gov/docs/code/435.pdf</u>



	All arrearages of qualified expenses are eligible for purposes of HAF regardless of the date they were incurred, including if the arose before January 2020 per U.S. Treasury guidance dated August 2, 2021.	
Maximum Per Household of Property Charge Default Resolution Program Assistance	The maximum Property Charge Default Resolution Program assistance per household will be \$25,000 and the maximum aggregate HAF assistance per household will be \$25,000 (inclusive of Property Charge Default Resolution Program financial assistance).	
Assistance Type	Assistance will be structured as a non-recourse grant.	
Payout of Property Charge Default Resolution Program Assistance	IFA will disburse Property Charge Default Resolution Program assistance directly to directly to property tax offices, insurance companies, homeowner associations, and condo associations (Eligible Entity). Funds will not be disbursed to Eligible Homeowners, or any other non-eligible entity.	
	IFA will disburse the amount quoted by the Eligible Entity; any discrepancies to be resolved by the homeowner and Eligible Entity.	
	To account for processing time, IFA will provide up to two months of forward payment assistance, based on the Homeowner's monthly property charges.	
	If Homeowner's past due amount exceeds the amount that IFA can provide, Homeowner may pay the difference, and IFA will pay the maximum of their limit.	
Program Launch	IFA plans to launch the program to the public statewide in the first quarter of 2022, subject to the U.S. Treasury Department's approval of lowa's IHAF Plan. The terms hereof are subject to change based on the foregoing.	
Program Duration	The period of performance for the HAF funds begins on the date hereof and ends on September 30, 2026. HAF recipient shall not incu any obligations to be paid with the funding from this award after such period of performance ends.	
	IFA plans to disburse all funds prior to the end of program date, September 30, 2026.	
Application Process	Applications will be accepted online through the through a mobile- friendly online portal that will allow for the upload of all supporting	



	documents. All applications will be entered into the online portal and reviewed on the reviewer portal.	
Required Application Documentation	 The following application documents may be required: Application; Third Party Authorization (TPA) and Disclosure Form; Qualified Financial Hardship attestation certifying that it occurred after January 21, 2020 (including a hardship that began before January 21, 2020, but continued after that date); Most recent property tax bill; Most recent insurance premium; Most recent lot rent bill; Valid lowa identification and Social Security Number card or unique identifier as shown on a legal document, such as a federal tax return; Income documentation: W2's, paystubs, previous years' tax returns or alternative income documents as applicable such as proof of an Income Proxy such as Unemployment, WIC, SNAP, FDPIR, TANF, SNP, Section 8 and any other income-based county, municipality, state and or federal assistance program (Public Assistance); Attestation that the homeowner is a "Socially Disadvantaged Individual" (if applicable); and Payee's contact information and account information, if not listed on monthly statement. Any additional documents and information that IFA may require. 	
Program Exclusions	 Home repairs or improvements; Overpayment of HAF funds relative to Homeowner account may not be paid directly to Homeowner. 	
Program Partner Requirements	Lenders/servicers may be required to agree to communicate using the Common Data File (CDF) format provided by the Treasury.	



County Treasurers, Insurance carriers, HOA/condominium
associations, etc. may be required to provide a written delinquency
statement, contact information, and ACH account information.



EXHIBIT: Acceptable Documentation List³

Documentation	Accepted Documents
Proof of Identification (Only required for Head of Household & 2ndHomeowner)	 Driver's license Passport State Issued ID Permanent Resident Card Other government issued photo ID
Proof of Social Security Number	 Social Security Card W2/1099 Tax Form (most recent year) 1040 IRS Tax Form (first two pages only; most recent tax year) Other legal document (showing name & complete SSN)
Proof of Household Income (All Residents including Dependents 18 & older/NOT full-time Student)	 One pay statement w/YTD earning from each employer 1040 IRS Tax Form (first two pages only; most recent tax year), if self-employed W2/1099 Tax Form (most recent year) Unemployment/benefit statement or payment history Government benefit statement Retirement/Pension statement Child support payment history Alimony payment statement
Proof of Delinquency	 Mortgage Statement for each mortgage lien (most recent month) Property tax statement Condominium Association Dues Delinquent statement

³ The documents listed in this table is non-exhaustive. Additional documentation may be required, at the discretion of IFA.



	 Homeowner insurance policy delinquency statement, if not escrowed in monthly mortgage payment Mobile home consumer loan statement Mobile home lot rent statement Land Contract Agreement or Memorandum of Land Contract; Delinquent statement from title holder/Seller of land contract
Proof of Other Documents (<i>if applicable</i>)	 Bankruptcy – Bankruptcy Court/Trustee Approval letter or Evidence of Discharge of Bankruptcy Death Certificate of deceased property owner Letters of Authority/Last Will & Testament of deceased property owner's estate