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# United States Department of the Treasury District of Columbia Pensions Program 

## Actuarial Valuation Report

Valuation Date: October 1, 2023
Measurement Date: September 30, 2023
Report Date: October 23, 2023

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## Executive Summary

## Highlights of the Actuarial Valuation

The actuarial valuation report has been completed for the following program for the most recent plan year:

## United States Department of the Treasury District of Columbia Pensions Program (Program)

The Program refers to the federal responsibility for benefit payments under the following District of Columbia (D.C.) retirement plans: District of Columbia Police Officers and Firefighters' Retirement Plan, District of Columbia Teachers' Retirement Plan, and District of Columbia Judges' Retirement Plan. The designated assets for the federal administration of these plans are held in two separate funds. The District of Columbia Teachers, Police Officers and Firefighters Federal Pension Fund ("D.C. Federal Pension Fund") covers federal payments under the District of Columbia Police Officers and Firefighters' Retirement Plan and District of Columbia Teachers' Retirement Plan. The Judicial Retirement and Survivors Annuity Fund ("Judicial Retirement Fund") covers payments under the District of Columbia Judges' Retirement Plan.

The purpose of this report is to present the results of the actuarial valuation including:

- To illustrate the current assets and liabilities of each Plan as of the end of Fiscal Year (FY) 2023 (October 1, 2022 through September 30, 2023);
- To review the experience of the Program over the past year and to discuss reasons for changes in Program costs;
- To determine the appropriate contribution to be paid by the Department of the Treasury to the Funds in FY 2024 (October 1, 2023 through September 30, 2024); and
- To identify and discuss any emerging trends in Program costs.

This report also includes certain statement line items and footnote disclosures necessary to compute the annual pension expense in accordance with Statement of Federal Financial Accounting Standards No. 5, Accounting for Liabilities of the Federal Government, and No. 33, Pensions, Other Retirement Benefits, and Other
Postemployment Benefits: Reporting the Gains and Losses from Changes in Assumptions and Selecting Discount Rates and Valuation Dates (SFFAS 5 and SFFAS 33). Use of the valuation results for other purposes may not be appropriate.

Per Actuarial Standards of Practice 4, Measuring Pension Obligations and Determining Pension Plan Costs or Contributions (ASOP 4), effective for measurement dates after February 15, 2023, when measuring pension obligations, the combined effect of assumptions is expected to have no significant bias (i.e., it is not significantly optimistic or pessimistic) for non-prescribed assumptions except when provisions for adverse deviation are included. The combined effect of non-prescribed assumptions used for measuring the pension obligations in this valuation does not have significant bias.

## Summary of Results

| As of October 1, 2023 | Police Officers and Firefighters', and Teachers' Plans |  | Judges' Plan |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Actuarial Accrued Liability | \$ | 8,500,663,382 | \$ | 327,958,468 |
| Plan Assets |  | (4,108,055,077) |  | (206,059,441) |
| Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability | \$ | 4,392,608,305 | \$ | 121,899,027 |
| Normal Cost with Interest (including expected employee contributions) |  | N/A | \$ | 9,300,000 |

## Executive Summary

## Highlights of the Actuarial Valuation

## Summary of Gains and Losses

As part of the review of the valuation, an actuarial gain/loss analysis was performed. Expected liabilities and plan assets were developed presuming all demographic and economic assumptions from the prior valuation were realized during the plan year. These expected values were then compared to the actual results. The factors causing the liabilities or assets to be greater than expected (a loss for liabilities and a gain for assets), or smaller than expected (a gain for liabilities and a loss for assets) were isolated. Differences in liability not directly attributable to experience different than assumed, such as changes in assumptions and methods, were separately measured from this process.

The different sources of gains and losses, as well as their individual impacts, are outlined below.

## Source of Liability (Gain)/Loss due to Actuarial Experience

| Source of Demographic (Gain)/Loss | Police Officers and Firefighters', and Teachers' Plans |  | Judges' Plan |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (Gains)/Losses due to Plan Experience: |  |  |  |  |
| Active Decrements | \$ | $(6,123,186)$ | \$ | $(2,110,011)$ |
| Inactive Mortality |  | $(39,516,638)$ |  | $(27,018)$ |
| Salary Increase |  | 17,540,864 |  | 2,331,568 |
| New Entrants |  | N/A |  | - |
| Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) Different than Expected |  | 345,651,919 |  | 14,285,212 |
| (Gains)/Losses due to Census Changes: |  | 27,718,263 |  | 661,744 |
| (Gains)/Losses due to New Terminated Vested Plan Members: |  | - |  | - |
| (Gains) / Losses due to New Actives Due to Ongoing Data Management: |  | - |  | - |
| Total | \$ | 345,271,222 | \$ | 15,141,495 |

We have provided clarification on these items below:

- (Gains)/Losses due to Plan Experience: The liability for each plan is expected to change based on certain demographic and economic assumptions; however, actual plan experience will differ to some degree. This creates (gains) or losses due to plan experience being different than expected with these assumptions. This includes the following primary factors:
- Active Decrements: The actuarial valuation assumes that each active plan member has a particular probability of terminating, retiring, becoming disabled, or becoming deceased in each year. An individual (gain) or loss is generated based on the plan member's actual status in the current valuation year based on the difference from what was expected. The gain for the Police Officers and Firefighters' and Teachers' Plans is primarily due to favorable retirement experience with fewer Police Officers and Firefighters retiring than expected. The gain for the Judges' is primarily due to favorable retirement experience.


## Executive Summary

## Highlights of the Actuarial Valuation

- Inactive Mortality: The actuarial valuation assumes that each inactive plan member has a particular probability of becoming deceased in each year. An individual (gain) or loss is generated based on whether the plan member actually dies during the year. The gain shown for the Police Officers and Firefighters' and Teachers' Plans is driven by plan members in pay status dying at an earlier age and in greater number than expected in the past year. For the Judges' Plan, the mortality gains and losses ultimately resulted in a net gain. The losses incurred by beneficiaries and disableds surviving longer than expected were offset by the gains of retirees dying at an earlier age and in greater number than expected. Long-term gains and losses are expected to offset each other with experience aligning to the assumed mortality probabilities.
- Salary Increase: The actuarial valuation assumes that salaries for active plan members will increase by a certain amount. An individual (gain) or loss is generated for each plan member based on their actual salary amount reported in the current valuation. A gain is reported when a plan member's actual salary is lower than the expected amount, and a loss is reported when a plan member's actual salary is higher than the expected amount. The loss for Judges' Plan is due to the actual salary increases exceeding the assumed rate. In FY 2023, Police Officers and Firefighters received pay increases retroactive to October 11, 2020 and Teachers received pay increases retroactive to October 13, 2019. The loss for the Police Officers and Firefighters' and Teachers' Plans due to the retroactive pay increases was $\$ 20.8$ million. This was offset by a gain of $\$ 3.3$ million due to salary increases being less than expected.
- New Entrants: The actuarial valuation incurs a loss whenever new members enter the plan with past service. The Police Officers and Firefighters' and Teachers' Plans are closed and will never incur a gain or loss due to this reason. The Judges' Plan did have seven new entrants but the individuals did not join with past service, therefore there is no (gain) or loss.
- COLA Different Than Expected: The actuarial valuation assumes that retirement benefits for inactive plan members that are receiving benefits will increase by a certain amount. An individual (gain) or loss is generated for each plan member based on their actual benefit amount reported in the current valuation. Inflation for 2022 was significantly above recent history creating higher actual COLA percentages than expected and driving losses in the Police Officers and Firefighters' and Teachers' Plans and the Judges' Plan. The actual COLA for Police Officers and Firefighters was $6.50 \%$ compared to the $2.15 \%$ assumption. The actual COLA for Teachers was $6.30 \%$ compared to the $2.14 \%$ assumption. The actual COLA for Judges was $8.70 \%$ compared to the $1.88 \%$ assumption. Additionally, for Police Officers and Firefighters retired prior to February 15,1980 that receive equalization, the collective bargaining agreement created a loss of $\$ 24.4$ million.
- (Gains)/Losses due to Census Changes: Each year, ODCP prepares the census data that will be used as the basis for the annual valuation. Inevitably, there will be updates to the census data beyond those that we would expect due to the passage of time. This category of (gain)/loss is described in more detail below.

For the Police Officers and Firefighters' and Teachers' Plans, the net loss amount was $\$ 27.7$ million and includes the following:

- A $\$ 27.5$ million loss resulting from new beneficiaries following the death of plan members for whom the chosen form of payment was unknown.
- A $\$ 0.8$ million loss resulting from active plan members who retired or terminated within the past year, primarily due to benefits calculated at retirement different than previously estimated or those who were not eligible to begin benefits in the prior valuation.
- A $\$ 0.6$ million net gain resulting from other miscellaneous demographic changes including ongoing data management (unexpected changes to data fields such as hire date, salary, service, amounts etc.) offset by losses from rehires.


## Executive Summary

## Highlights of the Actuarial Valuation

For the Judges' Plan, the total loss amount of \$662,000 includes the following:

- A $\$ 212,000$ net loss resulting from active plan members who retired or terminated within the past year, primarily due to benefits calculated at retirement different than previously estimated.
- A $\$ 330,000$ net loss resulting from ongoing data management, including unexpected changes to data fields such as hire date, salary, service, etc.
- A $\$ 45,000$ loss resulting from data updates for continuing inactive plan members, primarily due to additional spouse information provided with these spouses being younger than assumed.
- A $\$ 75,000$ loss resulting from new beneficiaries following the death of plan members.


## Executive Summary

## Highlights of the Actuarial Valuation

## Source of Asset (Gain)/Loss due to Actuarial Experience

| Asset (Gain)/Loss | D.C. Federal Pension Fund |  | Judicial Retirement Fund |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Beginning of Year Assets | \$ | 3,991,603,721 | \$ | 196,811,485 |
| Expected Return on Assets |  | 32,235,783 |  | 4,908,493 |
| Actual Return on Assets |  | 80,638,894 |  | 4,211,915 |
| Asset (Gain)/Loss | \$ | $(48,403,111)$ | \$ | 696,578 |

The plan assets experienced the following rates of return during the prior plan year:

|  | D.C. Federal Pension <br> Fund | Judicial Retirement Fund |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Assets | $2.01 \%$ | $2.11 \%$ |

As noted on page 55 of this report in the Interest Rates for (Gain)/Loss section, the expected return on assets for the Judicial Retirement Fund is based on the prior year effective interest rate of $2.61 \%$ while the D.C. Federal Pension Fund's expected return on assets is based on the first rate on the prior year's yield curve, $0.87 \%$. The Judicial Retirement Fund experienced a lower-than-anticipated return of $2.11 \%$ on fund assets and the D.C. Federal Pension Fund experienced a higher-than-anticipated return of $2.01 \%$ on fund assets, thus resulting in an asset loss and an asset gain, respectively.

## Changes in Plan Provisions from the Previous Valuation

The valuation for the current plan year was based on the same plan provisions as the valuation for the prior plan year. We are not aware of any other changes to the plans since the last valuation.

A full summary of the plan provisions and plan changes for each plan (if any) can be found later in this report in Appendix C: Plan Provisions Summary.

## Executive Summary

## Highlights of the Actuarial Valuation

## Source of Liability (Gain)/Loss due to Changes in Actuarial Assumptions from the Previous Valuation

| Assumption Change | Police Officers and Firefighters', and Teachers' Plans |  | Judges' Plan |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Discount Rate Assumption | \$ | 31,565,314 | \$ | $(4,771,150)$ |
| Other Economic Assumptions |  | 395,982,245 |  | 24,556,682 |
| Non-Economic Assumptions |  | - |  | - |
| Total | \$ | 427,547,559 | \$ | 19,785,532 |

The discount rate assumption was updated according to prescribed guidance. While the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) for the Police Officers and Firefighters' and Teachers' Plans increased, it did not increase as much as expected, thereby creating a small loss. The EIR for the Judges' Plan increased, causing a gain.

For the Police Officers and Firefighters' and Teachers' Plans and Judges' Plan, the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) assumption for annuitants increased causing a loss. The wage inflation assumption increased for the Police Officers and Firefighters' Plan and decreased for the Teachers' Plan, which resulted in a net loss. For the Judges' Plan, the other economic assumption change was an increase to the wage inflation assumption for active plan members which caused a loss. A detailed description of the changes since prior year is available in Appendix A: Actuarial Assumptions and Methods.

While RPEC released an updated mortality report in October 2022, they did not produce a Scale MP-2022. Therefore, the Police Officers and Firefighters', and Teachers' Plans, and the Judges' Plan are using the most current projection scale available. A complete description of the actuarial assumptions and rationale can be found in Appendix A: Actuarial Assumptions and Methods and Appendix B: Rationale.

## Executive Summary

## Highlights of the Actuarial Valuation

## Government Contributions

This report includes a calculation of the Government Contribution required to be made before the end of FY 2024 (excluding the reimbursement for expenses). The table below contains Government Contribution (excluding expenses) for FY 2023 and FY 2024.

| Contribution Year | Government Contribution <br> (excluding expenses) |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| D.C. Federal Pension Fund | Judiciary Retirement Fund |  |  |  |
| September 30,2023 | $\$$ | $589,600,000$ | $\$$ | $22,000,000$ |
| September 30,2024 | $\$$ | $659,400,000$ | $\$$ | $26,200,000$ |

The increase/(decrease) in the Government Contribution amounts from FY2023 to FY2024 is explained in the table below.

|  | Police Officers and Firefighters', and Teachers' Plans |  | Judges' Plan |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full amortization of the 10/1/2013 Experience gain/loss | \$ | 9,900,000 | \$ | $(800,000)$ |
| New amortization base for the 10/1/2023 Experience gain/loss |  | 33,000,000 |  | 1,800,000 |
| New amortization base for the 10/1/2023 Assumption change gain/loss |  | 26,900,000 |  | 1,400,000 |
| Normal Cost change |  | - |  | 1,900,000 |
| Employee Contribution change |  | - |  | $(100,000)$ |
| Total | \$ | 69,800,000 | \$ | 4,200,000 |

## Executive Summary <br> Summary of Results

## Police Officers and Firefighters', and Teachers' Plans

Valuation Date
October 1, 2023
October 1, 2022
Plan Member Counts

| Actives | 430 | 567 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Terminated Vested | 240 | 260 |
| Annuitants | 12,780 | 13,042 |
| Total | 13,450 | 13,869 |

## Contributions

Federal Required Contribution

## Present Value of Benefits (PVB)

## Active Plan Members

Retirement Decrement
Termination Decrement
Disability Decrement
Death Decrement
Total
\$ 659,400,000 \$ 589,600,000

Inactive Plan Members
Normal Retirees ${ }^{1}$
Terminated Vested
Disabled Retirees ${ }^{1}$
Beneficiaries
Total

Total PVB (inactive and active)

| \$ | $6,720,542,939$ | \$ | $6,478,696,504$ |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | $37,560,508$ |  | $39,511,106$ |  |
|  | $651,436,268$ |  | $649,529,509$ |  |
|  | $926,060,576$ |  | $855,563,209$ |  |
|  | $8,335,600,291$ |  | $\$$ | $8,023,300,328$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| \$ | $8,500,663,382$ | $\$$ | $8,212,151,289$ |  |

Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)
Active AAL
Inactive AAL
Total AAL

Asset Value as of Valuation Date

Unfunded AAL

| \$ | 165,063,091 | \$ | 188,850,961 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 8,335,600,291 |  | 8,023,300,328 |
| \$ | 8,500,663,382 | \$ | 8,212,151,289 |
| \$ | $(4,108,055,077)$ | \$ | $(3,991,603,721)$ |
| \$ | 4,392,608,305 | \$ | 4,220,547,568 |

[^0]
## Executive Summary <br> Summary of Results

## Judges' Plan

Valuation Date
October 1, $2023 \quad$ October 1, 2022

Plan Member Counts

| Actives |  | 61 |  | 57 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Terminated Vested |  | - |  |  |
| Annuitants |  | 104 |  | 106 |
| Total |  | 165 |  | 163 |
| Contributions |  |  |  |  |
| Government Contribution (excluding expenses) | \$ | 26,200,000 | \$ | 22,000,000 |
| Present Value of Benefits (PVB) |  |  |  |  |
| Active Plan Members |  |  |  |  |
| Retirement Decrement | \$ | 185,192,830 | \$ | 150,387,774 |
| Termination Decrement |  | - |  |  |
| Disability Decrement |  | - |  | - |
| Death Decrement |  | 1,135,412 |  | 863,254 |
| Total | \$ | 186,328,242 | \$ | 151,251,028 |
| Inactive Plan Members |  |  |  |  |
| Normal Retirees ${ }^{1}$ | \$ | 220,896,705 | \$ | 201,038,833 |
| Terminated Vested |  | - |  | - |
| Disabled Retirees ${ }^{1}$ |  | 4,793,614 |  | 4,252,423 |
| Beneficiaries |  | 11,632,143 |  | 10,168,034 |
| Total | \$ | 237,322,462 | \$ | 215,459,290 |
| Total PVB (inactive and active) | \$ | 423,650,704 | \$ | 366,710,318 |

## Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)

| Active AAL | \$ | 90,636,006 | \$ | 80,380,614 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Inactive AAL |  | 237,322,462 |  | 215,459,290 |
| Total AAL | \$ | 327,958,468 | \$ | 295,839,904 |
| Asset Value as of Valuation Date | \$ | $(206,059,441)$ | \$ | $(196,811,485)$ |
| Unfunded AAL | \$ | 121,899,027 | \$ | 99,028,419 |
| Total Normal Cost | \$ | 9,300,000 | \$ | 7,400,000 |
| Employee Contributions |  | $(700,000)$ |  | $(600,000)$ |
| Net Employer Normal Cost | \$ | 8,600,000 | \$ | 6,800,000 |

[^1]
## Executive Summary <br> Actuarial Valuation Opinion

This report presents the results of the actuarial valuation of the Program as of October 1, 2023. In our opinion, this report is complete and accurate and represents fairly the actuarial position of the Program for the purposes stated herein.

This actuarial valuation has been prepared based upon plan member data and plan provisions provided by the Department of the Treasury as of May 1, 2023 (plan data was projected to September 30, 2023 by adjusting for expected mortality for inactive plan members) and the estimated asset information projected by the Department of the Treasury to September 30, 2023 (provided on August 10, 2023).

In FY 2023, a collective bargaining agreement was ratified that increased the future and historical salaries for certain participants in the Police Officers and Firefighters' and Teachers' Plans. A factor was provided developed based on the number of years retired to reflect the retroactive pay adjustment for those who retired within the last four years. The historical salaries were also increased to reflect the retroactive pay increase.

We have reviewed the data and other information provided for reasonableness, but have not independently audited the data or other information provided. We have no reason to believe the data and other information provided are not complete and accurate, and know of no further information that is essential to the preparation of the actuarial valuation.

In our opinion, all costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors underlying these actuarial computations have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods. Each are reasonable (or consistent with authoritative guidance) for the purposes described herein taking into account the experience of the plans and future expectations. Rates of interest used in this valuation are provided by ODCP and are consistent with authoritative guidance. All other assumptions are reasonable for the purposes described herein.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following:

- Plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions;
- Changes in economic or demographic assumptions;
- Increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operations of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on each plan's funded status); and
- Changes in plan provisions or applicable law.

Our scope did not include analyzing the potential range of such future measurements; therefore, this analysis was not performed.

The undersigned with actuarial credentials collectively meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions contained herein.

This report was prepared solely for the benefit and internal use of the Department of the Treasury. This report is not intended for the benefit of any other party and may not be relied upon by any third party for any purpose, and Deloitte Consulting LLP accepts no responsibility or liability with respect to any party other than the Department of the Treasury.

To the best of our knowledge, no employee of the Deloitte U.S. Firms is an officer or director of the employer. In addition, we are not aware of any relationship between the Deloitte U.S. Firms and the employer that may impair or appear to impair the objectivity of the work detailed in this report.

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## Assessment of Risk

Risk can be defined as the potential of actual future measurements deviating from expected future measurements resulting from actual future experience deviating from actuarially assumed experience. This section is intended to comply with the requirements of Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) No. 51, Assessment and Disclosure of Risk Associated with Measuring Pension Obligations and Determining Pension Plan Contributions.

Additionally, the interest rate method of averaging the quarterly treasury rate over 40 quarters constitutes a low-default risk obligation measure (LDROM) per Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) No. 4, Measuring Pension Obligations and Determining Pension Plan Costs or Contributions.

Measuring pension obligations and calculating actuarially determined contributions require the use of assumptions regarding future economic and demographic experience. However, an intended user of such measurements should understand the effects of future experience differing from the assumptions used in the actuarial valuation and the potential volatility of future measurements resulting from such differences.

Methods used in the assessment of risk may include, but are not limited to scenario tests, sensitivity tests, stochastic modeling, stress tests, and a comparison of an actuarial present value using a discount rate derived from minimal-risk investments to a corresponding actuarial present value from the actuarial valuation.

A more detailed assessment than what is presented below may be beneficial to understand the risks identified. The factors that are considered in making this judgement include risk assessment findings, length of time and changes in plan circumstances since the last assessment, absolute or relative size of the plan, maturity of the plan, funded status, asset allocation, method for determining contributions, or contribution risk (to the extent known by the actuary).

Following is a discussion of the risks that, in our professional judgement, may be anticipated to significantly affect the Program's future financial condition.

For purposes of this section, pension obligations refer to Actuarial Accrued Liability and costs refer to Total Required Government Contribution.

## Significant Risks

Below, we have listed a number of anticipated risks that may affect pension plans in general. We have identified potential risks that pertain to ODCP specifically and listed them in order of significance. We have defined "significant risks" as factors that could impact costs or liabilities. Additionally, we have identified any risks that, although they may be relevant to pension plans in general, are not applicable for ODCP.

## Cost-of-Living-Adjustment (COLA) Risk

The potential that annual COLA applied to participants' benefits will deviate from expected increases.
The Police Officers and Firefighters', and Teachers' Plans and the Judges' Plan predominantly consist of participants already receiving annuities subject to a cost of living adjustment. The risk of actual COLA deviating from expected increases, in conjunction with the Program's maturity, is a significant risk for ODCP.

## Longevity Risk

The potential that mortality experience will be different than expected.
Annuity based plans such as the Police Officers and Firefighters', and Teachers' Plans and the Judges' Plan are subject to longevity risk. Failing to project longevity improvements or to under-project them understates the value of the plan over time. This is particularly acute for plans also subject to a COLA.

## Investment Risk

The potential that investment returns will be different than expected.
To the extent that ODCP's investment policy results in more or less cash than expected, there may be a decrease or increase, respectively, in future cost requirements. Due to the makeup of ODCP's portfolio of assets consisting mainly of government treasury bonds, if yields behave differently than expected then the asset returns under the Program could be different than expected causing contribution requirements to increase or decrease.

## Interest Rate Risk

The potential that interest rates will be different than expected. As interest rates decrease, the present value of future benefit obligations increases. The magnitude of this risk depends on the Plan's effective duration, maturity, population composition, and benefit structure.

All ODCP plans use the full yield curve derived at the time of the valuation by averaging the quarterly treasury rate over 40 quarters (as published by the Department of the Treasury). A decrease in the yield curve could cause the cost of the plans to increase, while also resulting in an increase in the costs of the bonds to be purchased, thus lowering their return.

## Assessment of Risk

## Asset/Liability Mismatch Risk

The potential that changes in asset values are not matched by changes in the value of liabilities.
ODCP mitigates interest rate risk by attempting to match asset and liability cash flows. However, the inability to match cash flows due to the limited nature of the available durations of Treasury securities could introduce risk to the Funds.

## Data Quality Risk

The potential that the data quality interferes with the ability to develop an accurate estimate of liabilities.

ODCP has implemented many data control processes and procedures to ensure the integrity and quality of their data. Even so, unexpected data breaches or unexpected data changes could have a negative financial impact on the Program.

## Legislative and Regulatory Risk

The potential that future legislative or regulatory change could impact the calculation of the obligations and costs of the Program.

Unexpected regulatory rules or new laws could result in reassessing the valuation methods described in this report and could have an impact on the Program. Costs caused by any unexpected regulatory or law change could also pose a potential risk to the Program.

## Liquidity Risk

The potential inability to cover short term costs resulting in a quicker than anticipated liquidation of assets.

An unexpected increase in short term benefit obligations could result in a reassessment of ODCP's current investment policy in order to decrease the impact caused by liquidity risk. However, ODCP's current investment policy serves to minimize this occurrence, thereby making this risk less prevalent.

## The remaining risks noted below have the potential to impact pension plans in general, however, we concluded that they are not pertinent to the ODCP plans at this time.

## Salary Scale Risk

The potential that actual future salary increases deviate from expected future salary increases.
Because the Program consists of predominately inactive plan members, the risks associated with an unexpected increase in active plan members' salaries will have minimal impact on the Program.

## Other Demographic Risk

The potential that other demographic experiences will be different than expected.

An unexpected change in assumptions including retirement rates, disability incidence rates, or elected forms of benefit could result in an increase to costs. However, because the Program consists of predominantly inactive plan members, this risk is expected to have minimal impact.

## Workforce Risk

The potential that the size and characteristics of the Program's workforce will be different than expected.
For the Police Officers and Firefighters', and Teachers' Plans, active plan members were hired prior to July 1, 1997. Given that these plan members are either retirement eligible or nearly retirement eligible, there is minimal risk that the workforce size or characteristics will deviate from expectation in a way that would introduce significant risk to the plan. While the Judges' Plan is still open and accruing, the workforce is relatively stable in nature, and therefore provides minimal risk overall to the Program.

## Contribution Risk

The potential that actual future required contributions will deviate from expected future contributions.
The Program is statutorily funded, thereby eliminating risk associated with future required contributions deviating from expected contributions.

## Assessment of Risk

## Plan Maturity Measures

As a plan shifts from a young, active population accruing benefits to older retirees, pension obligations and costs may increase until the plan approaches fully inactive, after which time the liability will start to decrease. Both the Judges' Plan and the Police Officers and Firefighters', and Teachers' Plans have significantly more inactive liability than active liability and thus, are considered to have mature to very mature populations.

The tables below detail several plan maturity measures that are significant in understanding the risks associated with the Program. As a plan becomes more mature, obligation grows relative to plan assets. Once the plan is mature, the obligation will stay stable or decrease relative to the plan assets. Depending on the value of the measure, different approaches to asset and liability management may be appropriate. It is important to consider these measures in the context of the plans' provisions and features.

The following table shows a comparison of Active Participant Liability to Inactive Participant Liability for the current and prior years.

| Year | Police Officers and Firefighters', and <br> Teachers' Plans | Judges' Plan |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $9 / 30 / 2023$ | $1.98 \%$ | $38.19 \%$ |
| $9 / 30 / 2022$ | $2.35 \%$ | $37.31 \%$ |
| $9 / 30 / 2021$ | $3.49 \%$ | $42.65 \%$ |
| $9 / 30 / 2020$ | $4.69 \%$ | $44.33 \%$ |
| $9 / 30 / 2019$ | $6.09 \%$ | $47.15 \%$ |
| $9 / 30 / 2018$ | $6.75 \%$ | $48.91 \%$ |
| $9 / 30 / 2017$ | $8.17 \%$ | $50.92 \%$ |
| $9 / 30 / 2016$ | $9.63 \%$ | $55.65 \%$ |
| $9 / 30 / 2015$ | $11.83 \%$ | $57.09 \%$ |
| $9 / 30 / 2014$ | $12.71 \%$ | $50.49 \%$ |

The following table shows a comparison of Active Participant Headcount to Inactive Participant Headcount for the current and prior years. ${ }^{1}$

|  | Ratio of Active to Inactive Participant Headcount |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Police | Fire | Teacher | Subtotal | Judges | Total |
| $5 / 1 / 2023$ | $1.99 \%$ | $5.91 \%$ | $3.88 \%$ | $\mathbf{3 . 3 0 \%}$ | $58.65 \%$ | $\mathbf{3 . 7 4 \%}$ |
| $5 / 1 / 2022$ | $2.93 \%$ | $8.11 \%$ | $4.38 \%$ | $\mathbf{4 . 2 6 \%}$ | $53.77 \%$ | $\mathbf{4 . 6 5 \%}$ |
| $5 / 1 / 2021$ | $4.70 \%$ | $12.98 \%$ | $4.91 \%$ | $\mathbf{5 . 9 7 \%}$ | $55.34 \%$ | $\mathbf{6 . 3 4 \%}$ |
| $5 / 1 / 2020$ | $6.96 \%$ | $15.39 \%$ | $5.43 \%$ | $\mathbf{7 . 5 4 \%}$ | $60.40 \%$ | $\mathbf{7 . 9 3 \%}$ |
| $5 / 1 / 2019$ | $9.84 \%$ | $18.55 \%$ | $6.23 \%$ | $\mathbf{9 . 5 8 \%}$ | $61.46 \%$ | $\mathbf{9 . 9 4 \%}$ |
| $5 / 1 / 2018$ | $12.22 \%$ | $21.03 \%$ | $7.01 \%$ | $\mathbf{1 1 . 2 6 \%}$ | $64.89 \%$ | $\mathbf{1 1 . 6 2 \%}$ |
| $5 / 1 / 2017$ | $15.17 \%$ | $23.60 \%$ | $8.24 \%$ | $\mathbf{1 3 . 3 8 \%}$ | $69.57 \%$ | $\mathbf{1 3 . 7 5 \%}$ |
| $5 / 1 / 2016$ | $19.12 \%$ | $26.27 \%$ | $9.91 \%$ | $\mathbf{1 6 . 1 6 \%}$ | $73.63 \%$ | $\mathbf{1 6 . 5 4 \%}$ |
| $5 / 31 / 2015$ | $24.66 \%$ | $28.76 \%$ | $11.71 \%$ | $\mathbf{1 9 . 5 6 \%}$ | $76.14 \%$ | $\mathbf{1 9 . 9 2 \%}$ |
| $5 / 31 / 2014$ | $28.57 \%$ | $30.09 \%$ | $13.19 \%$ | $\mathbf{2 1 . 9 5 \%}$ | $76.40 \%$ | $\mathbf{2 2 . 3 1 \%}$ |

${ }^{1}$ For years prior to $5 / 1 / 2017$, Vested Terminated Participants were not included in the inactive participant headcount.

## Assessment of Risk

## Additional Historical Information

The tables and charts below identify and disclose reasonably available relative historical values of the Program's actuarial measurements that, in the actuary's professional judgement, are significant to understanding the risks of the Program.

## Benefit Breakdown by Annuitant Type

The following table shows a summary of the number of plan participants receiving a full or partial federal benefit ${ }^{1}$ for the current and prior years (Retirees, Beneficiaries, Disableds).

| Year | Police | Firefighters | Teachers | $\underline{\text { Subtotal }}$ | Judges | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $5 / 1 / 2023$ | 6,024 | 1,938 | 4,818 | $\mathbf{1 2 , 7 8 0}$ | 104 | $\mathbf{1 2 , 8 8 4}$ |
| $5 / 1 / 2022$ | 6,093 | 1,952 | 4,997 | $\mathbf{1 3 , 0 4 2}$ | 106 | $\mathbf{1 3 , 1 4 8}$ |
| $5 / 1 / 2021$ | 6,096 | 1,909 | 5,182 | $\mathbf{1 3 , 1 8 7}$ | 103 | $\mathbf{1 3 , 2 9 0}$ |
| $5 / 1 / 2020$ | 6,066 | 1,925 | 5,354 | $\mathbf{1 3 , 3 4 5}$ | 101 | $\mathbf{1 3 , 4 4 6}$ |
| $5 / 1 / 2019$ | 5,992 | 1,927 | 5,521 | $\mathbf{1 3 , 4 4 0}$ | 96 | $\mathbf{1 3 , 5 3 6}$ |
| $5 / 1 / 2018$ | 5,956 | 1,928 | 5,656 | $\mathbf{1 3 , 5 4 0}$ | 94 | $\mathbf{1 3 , 6 3 4}$ |
| $5 / 1 / 2017$ | 5,890 | 1,918 | 5,734 | $\mathbf{1 3 , 5 4 2}$ | 92 | $\mathbf{1 3 , 6 3 4}$ |
| $5 / 1 / 2016$ | 5,806 | 1,911 | 5,842 | $\mathbf{1 3 , 5 5 9}$ | 91 | $\mathbf{1 3 , 6 5 0}$ |
| $5 / 31 / 2015$ | 5,605 | 1,909 | 5,884 | $\mathbf{1 3 , 3 9 8}$ | 88 | $\mathbf{1 3 , 4 8 6}$ |
| $5 / 31 / 2014$ | 5,527 | 1,931 | 5,965 | $\mathbf{1 3 , 4 2 3}$ | 89 | $\mathbf{1 3 , 5 1 2}$ |

${ }^{1}$ Includes annuitants with a deferred federal benefit.

The following table shows a summary of the number of plan participants receiving a full federal benefit for the current and prior years (Retirees, Beneficiaries, Disableds).

| Year | Police | Firefighters | Teachers | Subtotal | Judges | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $5 / 1 / 2023$ | 3,191 | 950 | 1,332 | $\mathbf{5 , 4 7 3}$ | 104 | $\mathbf{5 , 5 7 7}$ |
| $5 / 1 / 2022$ | 3,307 | 1,006 | 1,458 | $\mathbf{5 , 7 7 1}$ | 106 | $\mathbf{5 , 8 7 7}$ |
| $5 / 1 / 2021$ | 3,410 | 1,047 | 1,603 | $\mathbf{6 , 0 6 0}$ | 103 | $\mathbf{6 , 1 6 3}$ |
| $5 / 1 / 2020$ | 3,505 | 1,104 | 1,756 | $\mathbf{6 , 3 6 5}$ | 101 | $\mathbf{6 , 4 6 6}$ |
| $5 / 1 / 2019$ | 3,591 | 1,161 | 1,913 | $\mathbf{6 , 6 6 5}$ | 96 | $\mathbf{6 , 7 6 1}$ |
| $5 / 1 / 2018$ | 3,683 | 1,206 | 2,071 | $\mathbf{6 , 9 6 0}$ | 94 | $\mathbf{7 , 0 5 4}$ |
| $5 / 1 / 2017$ | 3,781 | 1,246 | 2,197 | $\mathbf{7 , 2 2 4}$ | 92 | $\mathbf{7 , 3 1 6}$ |
| $5 / 1 / 2016$ | 3,881 | 1,289 | 2,343 | $\mathbf{7 , 5 1 3}$ | 91 | $\mathbf{7 , 6 0 4}$ |
| $5 / 31 / 2015$ | 3,952 | 1,323 | 2,457 | $\mathbf{7 , 7 3 2}$ | 88 | $\mathbf{7 , 8 2 0}$ |
| $5 / 31 / 2014$ | 4,047 | 1,372 | 2,626 | $\mathbf{8 , 0 4 5}$ | 89 | $\mathbf{8 , 1 3 4}$ |

The following table shows a summary of the number of plan participants receiving a federal benefit and a District benefit ${ }^{2}$ for the current and prior years (Retirees, Beneficiaries, Disableds).

| Year | Police | Firefighters | Teachers | $\underline{\text { Subtotal }}$ | Judges $^{\mathbf{3}}$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $5 / 1 / 2023$ | 2,833 | 988 | 3,486 | $\mathbf{7 , 3 0 7}$ | N/A | $\mathbf{7 , 3 0 7}$ |
| $5 / 1 / 2022$ | 2,786 | 946 | 3,539 | $\mathbf{7 , 2 7 1}$ | N/A | $\mathbf{7 , 2 7 1}$ |
| $5 / 1 / 2021$ | 2,686 | 862 | 3,579 | $\mathbf{7 , 1 2 7}$ | N/A | $\mathbf{7 , 1 2 7}$ |
| $5 / 1 / 2020$ | 2,561 | 821 | 3,598 | $\mathbf{6 , 9 8 0}$ | N/A | $\mathbf{6 , 9 8 0}$ |
| $5 / 1 / 2019$ | 2,401 | 766 | 3,608 | $\mathbf{6 , 7 7 5}$ | N/A | $\mathbf{6 , 7 7 5}$ |
| $5 / 1 / 2018$ | 2,273 | 722 | 3,585 | $\mathbf{6 , 5 8 0}$ | N/A | $\mathbf{6 , 5 8 0}$ |
| $5 / 1 / 2017$ | 2,109 | 672 | 3,537 | $\mathbf{6 , 3 1 8}$ | N/A | $\mathbf{6 , 3 1 8}$ |
| $5 / 1 / 2016$ | 1,925 | 622 | 3,499 | $\mathbf{6 , 0 4 6}$ | N/A | $\mathbf{6 , 0 4 6}$ |
| $5 / 31 / 2015$ | 1,653 | 586 | 3,427 | $\mathbf{5 , 6 6 6}$ | N/A | $\mathbf{5 , 6 6 6}$ |
| $5 / 31 / 2014$ | 1,480 | 559 | 3,339 | $\mathbf{5 , 3 7 8}$ | N/A | $\mathbf{5 , 3 7 8}$ |

[^2]
## Assessment of Risk

## Assets

The following table shows the Net Assets Available for Benefits ${ }^{1}$ ( $\$$ millions) in each plan for the current and prior years.

| Year | Police Officers and Firefighters', and Teachers' Plans | Judges' Plan | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9/30/2023 | \$4,108.1 | \$206.1 | \$4,314.1 |
| 9/30/2022 | \$3,991.6 | \$196.8 | \$4,188.4 |
| 9/30/2021 | \$3,952.5 | \$190.1 | \$4,142.6 |
| 9/30/2020 | \$3,870.9 | \$182.8 | \$4,053.7 |
| 9/30/2019 | \$3,822.6 | \$177.2 | \$3,999.8 |
| 9/30/2018 | \$3,818.5 | \$170.1 | \$3,988.6 |
| 9/30/2017 | \$3,851.9 | \$162.7 | \$4,014.6 |
| 9/30/2016 | \$3,902.3 | \$156.1 | \$4,058.4 |
| 9/30/2015 | \$3,959.3 | \$150.4 | \$4,109.7 |
| 9/30/2014 | \$3,975.9 | \$146.5 | \$4,122.4 |

${ }^{1}$ Securities are valued at amortized cost, not market value.

## Liabilities

The following table shows the Accrued Liability (\$ millions) in each plan for the current and prior years.

| Year | Police Officers and Firefighters', and <br> Teachers' Plans | Judges' Plan | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $9 / 30 / 2023$ | $\$ 8,500.7$ | $\$ 328.0$ | $\mathbf{\$ 8 , 8 2 8 . 7}$ |
| $9 / 30 / 2022$ | $\$ 8,212.2$ | $\$ 295.8$ | $\mathbf{\$ 8 , 5 0 8 . 0}$ |
| $9 / 30 / 2021$ | $\$ 7,778.8$ | $\$ 276.4$ | $\mathbf{\$ 8 , 0 5 5 . 2}$ |
| $/ 30 / 2020$ | $\$ 8,050.5$ | $\$ 267.9$ | $\mathbf{\$ 8 , 3 1 8 . 4}$ |
| $9 / 30 / 2019$ | $\$ 8,188.7$ | $\$ 255.4$ | $\mathbf{\$ 8 , 4 4 4 . 1}$ |
| $9 / 30 / 2018$ | $\$ 8,163.0$ | $\$ 255.6$ | $\mathbf{\$ 8 , 4 1 8 . 6}$ |
| $9 / 30 / 2017$ | $\$ 8,479.5$ | $\$ 248.1$ | $\mathbf{\$ 8 , 7 2 7 . 6}$ |
| $9 / 30 / 2016$ | $\$ 8,650.3$ | $\$ 231.5$ | $\mathbf{\$ 8 , 8 8 1 . 8}$ |
| $9 / 30 / 2015$ | $\$ 8,687.6$ | $\$ 219.4$ | $\mathbf{\$ 8 , 9 0 7 . 0}$ |
| $9 / 30 / 2014$ | $\$ 9,046.8$ | $\$ 218.4$ | $\mathbf{\$ 9 , 2 6 5 . 2}$ |

The following table shows the Unfunded Liability (\$ millions) in each plan for the current and prior years.

| Year | Police Officers and Firefighters', and <br> Teachers' Plans | Judges' Plan | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $9 / 30 / 2023$ | $\$ 4,392.6$ | $\$ 121.9$ | $\mathbf{\$ 4 , 5 1 4 . 5}$ |
| $9 / 30 / 2022$ | $\$ 4,220.5$ | $\$ 99.0$ | $\mathbf{\$ 4 , 3 1 9 . 5}$ |
| $9 / 30 / 2021$ | $\$ 3,826.3$ | $\$ 86.3$ | $\mathbf{\$ 3 , 9 1 2 . 6}$ |
| $9 / 30 / 2020$ | $\$ 4,179.7$ | $\$ 85.1$ | $\mathbf{\$ 4 , 2 6 4 . 8}$ |
| $9 / 30 / 2019$ | $\$ 4,366.1$ | $\$ 78.2$ | $\mathbf{\$ 4 , 4 4 4 . 3}$ |
| $9 / 30 / 2018$ | $\$ 4,344.5$ | $\$ 85.5$ | $\mathbf{\$ 4 , 4 3 0 . 0}$ |
| $9 / 30 / 2017$ | $\$ 4,627.6$ | $\$ 85.4$ | $\mathbf{\$ 4 , 7 1 3 . 0}$ |
| $9 / 30 / 2016$ | $\$ 4,748.1$ | $\$ 75.4$ | $\mathbf{\$ 4 , 8 2 3 . 5}$ |
| $9 / 30 / 2015$ | $\$ 4,728.4$ | $\$ 69.0$ | $\mathbf{\$ 4 , 7 9 7 . 4}$ |
| $9 / 30 / 2014$ | $\$ 5,070.9$ | $\$ 71.9$ | $\mathbf{\$ 5 , 1 4 2 . 8}$ |

## Assessment of Risk

## Funded Ratio

The following table shows the ratio of the Assets to the Actuarial Accrued Liability.

| Year | Police Officers and Firefighters', and Teachers' Plans | Judges' Plan | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9/30/2023 | 48.3\% | 62.8\% | 48.9\% |
| 9/30/2022 | 48.6\% | 66.5\% | 49.2\% |
| 9/30/2021 | 50.8\% | 68.8\% | 51.4\% |
| 9/30/2020 | 48.1\% | 68.2\% | 48.7\% |
| 9/30/2019 | 46.7\% | 69.4\% | 47.4\% |
| 9/30/2018 | 46.8\% | 66.5\% | 47.4\% |
| 9/30/2017 | 45.4\% | 65.6\% | 46.0\% |
| 9/30/2016 | 45.1\% | 67.4\% | 45.7\% |
| 9/30/2015 | 45.6\% | 68.6\% | 46.1\% |
| 9/30/2014 | 43.9\% | 67.1\% | 44.5\% |

## Contributions

The following table shows the amount of the total required government contributions (\$ millions) to each fund for the current and prior years ${ }^{1}$.

| Year | Police Officers and Firefighters', and <br> Teachers' Plans | Judges' Plan | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FY 2023 | $\$ 659.4$ | $\$ 26.2$ | $\mathbf{\$ 6 8 5 . 6}$ |
| FY 2022 | $\$ 589.6$ | $\$ 22.0$ | $\mathbf{\$ 6 1 1 . 6}$ |
| FY 2021 | $\$ 520.9$ | $\$ 18.9$ | $\mathbf{\$ 5 3 9 . 8}$ |
| FY 2020 | $\$ 558.7$ | $\$ 18.3$ | $\mathbf{\$ 5 7 7 . 0}$ |
| FY 2019 | $\$ 520.3$ | $\$ 15.5$ | $\mathbf{\$ 5 3 5 . 8}$ |
| FY 2018 | $\$ 477.6$ | $\$ 16.1$ | $\mathbf{\$ 4 9 3 . 7}$ |
| FY 2017 | $\$ 451.8$ | $\$ 15.6$ | $\mathbf{\$ 4 6 7 . 4}$ |
| FY 2016 | $\$ 452.2$ | $\$ 15.6$ | $\mathbf{\$ 4 6 7 . 8}$ |
| FY 2015 | $\$ 460.9$ | $\$ 487.5$ | $\$ 14.2$ |
| FY 2014 |  |  | $\mathbf{\$ 4 7 5 . 1}$ |

${ }^{1}$ Payments for FY2018 and after are before administrative expenses for all plans.

## Distribution of Benefit Payments

The following table shows the amount of federal benefit payments and refunds paid (\$ millions) to each plan for the current and prior years.

| Year | Police Officers and Firefighters', and <br> Teachers' Plans | Judges' Plan | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FY 2023 | $\$ 553.3$ | $\$ 17.7$ | $\mathbf{\$ 5 7 1 . 1}$ |
| FY 2022 | $\$ 539.0$ | $\$ 16.5$ | $\mathbf{\$ 5 5 5 . 5}$ |
| FY 2021 | $\$ 532.2$ | $\$ 15.0$ | $\mathbf{\$ 5 4 7 . 2}$ |
| FY 2020 | $\$ 538.9$ | $\$ 14.2$ | $\mathbf{\$ 5 5 3 . 1}$ |
| FY 2019 | $\$ 543.3$ | $\$ 13.3$ | $\mathbf{\$ 5 5 6 . 6}$ |
| FY 2018 | $\$ 541.1$ | $\$ 12.5$ | $\mathbf{\$ 5 5 3 . 6}$ |
| FY 2017 | $\$ 541.4$ | $\$ 12.2$ | $\mathbf{\$ 5 5 3 . 6}$ |
| FY 2016 | $\$ 542.4$ | $\$ 11.8$ | $\mathbf{\$ 5 5 4 . 2}$ |
| FY 2015 | $\$ 541.7$ | $\$ 14.1$ | $\mathbf{\$ 5 5 5 . 8}$ |
| FY 2014 | $\$ 542.9$ | $\$ 11.9$ | $\mathbf{\$ 5 5 4 . 8}$ |

## Assessment of Risk

## Investment Performance

The following table shows the history of the approximate rate of return ${ }^{1}$ on the Market Value of Assets.

| Year | Police Officers and Firefighters', and <br> Teachers' Plans | Judges' Plan |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FY 2023 | $2.0 \%$ | $2.1 \%$ |
| FY 2022 | $1.5 \%$ | $1.9 \%$ |
| FY 2021 | $1.4 \%$ | $1.8 \%$ |
| FY 2020 | $1.8 \%$ | $2.1 \%$ |
| FY 2019 | $1.8 \%$ | $2.2 \%$ |
| FY 2018 | $1.5 \%$ | $2.3 \%$ |
| FY 2017 | $1.4 \%$ | $2.3 \%$ |
| FY 2016 | $1.0 \%$ | $2.4 \%$ |
| FY 2015 | $0.8 \%$ | $2.2 \%$ |
| FY 2014 | $1.3 \%$ | $2.1 \%$ |

${ }^{1}$ Rates from FY2014 and FY2015 are net of expenses for all plans.
The following table shows the total amount of interest earned in each plan from investments for the current and prior years (\$ millions).

| Year | Police Officers and Firefighters', and <br> Teachers' Plans | Judges' Plan | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FY 2023 | $\$ 78.3$ | $\$ 4.1$ | $\mathbf{\$ 8 2 . 4}$ |
| FY 2022 | $\$ 56.6$ | $\$ 3.5$ | $\mathbf{\$ 6 0 . 1}$ |
| FY 2021 | $\$ 57.0$ | $\$ 3.4$ | $\mathbf{\$ 6 0 . 4}$ |
| FY 2020 | $\$ 66.6$ | $\$ 3.7$ | $\mathbf{\$ 7 0 . 3}$ |
| FY 2019 | $\$ 69.1$ | $\$ 3.8$ | $\mathbf{\$ 7 2 . 9}$ |
| FY 2018 | $\$ 57.5$ | $\$ 3.6$ | $\mathbf{\$ 6 1 . 1}$ |
| FY 2017 | $\$ 51.0$ | $\$ 3.5$ | $\mathbf{\$ 5 4 . 5}$ |
| FY 2016 | $\$ 51.1$ | $\$ 3.6$ | $\mathbf{\$ 5 4 . 7}$ |
| FY 2015 | $\$ 54.9$ | $\$ 3.7$ | $\mathbf{\$ 5 8 . 6}$ |
| FY 2014 | $\$ 61.9$ | $\$ 3.8$ | $\mathbf{\$ 6 5 . 7}$ |

The following table shows the rates used for the return on market value of assets ("Asset Return") and the percentage of the amortized cost value of investment ("Liability Rates").

|  | Police Officers and Firefighters', and <br> Teachers' Plans |  | Judges' Plan |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Liability Rates | Asset Return | Liability Rates | Asset Return |
| FY 2023 | $1.3 \%-3.3 \%$ | $2.0 \%$ | $1.3 \%-3.3 \%$ | $2.1 \%$ |
| FY 2022 | $0.9 \%-3.2 \%$ | $1.5 \%$ | $0.9 \%-3.2 \%$ | $1.9 \%$ |
| FY 2021 | $0.8 \%-3.3 \%$ | $1.4 \%$ | $0.8 \%-3.3 \%$ | $1.8 \%$ |
| FY 2020 | $0.8 \%-3.6 \%$ | $1.8 \%$ | $0.8 \%-3.6 \%$ | $2.1 \%$ |
| FY 2019 | $0.7 \%-3.8 \%$ | $1.8 \%$ | $0.7 \%-3.8 \%$ | $2.2 \%$ |
| FY 2018 | $0.6 \%-3.9 \%$ | $1.5 \%$ | $0.6 \%-3.9 \%$ | $2.3 \%$ |
| FY 2017 | $0.7 \%-4.0 \%$ | $1.4 \%$ | $0.7 \%-4.0 \%$ | $2.3 \%$ |
| FY 2016 | $1.1 \%-4.2 \%$ | $1.0 \%$ | $1.1 \%-4.2 \%$ | $2.4 \%$ |
| FY 2015 | $1.5 \%-4.3 \%$ | $0.8 \%$ | $1.5 \%-4.3 \%$ | $2.2 \%$ |
| FY 2014 | $1.7 \%-4.4 \%$ | $1.3 \%$ | $1.7 \%-4.4 \%$ | $2.1 \%$ |

## Assessment of Risk

## (Gains)/Losses

The following table shows the Historical (Gains)/Losses in each plan for the current and prior years (in millions). The plans will experience deviations from expected each year. The amount of the deviation is amortized over future years and included in the contribution calculation.

| Year | Police Officers and Firefighters', and Teachers' Plans |  |  | Judges' Plan |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Actuarial (Gain)/Loss Investment | Actuarial (Gain)/Loss Experience | Actuarial (Gain)/Loss Method/ Assumptions | Actuarial (Gain)/Loss Investment | Actuarial (Gain)/Loss Experience | Actuarial (Gain)/Loss Method/ Assumptions |
| 9/30/2023 | (\$48.4) | \$345.3 | \$427.5 | \$0.7 | \$15.1 | \$19.8 |
| 9/30/2022 | (\$28.1) | \$374.1 | \$538.3 | \$1.2 | \$12.2 | \$9.7 |
| 9/30/2021 | (\$25.9) | (\$42.4) | \$239.0 | \$1.8 | \$1.7 | \$7.9 |
| 9/30/2020 | (\$40.7) | \$48.5 | \$293.7 | \$1.7 | \$4.6 | \$9.0 |
| 9/30/2019 | (\$48.9) | \$30.3 | \$492.0 | \$1.5 | \$4.3 | (\$4.8) |
| 9/30/2018 | (\$30.6) | \$52.2 | \$114.0 | \$1.6 | \$4.1 | \$1.7 |
| 9/30/2017 | (\$12.2) | \$25.7 | \$251.0 | \$1.8 | \$1.6 | \$13.1 |
| 9/30/2016 | \$4.3 | (\$63.0) | \$484.5 | \$2.0 | (\$2.2) | \$11.7 |
| 9/30/2015 | \$9.8 | (\$69.8) | \$100.1 | \$1.4 | (\$0.3) | \$1.1 |
| 9/30/2014 | \$7.0 | (\$66.0) | \$354.3 | \$1.9 | \$21.3 | \$4.8 |

## Inflation Assumptions

The following table shows the annual long term actuarial general pay and inflation assumptions in each plan for the current and prior years. The inflation assumption is used to project future pay for the active population.

| Year | Cost-of-Living | Police/Fire Pay | Teachers Pay | Judges Pay |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FY 2023 | $2.6 \%-2.6 \%$ | $2.55 \%-2.75 \%$ | $2.1 \%$ | $1.7 \%$ |
| FY 2022 | $1.9 \%-2.2 \%$ | $2.15 \%-2.20 \%$ | $2.3 \%$ | $1.3 \%$ |
| FY 2021 | $1.7 \%-1.8 \%$ | $2.15 \%-2.20 \%$ | $2.3 \%$ | $1.0 \%$ |
| FY 2020 | $1.5 \%-1.8 \%$ | $2.15 \%-2.20 \%$ | $2.3 \%$ | $0.9 \%$ |
| FY 2019 | $1.4 \%-1.8 \%$ | $1.95 \%-2.00 \%$ | $2.3 \%$ | $0.8 \%$ |
| FY 2018 | $1.6 \%-1.7 \%$ | $1.8 \%-2.2 \%$ | $2.4 \%$ | $1.0 \%$ |
| FY 2017 | $1.7 \%-1.9 \%$ | $1.8 \%-2.2 \%$ | $3.0 \%$ | $1.1 \%$ |
| FY 2016 | $1.9 \%-2.0 \%$ | $2.0 \%-2.2 \%$ | $3.0 \%$ | $1.2 \%$ |
| FY 2015 | $2.1 \%-2.4 \%$ | $2.2 \%$ | $3.0 \%$ | $1.7 \%$ |
| FY 2014 | $2.4 \%-2.5 \%$ | $2.2 \%-2.3 \%$ | $3.0 \%$ | $1.9 \%$ |

## Plan Cost

## Amortization Schedule and Required Government Contribution

## Police Officers and Firefighters', and Teachers' Plans

| Amortization Base | Remaining Number of Years |  | Annual Amortization Installment |  | tanding Balance October 1, 2023 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Initial Unfunded Accrued Liability | 4 | \$ | 348,600,000 |  | 1,341,726,757 |
| Assumption Change 10/1/2004 | 1 |  | 13,700,000 |  | 13,524,186 |
| Assumption Change 10/1/2005 | 2 |  | $(6,300,000)$ |  | $(12,347,596)$ |
| Assumption Change 10/1/2006 | 3 |  | 39,800,000 |  | 116,010,672 |
| Assumption Change 10/1/2007 | 4 |  | 3,600,000 |  | 13,856,042 |
| Assumption Change 10/1/2008 | 5 |  | 3,300,000 |  | 15,710,881 |
| Assumption Change 10/1/2009 | 6 |  | 40,700,000 |  | 229,971,806 |
| Assumption Change 10/1/2010 | 7 |  | 10,500,000 |  | 68,432,667 |
| Assumption Change 10/1/2011 | 8 |  | 6,900,000 |  | 50,794,855 |
| Assumption Change 10/1/2012 | 9 |  | 32,500,000 |  | 265,970,442 |
| Assumption Change 10/1/2013 | 10 |  | 18,700,000 |  | 167,990,208 |
| Funding Method Change 10/1/2013 | 10 |  | $(34,800,000)$ |  | $(312,623,488)$ |
| (Gain)/Loss 10/1/2014 | 1 |  | $(6,900,000)$ |  | $(6,811,451)$ |
| Assumption Change 10/1/2014 | 11 |  | 13,400,000 |  | 130,790,125 |
| (Gain)/Loss 10/1/2015 | 2 |  | $(7,000,000)$ |  | $(13,719,551)$ |
| Assumption Change 10/1/2015 | 12 |  | $(4,000,000)$ |  | $(42,061,693)$ |
| (Gain)/Loss 10/1/2016 | 3 |  | $(10,000,000)$ |  | $(29,148,410)$ |
| Assumption Change 10/1/2016 | 13 |  | 20,600,000 |  | 231,694,688 |
| Method Change 10/1/2016 | 13 |  | 500,000 |  | 5,623,657 |
| (Gain)/Loss 10/1/2017 | 4 |  | 1,500,000 |  | 5,773,351 |
| Assumption Change 10/1/2017 | 14 |  | 5,000,000 |  | 59,780,048 |
| (Gain)/Loss 10/1/2018 | 5 |  | 2,400,000 |  | 11,426,095 |
| Assumption Change 10/1/2018 | 15 |  | $(1,600,000)$ |  | $(20,227,913)$ |
| (Gain)/Loss 10/1/2019 | 6 |  | $(2,100,000)$ |  | $(11,865,867)$ |
| Assumption Change 10/1/2019 | 16 |  | 26,300,000 |  | 349,938,395 |
| (Gain)/Loss 10/1/2020 | 7 |  | 900,000 |  | 5,865,657 |
| Assumption Change 10/1/2020 | 17 |  | 12,000,000 |  | 167,373,164 |
| (Gain)/Loss 10/1/2021 | 8 |  | $(7,500,000)$ |  | $(55,211,799)$ |
| Assumption Change 10/1/2021 | 18 |  | 9,600,000 |  | 139,851,923 |
| (Gain)/Loss 10/1/2022 | 9 |  | 38,000,000 |  | 310,980,825 |
| Assumption Change 10/1/2022 | 19 |  | 31,200,000 |  | 473,221,528 |
| (Gain)/Loss 10/1/2023 | 10 |  | 33,000,000 |  | 296,868,111 |
| Assumption Change 10/1/20231 | 20 |  | 26,900,000 |  | 423,449,990 |
| Total Amortization |  | \$ | 659,400,000 | \$ | 4,392,608,305 |
| Total Normal Cost with Interest |  | \$ | - |  |  |
| Employee Contributions |  |  | - |  |  |
| Net Employer Normal Cost |  | \$ | - |  |  |
| Total Required Government Contribution as of September 30, $\mathbf{2 0 2 3}^{\mathbf{2}}$ |  | \$ | 659,400,000 |  |  |

[^3]
## Plan Cost

## Amortization Schedule and Required Government Contribution

## Judges' Plan

| Amortization Base | Remaining Number of Years |  | Annual Amortization Installment |  | nding Balance tober 1, 2023 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Initial Unfunded Accrued Liability | 4 | \$ | 2,100,000 | \$ | 7,854,684 |
| Assumption Change 10/1/2004 | 1 |  | 200,000 |  | 194,666 |
| Assumption Change 10/1/2006 | 3 |  | 600,000 |  | 1,705,686 |
| Assumption Change 10/1/2008 | 5 |  | 200,000 |  | 922,781 |
| Assumption Change 10/1/2009 | 6 |  | $(800,000)$ |  | $(4,371,349)$ |
| Assumption Changes 10/1/2010 | 7 |  | 1,500,000 |  | 9,437,686 |
| Assumption Changes 10/1/2011 | 8 |  | 100,000 |  | 709,732 |
| Assumption Changes 10/1/2012 | 9 |  | 600,000 |  | 4,728,825 |
| Assumption Changes 10/1/2013 | 10 |  | 400,000 |  | 3,457,806 |
| Funding Method Change 10/1/2013 | 10 |  | $(1,000,000)$ |  | $(8,644,515)$ |
| (Gain)/Loss 10/1/2014 | 1 |  | 2,900,000 |  | 2,822,659 |
| Assumption Change 10/1/2014 | 11 |  | 200,000 |  | 1,877,461 |
| (Gain)/Loss 10/1/2015 | 2 |  | 100,000 |  | 192,070 |
| Assumption Change 10/1/2016 | 13 |  | 300,000 |  | 3,244,193 |
| Method Change 10/1/2016 | 13 |  | 500,000 |  | 5,406,989 |
| (Gain)/Loss 10/1/2017 | 4 |  | 400,000 |  | 1,496,130 |
| Assumption Change 10/1/2017 | 14 |  | 800,000 |  | 9,199,126 |
| (Gain)/Loss 10/1/2018 | 5 |  | 700,000 |  | 3,229,733 |
| Assumption Change 10/1/2018 | 15 |  | 100,000 |  | 1,216,557 |
| (Gain)/Loss 10/1/2019 | 6 |  | 700,000 |  | 3,824,930 |
| Assumption Change 10/1/2019 | 16 |  | $(400,000)$ |  | $(5,125,782)$ |
| (Gain)/Loss 10/1/2020 | 7 |  | 700,000 |  | 4,404,254 |
| Assumption Change 10/1/2020 | 17 |  | 600,000 |  | 8,067,620 |
| (Gain)/Loss 10/1/2021 | 8 |  | 400,000 |  | 2,838,930 |
| Assumption Change 10/1/2021 | 18 |  | 400,000 |  | 5,624,308 |
| (Gain)/Loss 10/1/2022 | 9 |  | 1,500,000 |  | 11,822,062 |
| Assumption Change 10/1/2022 | 19 |  | 600,000 |  | 8,795,466 |
| (Gain)/Loss 10/1/2023 | 10 |  | 1,800,000 |  | 15,838,073 |
| Assumption Change 10/1/2023 ${ }^{1}$ | 20 |  | 1,400,000 |  | 21,128,246 |
| Total Amortization |  | \$ | 17,600,000 | \$ | 121,899,027 |
| Total Normal Cost with Interest |  | \$ | 9,300,000 |  |  |
| Employee Contributions |  |  | $(700,000)$ |  |  |
| Net Employer Normal Cost |  | \$ | 8,600,000 |  |  |
| Total Required Government Contribution as of September 30, 2023 ${ }^{2}$ |  | \$ 26,200,00 |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{1}$ Includes assumption change impact, $\$ 19,785,532$, as well as effect of discount rate change on prior amortization balances, \$1,342,714. <br> ${ }^{2}$ Before administrative expenses. |  |  |  |  |  |

## Changes in Actuarial Accrued Liability <br> Reconciliation of Actuarial (Gain)/Loss

|  | Police Officers and Firefighters', and Teachers' Plans |  | Judges' Plan |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assets |  |  |  |  |
| As of October 1, 2022, before adjustments | \$ | 3,991,603,721 | \$ | 196,811,485 |
| As of October 1, 2022, after adjustments |  | 3,993,629,285 |  | 196,898,940 |
| Contributions: |  |  |  |  |
| Employees | \$ | - | \$ | 760,208 |
| Employer |  | 608,495,045 |  | 22,529,278 |
| Total |  | 608,495,045 |  | 23,289,486 |
| Benefits Paid |  | $(553,345,352)$ |  | $(17,706,643)$ |
| Expenses Paid |  | $(19,337,231)$ |  | $(546,802)$ |
| Income (including adjustments) |  | 80,638,894 |  | 4,211,915 |
| Expected Income |  | 32,235,783 |  | 4,908,493 |
| Expected End of Year Value |  | 4,059,651,966 |  | 206,756,019 |
| October 1, 2023 (Projected) Value |  | 4,108,055,077 |  | 206,059,441 |
| Asset (Gain)/Loss | \$ | $(48,403,111)$ | \$ | 696,578 |
| Liabilities |  |  |  |  |
| October 1, 2022 AAL | \$ | 8,212,151,289 | \$ | 295,839,904 |
| Normal Cost: |  |  |  |  |
| Employees |  | - |  | 600,000 |
| Employers |  | - |  | 6,800,000 |
| Total |  | - |  | 7,400,000 |
| Benefits Paid |  | $(553,345,352)$ |  | $(17,706,643)$ |
| Interest |  | 69,038,664 |  | 7,498,180 |
| Expected September 30, 2023 AAL |  | 7,727,844,601 |  | 293,031,441 |
| Actual September 30, 2023 AAL before assumption and method changes ${ }^{1}$ |  | 8,073,115,823 |  | 308,172,936 |
| Liability (Gain)/Loss |  | 345,271,222 |  | 15,141,495 |
| Total Experience (Gain)/Loss | \$ | 296,868,111 | \$ | 15,838,073 |

## Summary of Changes in Assumptions and Methods

| (Gains)/Losses | Police Officers and Firefighters', and Teachers' Plans |  | Judges' Plan |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Change in Discount Rate |  | 31,565,314 |  | (4,771,150) |
| Change in Other Economic Assumptions ${ }^{2}$ |  | 395,982,245 |  | 24,556,682 |
| Change in Non-Economic Assumptions |  | - |  | - |
| Total Impact | \$ | 427,547,559 | \$ | 19,785,532 |
| Actual End of Year AAL after assumption and method changes | \$ | 8,500,663,382 | \$ | 327,958,468 |

[^4]
## Asset Information

## Statement of Changes in Net Plan Assets

The following table is based on the unaudited statement of assets projected to September 30, 2023, as provided by the Department of the Treasury on August 10, 2023.

Values from the statement are unrounded and truncated to the dollar.

|  | Police Officers and Firefighters', and Teachers' Plans |  | Judges' Plan |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Projected net assets available for benefits as of October 1, 2022 | \$ | 3,991,603,721 | \$ | 196,811,485 |
| Adjusted from estimate to actual |  | 2,025,564 |  | 87,456 |
| Actual net assets available as of October 1, 2022 | \$ | 3,993,629,285 | \$ | 196,898,940 |
| Additions |  |  |  |  |
| Contributions: |  |  |  |  |
| Government contributions (amortization payment) | \$ | 608,495,045 | \$ | 22,529,278 |
| Employee contributions |  | - |  | 760,208 |
| Total contributions | \$ | 608,495,045 | \$ | 23,289,486 |
| Investment income (including interest) ${ }^{2}$ |  | 78,280,383 |  | 4,106,936 |
| Miscellaneous additions |  | 332,947 |  | 17,524 |
| Total additions | \$ | 687,108,376 | \$ | 27,413,945 |
| Deductions |  |  |  |  |
| Benefit payments: |  |  |  |  |
| Annuities - Federal only | \$ | $(553,341,023)$ | \$ | $(17,042,832)$ |
| Refunds of contributions |  | $(4,329)$ |  | $(663,811)$ |
| Total benefit payments | \$ | $(553,345,352)$ | \$ | $(17,706,643)$ |
| Expenses and fees: |  |  |  |  |
| Administrative expenses | \$ | $(21,862,168)$ | \$ | $(529,278)$ |
| Bad debt expense |  | $(109,239)$ |  | - |
| Imputed Costs |  | $(332,947)$ |  | $(17,524)$ |
| Other expenses |  | 2,967,124 |  | - |
| Total expenses and fees | \$ | $(19,337,231)$ | \$ | $(546,802)$ |
| Total deductions | \$ | $(572,682,584)$ | \$ | $(18,253,444)$ |
| Net additions/(deductions) | \$ | 114,425,792 | \$ | 9,160,501 |
| Net assets available for benefits as of October 1, 2023 | \$ | 4,108,055,077 | \$ | 206,059,441 |

[^5]
## Benefit Payments and Funding Projections

## Benefit Payment Projections

Police Officers and Firefighters', and Teachers' Plans (closed group)

| Fiscal Year <br> Ending In | Expected Net Benefit <br> Payments | Fiscal Year <br> Ending In | Expected Net Benefit <br> Payments |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2024 | $\$$ | $568,107,792$ | 2062 | | \$ |
| :--- |

## Benefit Payments and Funding Projections

Benefit Payment Projections
Police Officers (closed group)

| Fiscal Year <br> Ending In | Expected Net Benefit <br> Payments | Fiscal Year <br> Ending In | Expected Net Benefit <br> Payments |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2024 | $\$$ | $278,370,367$ | 2062 | | \$ |
| :--- |

## Benefit Payments and Funding Projections

## Benefit Payment Projections

Firefighters (closed group)

| Fiscal Year <br> Ending In | Expected Net Benefit <br> Payments | Fiscal Year <br> Ending In | Expected Net Benefit <br> Payments |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2024 | $\$$ | $99,360,105$ | 2062 | | \$ |
| :--- |

## Benefit Payments and Funding Projections

## Benefit Payment Projections

Teachers (closed group)

| Fiscal Year Ending In |  | Net Benefit ments | Fiscal Year Ending In | Expected Net Benefit Payments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2024 | \$ | 190,377,320 | 2062 | \$ | 2,453,567 |
| 2025 |  | 186,378,986 | 2063 |  | 1,978,722 |
| 2026 |  | 181,863,156 | 2064 |  | 1,583,434 |
| 2027 |  | 176,804,885 | 2065 |  | 1,256,479 |
| 2028 |  | 171,295,852 | 2066 |  | 988,066 |
| 2029 |  | 165,350,884 | 2067 |  | 769,601 |
| 2030 |  | 158,994,164 | 2068 |  | 593,490 |
| 2031 |  | 152,263,690 | 2069 |  | 453,004 |
| 2032 |  | 145,232,654 | 2070 |  | 342,163 |
| 2033 |  | 137,841,908 | 2071 |  | 255,711 |
| 2034 |  | 130,185,602 | 2072 |  | 189,066 |
| 2035 |  | 122,314,608 | 2073 |  | 138,299 |
| 2036 |  | 114,279,571 | 2074 |  | 100,099 |
| 2037 |  | 106,138,902 | 2075 |  | 71,697 |
| 2038 |  | 97,964,114 | 2076 |  | 50,837 |
| 2039 |  | 89,827,421 | 2077 |  | 35,695 |
| 2040 |  | 81,804,812 | 2078 |  | 24,834 |
| 2041 |  | 73,974,144 | 2079 |  | 17,130 |
| 2042 |  | 66,413,021 | 2080 |  | 11,725 |
| 2043 |  | 59,194,507 | 2081 |  | 7,973 |
| 2044 |  | 52,383,462 | 2082 |  | 5,394 |
| 2045 |  | 46,033,013 | 2083 |  | 3,638 |
| 2046 |  | 40,182,342 | 2084 |  | 2,451 |
| 2047 |  | 34,854,834 | 2085 |  | 1,651 |
| 2048 |  | 30,057,808 | 2086 |  | 1,113 |
| 2049 |  | 25,783,503 | 2087 |  | 751 |
| 2050 |  | 22,011,232 | 2088 |  | 505 |
| 2051 |  | 18,710,347 | 2089 |  | 338 |
| 2052 |  | 15,843,293 | 2090 |  | 224 |
| 2053 |  | 13,368,688 | 2091 |  | 146 |
| 2054 |  | 11,243,856 | 2092 |  | 94 |
| 2055 |  | 9,426,853 | 2093 |  | 59 |
| 2056 |  | 7,878,058 | 2094 |  | 36 |
| 2057 |  | 6,561,086 | 2095 |  | 21 |
| 2058 |  | 5,443,394 | 2096 |  | 12 |
| 2059 |  | 4,496,545 | 2097 |  | 7 |
| 2060 |  | 3,696,035 | 2098 |  | 3 |
| 2061 |  | 3,020,957 |  |  |  |

## Benefit Payments and Funding Projections

Benefit Payment Projections
Judges' Plan (open group)

| Fiscal Year Ending In | Expected Net Benefit <br> Payments |
| :---: | ---: |
| 2024 | $17,704,011$ |
| 2025 | $17,866,790$ |
| 2026 | $18,096,263$ |
| 2027 | $18,183,852$ |
| 2028 | $18,519,548$ |
| 2029 | $18,705,379$ |
| 2030 | $19,193,837$ |
| 2031 | $19,473,720$ |
| 2032 | $19,641,904$ |
| 2033 | $19,538,561$ |
| 2034 | $19,475,686$ |
| 2035 | $19,411,486$ |
| 2036 | $19,384,769$ |
| 2037 | $19,160,593$ |
| 2038 | $19,020,317$ |
| 2039 | $18,839,581$ |
| 2040 | $18,877,563$ |
| 2041 | $19,075,262$ |
| 2042 | $19,005,458$ |
| 2043 | $19,062,594$ |
| 2044 | $19,180,418$ |
| 2045 | $19,226,694$ |
| 2046 | $19,209,271$ |
| 2047 | $19,214,280$ |
| 2048 | $19,226,938$ |

[^6]Benefit Payments and Funding Projections
Benefit Payment Projections
Judges' Plan (closed group)

| Fiscal Year Ending In | Expected Net Benefit Payments ${ }^{1}$ |  | Fiscal Year Ending In | Expected Net Benefit Payments ${ }^{1}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2024 | \$ | 17,704,011 | 2062 | \$ | 8,039,753 |
| 2025 |  | 17,866,737 | 2063 |  | 7,562,874 |
| 2026 |  | 18,096,088 | 2064 |  | 7,091,708 |
| 2027 |  | 18,183,491 | 2065 |  | 6,625,775 |
| 2028 |  | 18,518,928 | 2066 |  | 6,164,943 |
| 2029 |  | 18,704,407 | 2067 |  | 5,709,884 |
| 2030 |  | 19,192,578 | 2068 |  | 5,262,198 |
| 2031 |  | 19,471,501 | 2069 |  | 4,823,564 |
| 2032 |  | 19,638,385 | 2070 |  | 4,396,050 |
| 2033 |  | 19,533,266 | 2071 |  | 3,981,830 |
| 2034 |  | 19,468,245 | 2072 |  | 3,582,920 |
| 2035 |  | 19,378,437 | 2073 |  | 3,201,192 |
| 2036 |  | 19,315,849 | 2074 |  | 2,838,410 |
| 2037 |  | 19,041,719 | 2075 |  | 2,496,044 |
| 2038 |  | 18,809,617 | 2076 |  | 2,175,552 |
| 2039 |  | 18,505,713 | 2077 |  | 1,878,044 |
| 2040 |  | 18,191,100 | 2078 |  | 1,604,367 |
| 2041 |  | 18,131,177 | 2079 |  | 1,355,170 |
| 2042 |  | 17,738,067 | 2080 |  | 1,130,600 |
| 2043 |  | 17,464,908 | 2081 |  | 930,706 |
| 2044 |  | 17,150,889 | 2082 |  | 755,165 |
| 2045 |  | 16,743,888 | 2083 |  | 603,217 |
| 2046 |  | 16,183,210 | 2084 |  | 473,829 |
| 2047 |  | 15,680,549 | 2085 |  | 365,675 |
| 2048 |  | 15,167,443 | 2086 |  | 276,995 |
| 2049 |  | 14,653,430 | 2087 |  | 205,762 |
| 2050 |  | 14,207,528 | 2088 |  | 149,766 |
| 2051 |  | 13,688,265 | 2089 |  | 106,726 |
| 2052 |  | 13,247,202 | 2090 |  | 74,404 |
| 2053 |  | 12,658,205 | 2091 |  | 50,704 |
| 2054 |  | 12,160,544 | 2092 |  | 33,754 |
| 2055 |  | 11,669,862 | 2093 |  | 21,937 |
| 2056 |  | 11,110,171 | 2094 |  | 13,903 |
| 2057 |  | 10,565,734 | 2095 |  | 8,588 |
| 2058 |  | 10,036,036 | 2096 |  | 5,171 |
| 2059 |  | 9,520,173 | 2097 |  | 3,037 |
| 2060 |  | 9,016,707 | 2098 |  | 1,738 |
| 2061 |  | 8,523,803 |  |  |  |

[^7]
## Benefit Payments and Funding Projections

## District Benefit Payments

Police Officers and Firefighters', and Teachers' Plans

| Fiscal Year Ending In | Benefits Paid by <br> District <br> (\$ millions) |
| :---: | ---: |
| $1998-1999$ | 2.3 |
| 2000 | 3.9 |
| 2001 | 4.6 |
| 2002 | 6.7 |
| 2003 | 10.9 |
| 2004 | 16.2 |
| 2005 | 21.7 |
| 2006 | 28.6 |
| 2007 | 38.4 |
| 2008 | 47.1 |
| 2009 | 58.1 |
| 2010 | 65.5 |
| 2011 | 73.3 |
| 2012 | 86.0 |
| 2013 | 99.8 |
| 2014 | 112.6 |
| 2015 | 126.4 |
| 2016 | 146.0 |
| 2017 | 163.0 |
| 2018 | 183.8 |
| 2019 | 201.1 |
| 2020 | 223.9 |
| 2021 | 244.5 |
| 2022 | 271.8 |
| 2023 | 308.3 |
|  |  |

## Benefit Payments and Funding Projections

15-Year Funding Projections - Closed Group
Police Officers and Firefighters', and Teachers' Plans

| Fiscal Year <br> Ending In | Expected <br> Return on <br> Assets | Beginning of <br> Year Assets | Fontribution <br> (with Expense <br> Reimbursement) | Net Benefit <br> Payments | Expenses | Investment <br> Return | End of Year <br> Assets |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2024 | $1.30 \%$ | $\$ 4,108,055,077$ | $\$$ | $689,200,000$ | $\$(568,107,792)$ | $\$(29,800,000)$ | $\$$ | $49,518,315$ | $\$ 4,248,865,600$ |
| 2025 | $1.48 \%$ | $4,248,865,600$ | $681,000,000$ | $(563,300,920)$ | $(28,400,000)$ | $58,507,785$ | $4,396,672,465$ |  |  |
| 2026 | $1.87 \%$ | $4,396,672,465$ | $695,800,000$ | $(556,792,863)$ | $(29,900,000)$ | $76,763,295$ | $4,582,542,897$ |  |  |
| 2027 | $2.23 \%$ | $4,582,542,897$ | $666,300,000$ | $(548,586,240)$ | $(30,200,000)$ | $95,810,629$ | $4,765,867,286$ |  |  |
| 2028 | $2.42 \%$ | $4,765,867,286$ | $313,100,000$ | $(538,926,999)$ | $(30,700,000)$ | $108,527,964$ | $4,617,868,251$ |  |  |
| 2029 | $2.52 \%$ | $4,617,868,251$ | $308,000,000$ | $(527,895,917)$ | $(31,300,000)$ | $109,401,825$ | $4,476,074,159$ |  |  |
| 2030 | $2.60 \%$ | $4,476,074,159$ | $270,000,000$ | $(515,522,748)$ | $(31,900,000)$ | $109,331,637$ | $4,307,983,048$ |  |  |
| 2031 | $2.70 \%$ | $4,307,983,048$ | $259,200,000$ | $(501,821,665)$ | $(32,500,000)$ | $109,173,261$ | $4,142,034,644$ |  |  |
| 2032 | $2.68 \%$ | $4,142,034,644$ | $260,500,000$ | $(486,929,732)$ | $(33,200,000)$ | $104,086,114$ | $3,986,491,026$ |  |  |
| 2033 | $2.80 \%$ | $3,986,491,026$ | $190,700,000$ | $(470,829,728)$ | $(33,900,000)$ | $104,614,816$ | $3,777,076,114$ |  |  |
| 2034 | $2.92 \%$ | $3,777,076,114$ | $174,400,000$ | $(453,631,141)$ | $(34,500,000)$ | $103,232,436$ | $3,566,577,409$ |  |  |
| 2035 | $2.92 \%$ | $3,566,577,409$ | $161,700,000$ | $(435,431,120)$ | $(35,200,000)$ | $97,326,653$ | $3,354,972,942$ |  |  |
| 2036 | $3.15 \%$ | $3,354,972,942$ | $166,400,000$ | $(416,350,162)$ | $(35,900,000)$ | $98,644,716$ | $3,167,767,496$ |  |  |
| 2037 | $3.27 \%$ | $3,167,767,496$ | $146,000,000$ | $(396,525,385)$ | $(36,600,000)$ | $96,599,006$ | $2,977,241,117$ |  |  |
| 2038 | $3.24 \%$ | $2,977,241,117$ | $141,800,000$ | $(376,120,800)$ | $(37,400,000)$ | $89,834,684$ | $2,795,355,001$ |  |  |

## Benefit Payments and Funding Projections

15-Year Funding Projections - Open Group

## Judges' Plan

| Fiscal Year Ending In | Expected Return on Assets | Beginning of Year Assets | Employee Contributions | Federal Contribution (with Expense Reimbursement) | Net Benefit Payments | Expenses | Investment Return | End of Year Assets |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2024 | 1.30\% | \$ 206,059,441 | \$ 655,995 | \$ 26,900,000 | \$ (17,704,011) | \$ (700,000) | \$ 2,563,411 | \$ 217,774,836 |
| 2025 | 1.48\% | 217,774,836 | 666,950 | 23,943,620 | $(17,866,790)$ | $(700,000)$ | 3,090,776 | 226,909,392 |
| 2026 | 1.87\% | 226,909,392 | 678,088 | 23,989,638 | $(18,096,263)$ | $(700,000)$ | 4,075,452 | 236,856,307 |
| 2027 | 2.23\% | 236,856,307 | 689,412 | 23,538,095 | $(18,183,852)$ | $(700,000)$ | 5,082,921 | 247,282,883 |
| 2028 | 2.42\% | 247,282,883 | 700,925 | 21,189,032 | $(18,519,548)$ | $(700,000)$ | 5,764,763 | 255,718,055 |
| 2029 | 2.52\% | 255,718,055 | 712,631 | 20,542,488 | $(18,705,379)$ | $(800,000)$ | 6,211,702 | 263,679,497 |
| 2030 | 2.60\% | 263,679,497 | 724,532 | 20,798,508 | $(19,193,837)$ | $(800,000)$ | 6,609,410 | 271,818,110 |
| 2031 | 2.70\% | 271,818,110 | 736,632 | 18,757,133 | $(19,473,720)$ | $(800,000)$ | 7,079,947 | 278,118,102 |
| 2032 | 2.68\% | 278,118,102 | 748,933 | 18,418,407 | $(19,641,904)$ | $(800,000)$ | 7,193,088 | 284,036,626 |
| 2033 | 2.80\% | 284,036,626 | 761,440 | 16,482,375 | $(19,538,561)$ | $(800,000)$ | 7,683,300 | 288,625,180 |
| 2034 | 2.92\% | 288,625,180 | 774,157 | 15,449,080 | $(19,475,686)$ | $(800,000)$ | 8,148,542 | 292,721,273 |
| 2035 | 2.92\% | 292,721,273 | 787,085 | 15,418,570 | $(19,411,486)$ | $(800,000)$ | 8,268,436 | 296,983,878 |
| 2036 | 3.15\% | 296,983,878 | 800,229 | 15,690,890 | $(19,384,769)$ | $(900,000)$ | 9,056,007 | 302,246,235 |
| 2037 | 3.27\% | 302,246,235 | 813,593 | 15,066,088 | $(19,160,593)$ | $(900,000)$ | 9,578,144 | 307,643,467 |
| 2038 | 3.24\% | 307,643,467 | 827,180 | 14,444,212 | $(19,020,317)$ | $(900,000)$ | 9,665,991 | 312,660,533 |

# Basis for the Valuation <br> Plan Member Summary 

Police Officers and Firefighters', and Teachers' Plans

|  | Police Officers | Firefighters | Teachers | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Date Of Census Data: | 5/1/2023 | 5/1/2023 | 5/1/2023 | 5/1/2023 |
| Plan Member Counts: |  |  |  |  |
| Actives | 120 | 115 | 195 | 430 |
| Terminated Vested | 20 | 8 | 212 | 240 |
| Normal Retirees ${ }^{1}$ - Current Benefits | 3,984 | 1,262 | 4,233 | 9,479 |
| Normal Retirees - Deferred Benefits | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Beneficiaries | 1,361 | 457 | 402 | 2,220 |
| Disabled Retirees - Current Benefits | 640 | 211 | 176 | 1,027 |
| Disabled Retirees - Deferred Benefits | 37 | 8 | 7 | 52 |
| Total | 6,164 | 2,061 | 5,225 | 13,450 |
| Active Plan Member Characteristics: |  |  |  |  |
| Total Pay | \$ 16,857,821 | \$ 15,327,644 | \$ 25,443,421 | \$ 57,628,886 |
| Average Age | 54.48 | 55.19 | 59.94 | 57.15 |
| Average Service | 30.90 | 30.28 | 31.99 | 31.23 |
| Inactive Plan Member Characteristics: |  |  |  |  |
| Average Age: |  |  |  |  |
| Terminated Vested | 57.07 | 55.86 | 63.27 | 62.51 |
| Normal Retirees | 68.81 | 69.43 | 78.84 | 73.38 |
| Beneficiaries | 76.11 | 78.98 | 80.63 | 77.52 |
| Disabled Retirees | 71.85 | 75.83 | 78.07 | 73.71 |
| Total Annual Federal Benefits - Current: |  |  |  |  |
| Normal Retirees | \$ 197,460,994 | \$ 69,604,438 | \$177,991,440 | \$ 445,056,872 |
| Beneficiaries | 51,347,700 | 17,629,164 | 9,021,012 | 77,997,876 |
| Disabled Retirees | 28,042,542 | 11,936,052 | 5,200,428 | 45,179,022 |
| Total Annual Federal Benefits - Deferred: |  |  |  |  |
| Terminated Vested | \$ 286,872 | \$ 103,788 | \$ 1,242,264 | \$ 1,632,924 |
| Normal Retirees | 21,012 | - | - | 21,012 |
| Disabled Retirees | 321,804 | 72,204 | 38,544 | 432,552 |

[^8]
# Basis for the Valuation Plan Member Summary <br> Judges' Plan 

|  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Date of Census Data |  | 5/1/2023 |
| Plan Member Counts: |  |  |
| Actives |  | 61 |
| Terminated Vested |  | 0 |
| Normal Retirees ${ }^{1}$ |  | 87 |
| Beneficiaries |  | 15 |
| Disabled Retirees |  | 2 |
| Total |  | 165 |
| Active Plan Member Characteristics |  |  |
| Total Compensation for Covered Plan Members | \$ | 14,301,600 |
| Average Age |  | 56.51 |
| Average Service |  | 10.24 |
| Inactive Plan Member Characteristics |  |  |
| Average Age |  |  |
| Terminated Vested |  | N/A |
| Normal Retirees |  | 77.08 |
| Beneficiaries |  | 83.85 |
| Disabled Retirees |  | 65.83 |
| Total Annual Benefits |  |  |
| Terminated Vested |  | N/A |
| Normal Retirees | \$ | 15,611,995 |
| Beneficiaries |  | 1,382,400 |
| Disabled Retirees |  | 281,419 |

[^9]
## Basis for the Valuation Plan Member Reconciliation

The following tables show a reconciliation of the number of plan members from the previous census date to the current census date.

Police Officers and Firefighters', and Teachers' Plans

|  | Actives | Terminated <br> Vested | Normal <br> Retirees | Beneficiaries |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Disabled |  |  |  |  |
| Retirees |  |  |  |  | Totals

## Police Officers

|  | Actives | Terminated <br> Vested | Normal <br> Retirees | Beneficiaries |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Disabled |  |  |  |  |
| Retirees |  |  |  |  | Totals

## Basis for the Valuation <br> Plan Member Reconciliation

The following tables show a reconciliation of the number of plan members from the previous census date to the current census date.

## Firefighters

|  | Actives | Terminated <br> Vested | Normal <br> Retirees | Beneficiaries | Disabled <br> Retirees | Totals |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Plan Members as of May 1, 2022 | $\mathbf{1 5 9}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 2 5 6}$ | $\mathbf{4 5 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 1 2 0}$ |
| New Plan Members | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rehires | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Vested Terminations | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Retirements | $(44)$ | $(1)$ | 45 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Deaths - Beneficiary | 0 | 0 | $(25)$ | 36 | $(11)$ | 0 |
| Deaths - No Beneficiary | 0 | 0 | $(15)$ | $(32)$ | $(10)$ | $(57)$ |
| Refund of Contributions | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Disabled | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Payments Reinstated/Ceased | 0 | 0 | 0 | $(1)$ | 0 | $(1)$ |
| Data Corrections | 0 | 0 | 1 | $(2)$ | 0 | $(1)$ |
| Plan Members as of May 1, 2023 | $\mathbf{1 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 2 6 2}$ | $\mathbf{4 5 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 0 6 1}$ |

Teachers

|  | Actives | Terminated <br> Vested | Normal <br> Retirees | Beneficiaries |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Disabled |  |  |  |  |
| Retirees |  |  |  |  | Totals

## Basis for the Valuation Plan Member Reconciliation

The following table shows a reconciliation of the number of plan members from the previous census date to the current census date.

## Judges' Plan

|  | Actives | Terminated <br> Vested | Normal <br> Retirees | Beneficiaries | Disabled <br> Retirees | Totals |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Plan Members as of May 1, 2022 | $\mathbf{5 7}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{8 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 5}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{1 6 3}$ |
| New Plan Members | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 |
| Rehires | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Vested Terminations | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Retirements | $(2)$ | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Deaths - Beneficiary | 0 | 0 | $(1)$ | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Deaths - No Beneficiary | 0 | 0 | $(3)$ | $(1)$ | 0 | $(4)$ |
| Refund of Contributions | $(1)$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $(1)$ |
| Disabled | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Payments Reinstated/Ceased | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Data Corrections | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Plan Members as of May 1, $\mathbf{2 0 2 3}$ | $\mathbf{6 1}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{8 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 5}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{1 6 5}$ |

## Basis for the Valuation

Age-Service Grid
Police Officers


## Basis for the Valuation

Age-Service Grid
Firefighters


## Basis for the Valuation

Age-Service Grid
Teachers


## Basis for the Valuation

## Age-Service Grid

## Judges

| Active Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Service | Under 1 |  | 1-4 |  | 5-9 |  | 10-14 |  | 15-19 |  | 20-24 |  | 25-29 |  | 30-34 |  |  | 35+ |  |  | All Service |  |
| Age Group | No. | Avg. Comp. |  | Avg. Comp. | No. | Avg. Comp. | No. | Avg. Comp. |  | Avg. Comp. | No. | Avg. Comp. | No. | Avg. Comp. | No. | Avg | Comp. | No. | Avg | Comp. |  | Avg. Comp. |
| 0-34 | - | \$ - | - | \$ - | - | \$ - | - | \$ - | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | - | \$ | - | - | \$ |
| 35-39 | - | - | 1 | 246,600 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - |  | - | 1 | 246,600 |
| 40-44 | 1 | 232,600 | 6 | 237,267 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - |  | - | 7 | 236,600 |
| 45-49 | 3 | 232,600 | 3 | 232,600 | 1 | 232,600 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - |  | - | 7 | 232,600 |
| 50-54 | 2 | 239,600 | 3 | 232,600 | 1 | 232,600 | 5 | 235,400 | 1 | 232,600 | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - |  | - | 12 | 234,933 |
| 55-59 | 1 | 232,600 | 2 | 232,600 | 1 | 232,600 | 4 | 232,600 | 1 | 232,600 | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - |  | - | 9 | 232,600 |
| 60-64 | - | - | - | - | 4 | 232,600 | 5 | 238,200 | 1 | 232,600 | 6 | 235,017 | 1 | 233,100 | - |  | - | - |  | - | 17 | 235,129 |
| 65-69 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | 232,600 | 2 | 232,600 | 1 | 232,600 | - | - | - |  | - | - |  | - | 5 | 232,600 |
| 70+ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | 232,600 | - | - | 1 | 232,600 | - |  | - | - |  | - | 3 | 232,600 |
| All Ages | 7 | \$234,600 | 15 | \$235,400 | 7 | \$232,600 | 16 | \$235,225 | 7 | \$232,600 | 7 | \$234,671 | 2 | \$232,850 | - |  | - | - |  | - | 61 | \$234,452 |

## Basis for the Valuation

Federal Allocation by Plan
Police Officers and Firefighters', and Teachers' Plans

| Active Plan Members | Police Officers | Firefighters | Teachers |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Number | 120 | 115 | 195 |  |
| Average Age | 54.48 | 55.19 | 59.94 |  |
| Average Service | 30.90 | 30.28 | 31.99 |  |
| Average Pay | $\$$ | 140,482 | $\$$ | 133,284 |


| Inactive Plan Members | Police Officers |  | Firefighters |  | Teachers |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 100\% } \\ & \text { Federal } \end{aligned}$ | Partial <br> Federal | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \% \\ & \text { Federal } \end{aligned}$ | Partial <br> Federal |  | 00\% ederal |  | rtial deral |
| Normal Retirees - Current Federal Benefit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number | 1,579 | 2,405 | 398 | 864 |  | 991 |  | 3,242 |
| Average Age | 78.34 | 62.57 | 81.77 | 63.74 |  | 88.01 |  | 76.04 |
| Average Federal Benefit | \$ 65,032 | \$ 39,407 | \$ 78,226 | \$ 44,526 | \$ | 55,454 | \$ | 37,951 |
| Average Total Benefit | \$ 65,032 | \$ 91,895 | \$ 78,226 | \$ 100,363 | \$ | 55,454 | \$ | 64,305 |
| Normal Retirees - Deferred Federal Benefit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number | N/A | 2 | N/A | 0 |  | N/A |  | 0 |
| Average Age | N/A | 51.08 | N/A | N/A |  | N/A |  | N/A |
| Average Federal Benefit | N/A | \$ 10,506 | N/A | N/A |  | N/A |  | N/A |
| Average Total Benefit | N/A | \$ 37,254 | N/A | N/A |  | N/A |  | N/A |
| Beneficiaries - Current Federal Benefit ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number | 1,165 | 196 | 394 | 63 |  | 233 |  | 169 |
| Average Age | 78.83 | 59.93 | 81.76 | 61.53 |  | 84.54 |  | 75.24 |
| Average Federal Benefit | \$ 39,406 | \$ 27,754 | \$ 40,179 | \$ 28,549 | \$ | 27,138 | \$ | 15,964 |
| Average Total Benefit | \$ 39,406 | \$ 41,739 | \$ 40,179 | \$ 48,923 | \$ | 27,138 | \$ | 23,432 |
| Disabled Retirees - Current Federal Benefit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number | 447 | 193 | 158 | 53 |  | 108 |  | 68 |
| Average Age | 77.25 | 62.88 | 80.15 | 66.37 |  | 82.63 |  | 72.82 |
| Average Federal Benefit | \$ 52,062 | \$ 24,720 | \$ 62,929 | \$ 37,609 | \$ | 35,589 | \$ | 19,953 |
| Average Total Benefit | \$ 52,062 | \$ 52,304 | \$ 62,929 | \$ 60,455 | \$ | 35,589 | \$ | 43,842 |
| Disabled Retirees - Deferred Federal Benefit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number | N/A | 37 | N/A | 8 |  | N/A |  | 7 |
| Average Age | N/A | 53.33 | N/A | 53.31 |  | N/A |  | 58.68 |
| Average Federal Benefit | N/A | \$ 8,697 | N/A | \$ 9,026 |  | N/A | \$ | 5,506 |
| Average Total Benefit | N/A | \$ 46,669 | N/A | \$ 51,881 |  | N/A | \$ | 48,060 |
| Terminated Vested - Deferred Federal Benefit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number |  | 20 |  | 8 |  |  |  | 212 |
| Average Age |  | 57.07 |  | 55.86 |  |  |  | 63.27 |
| Average Federal Benefit |  | \$ 14,344 |  | \$ 12,974 |  |  | \$ | 5,860 |

[^10]
## Basis for the Valuation

## Plan Member Counts

## Judges' Plan

|  | Active Plan Members |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Number |  | 61 |  |
| Average Age | 56.51 |  |  |
| Average Service | $\$$ | 234,452 |  |
| Average Pay | 26 |  |  |
| Number Eligible to Retire |  |  |  |

## Inactive Plan Members

## Normal Retirees

| Number |  |  | 87 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Average Age |  |  | 77.08 |
| Average Benefit |  | \$ | 179,448 |
| Spouse Beneficiaries |  |  |  |
| Number |  |  | 14 |
| Average Age |  |  | 85.74 |
| Average Benefit |  | \$ | 98,097 |
| Disabled Retirees |  |  |  |
| Number |  |  | 2 |
| Average Age |  |  | 65.83 |
| Average Benefit |  | \$ | 140,710 |
| Child Beneficiaries |  |  |  |
| Number |  |  | 1 |
| Average Age |  |  | 57.38 |
| Average Benefit |  | \$ | 9,048 |

## Basis for the Valuation

## Inactive Benefit Information

## Inactive Police Officers - Current Benefits

| Normal <br> Retirees | 100\% Federal Count | 100\% Federal Average Benefit |  | Partial <br> Federal Count | Partial <br> Federal <br> Average <br> Benefit |  | Partial <br> Federal <br> Average Total Benefit |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Under 35 | - | \$ | - | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| 35-39 | - |  | - | - |  | - |  | - |
| 40-44 | - |  | - | - |  | - |  | - |
| 45-49 | - |  | - | 7 |  | 1,200 |  | 73,325 |
| 50-54 | - |  | - | 264 |  | 16,607 |  | 93,442 |
| 55-59 | - |  | - | 730 |  | 24,331 |  | 90,410 |
| 60-64 | 1 |  | 6,420 | 626 |  | 32,891 |  | 89,113 |
| 65-69 | 33 |  | 51,531 | 387 |  | 53,536 |  | 92,792 |
| 70-74 | 366 |  | 57,361 | 272 |  | 75,768 |  | 96,246 |
| 75-79 | 675 |  | 65,094 | 104 |  | 88,842 |  | 99,107 |
| 80-84 | 321 |  | 70,246 | 15 |  | 97,569 |  | 109,614 |
| 85-89 | 150 |  | 71,106 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 90-94 | 27 |  | 76,411 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 95-100 | 6 |  | 128,094 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 100 and over | - |  | - | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total | 1,579 | \$ | 65,032 | 2,405 | \$ | 39,407 | \$ | 91,895 |


| Beneficiaries | 100\% Federal Count | 100\% Federal Average Benefit |  | Partial Federal Count | Partial Federal Average Benefit |  | Partial <br> Federal <br> Average Total Benefit |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Under 35 | 4 | \$ | 48,429 | 21 | \$ | 3,907 | \$ | 13,845 |
| 35-39 | - |  | - | 1 |  | 1,908 |  | 4,932 |
| 40-44 | 1 |  | 36,684 | 1 |  | 1,812 |  | 4,956 |
| 45-59 | - |  | - | 1 |  | 16,860 |  | 44,028 |
| 50-54 | 6 |  | 31,676 | 22 |  | 17,382 |  | 42,859 |
| 55-59 | 9 |  | 33,763 | 22 |  | 22,904 |  | 41,236 |
| 60-64 | 43 |  | 42,889 | 37 |  | 25,503 |  | 43,927 |
| 65-69 | 93 |  | 37,230 | 39 |  | 36,560 |  | 48,774 |
| 70-74 | 206 |  | 38,556 | 31 |  | 37,860 |  | 46,631 |
| 75-79 | 280 |  | 39,574 | 18 |  | 44,157 |  | 49,288 |
| 80-84 | 235 |  | 39,025 | 2 |  | 35,688 |  | 40,854 |
| 85-89 | 179 |  | 40,403 | 1 |  | 41,568 |  | 44,088 |
| 90-94 | 66 |  | 41,016 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 95-100 | 37 |  | 39,741 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 100 and over | 6 |  | 45,526 | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total | 1,165 | \$ | 39,406 | 196 | \$ | 27,754 | \$ | 41,739 |

## Basis for the Valuation

Inactive Benefit Information
Inactive Police Officers - Current Benefits

| Disabled Retirees | 100\% Federal Count | 100\% Federal Average Benefit |  | Partial Federal Count | Partial <br> Federal <br> Average <br> Benefit |  | Partial <br> Federal <br> Average Total Benefit |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Under 35 | - | \$ | - | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| 35-39 | - |  | - | - |  | - |  | - |
| 40-44 | - |  | - | - |  | - |  | - |
| 45-59 | - |  | - | - |  | - |  | - |
| 50-54 | 1 |  | 25,752 | 1 |  | 444 |  | 76,836 |
| 55-59 | 7 |  | 26,297 | 70 |  | 11,904 |  | 43,931 |
| 60-64 | 22 |  | 30,017 | 63 |  | 18,590 |  | 48,305 |
| 65-69 | 39 |  | 42,737 | 40 |  | 38,335 |  | 61,829 |
| 70-74 | 105 |  | 53,220 | 15 |  | 66,792 |  | 75,984 |
| 75-79 | 116 |  | 52,600 | 3 |  | 63,060 |  | 75,140 |
| 80-84 | 84 |  | 54,923 | 1 |  | 41,616 |  | 61,068 |
| 85-89 | 43 |  | 58,544 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 90-94 | 20 |  | 60,404 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 95-100 | 9 |  | 70,891 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 100 and over | 1 |  | 67,896 | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total | 447 | \$ | 52,062 | 193 | \$ | 24,720 | \$ | 52,304 |

Inactive Police Officers - Deferred Benefits

| Terminated <br> Vested | Count | Average <br> Federal <br> Benefit |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Under 35 | - | $\$$ | - |
| $35-39$ | - | - |  |
| $40-44$ | - | - |  |
| $45-49$ | - | - |  |
| $50-54$ | 7 | 12,021 |  |
| $55-59$ | 9 | 11,001 |  |
| $60-64$ | 4 | 25,929 |  |
| $65-69$ | - | - |  |
| $70-74$ | - | - |  |
| $75-79$ | - | - |  |
| $80-84$ | - | - |  |
| $85-89$ | - | - |  |
| $90-94$ | - | $\mathbf{\$}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 , 3 4 4}$ |
| $95-100$ | $\mathbf{2 0}$ | $\mathbf{\$}$ |  |
| 100 and over |  |  | - |
| Total |  |  | - |
|  |  |  |  |

## Basis for the Valuation

## Inactive Benefit Information

Inactive Police Officers - Deferred Benefits

| Normal <br> Retirees | Partial <br> Federal Count | Partial <br> Federal <br> Average <br> Benefit | Partial <br> Federal <br> Average Total <br> Benefit |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Under 35 | - | $\$$ | - | $\$$ |
| $35-39$ | - | - | - |  |
| $40-44$ | - | - | - |  |
| $45-59$ | - | 6,408 | 46,932 |  |
| $50-54$ | 1 | 14,604 | 27,576 |  |
| $55-59$ | - | - | - |  |
| $60-64$ | - | - | - |  |
| $65-69$ | - | - | - |  |
| $70-74$ | - | - | - |  |
| $75-79$ | - | - | - |  |
| $80-84$ | - | - | - |  |
| $85-89$ | - | - | - |  |
| $90-94$ | - | - | - |  |
| $95-100$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{\$}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 , 5 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{\$}$ |
| 100 and over | Total |  |  | -254 |


| Disabled <br> Retirees | Partial <br> Federal Count | Partial <br> Federal <br> Average <br> Benefit | Partial <br> Federal <br> Average Total <br> Benefit |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Under 35 | - | $\$$ | - | $\$$ |
| $35-39$ | - | - | - |  |
| $40-44$ | - | - | - |  |
| $45-59$ | - | 4,416 | 44,868 |  |
| $50-54$ | 33 | 8,813 | 46,216 |  |
| $55-59$ | 3 | 8,856 | 52,244 |  |
| $60-64$ | - | - | - |  |
| $65-69$ | - | - | - |  |
| $70-74$ | - | - | - |  |
| $75-79$ | - | - | - |  |
| $80-84$ | - | - | - |  |
| $85-89$ | - |  | - | - |
| $90-94$ | - |  | - | - |
| $95-100$ | - | $\mathbf{\$}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 6 9 7}$ | $\mathbf{\$}$ |
| 100 and over | $\mathbf{3 7}$ | $\mathbf{4 6 , 6 6 9}$ |  |  |
| Total |  |  |  | - |

## Basis for the Valuation

## Inactive Benefit Information

Inactive Firefighters - Current Benefits

| Normal <br> Retirees | 100\% Federal Count | 100\% Federal Average Benefit |  | Partial <br> Federal Count | Partial <br> Federal <br> Average <br> Benefit |  | Partial <br> Federal <br> Average Total Benefit |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Under 35 | - | \$ | - | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| 35-39 | - |  | - | - |  | - |  | - |
| 40-44 | - |  | - | - |  | - |  | - |
| 45-49 | - |  | - | - |  | - |  | - |
| 50-54 | - |  | - | 106 |  | 18,263 |  | 96,028 |
| 55-59 | - |  | - | 161 |  | 20,496 |  | 94,305 |
| 60-64 | - |  | - | 227 |  | 33,551 |  | 95,496 |
| 65-69 | 1 |  | 53,388 | 214 |  | 52,888 |  | 100,869 |
| 70-74 | 32 |  | 59,195 | 103 |  | 79,651 |  | 107,744 |
| 75-79 | 122 |  | 72,817 | 45 |  | 112,013 |  | 129,886 |
| 80-84 | 149 |  | 82,096 | 8 |  | 132,000 |  | 143,163 |
| 85-89 | 68 |  | 82,646 | - |  |  |  | - |
| 90-94 | 25 |  | 95,436 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 95-100 | 1 |  | 64,596 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 100 and over | - |  | - | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total | 398 | \$ | 78,226 | 864 | \$ | 44,526 | \$ | 100,363 |


| Beneficiaries | 100\% Federal Count | 100\% Federal Average Benefit |  | Partial <br> Federal Count | Partial <br> Federal <br> Average <br> Benefit |  | Partial <br> Federal <br> Average Total Benefit |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Under 35 | - | \$ | - | 5 | \$ | 21,778 | \$ | 54,958 |
| 35-39 | - |  | - | 2 |  | 14,466 |  | 32,196 |
| 40-44 | - |  | - | 1 |  | 1,416 |  | 5,004 |
| 45-59 | 1 |  | 34,968 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 50-54 | - |  | - | 6 |  | 12,836 |  | 70,416 |
| 55-59 | 2 |  | 34,014 | 7 |  | 16,848 |  | 39,050 |
| 60-64 | 8 |  | 33,218 | 9 |  | 21,619 |  | 44,287 |
| 65-69 | 18 |  | 36,733 | 13 |  | 34,163 |  | 48,460 |
| 70-74 | 39 |  | 37,958 | 12 |  | 40,484 |  | 52,566 |
| 75-79 | 83 |  | 39,051 | 7 |  | 43,221 |  | 49,185 |
| 80-84 | 116 |  | 39,361 | 1 |  | 37,356 |  | 38,472 |
| 85-89 | 67 |  | 40,344 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 90-94 | 39 |  | 43,867 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 95-100 | 19 |  | 51,438 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 100 and over | 2 |  | 60,996 | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total | 394 | \$ | 40,179 | 63 | \$ | 28,549 | \$ | 48,923 |

## Basis for the Valuation

## Inactive Benefit Information

Inactive Firefighters - Current Benefits

| Disabled Retirees | 100\% Federal Count | 100\% Federal Average Benefit |  | Partial <br> Federal Count | Partial <br> Federal <br> Average <br> Benefit |  | Partial Federal Average Total Benefit |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Under 35 | - | \$ | - | - | \$ | , | \$ | - |
| 35-39 | - |  | - | - |  | - |  | - |
| 40-44 | - |  | - | - |  | - |  | - |
| 45-59 | - |  | - | - |  | - |  | - |
| 50-54 | - |  | - | - |  | - |  | - |
| 55-59 | - |  | - | 11 |  | 7,886 |  | 37,828 |
| 60-64 | 3 |  | 26,488 | 8 |  | 18,150 |  | 56,216 |
| 65-69 | 11 |  | 50,774 | 16 |  | 36,077 |  | 59,381 |
| 70-74 | 23 |  | 58,551 | 17 |  | 63,158 |  | 75,068 |
| 75-79 | 34 |  | 62,706 | 1 |  | 110,400 |  | 112,020 |
| 80-84 | 52 |  | 70,710 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 85-89 | 19 |  | 58,781 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 90-94 | 14 |  | 64,714 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 95-100 | 1 |  | 59,844 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 100 and over | 1 |  | 66,564 | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total | 158 | \$ | 62,929 | 53 | \$ | 37,609 | \$ | 60,455 |

Inactive Firefighters - Deferred Benefits

| Terminated <br> Vested | Count | Average <br> Federal <br> Benefit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Under 35 | - | $\$$ |
| $35-39$ | - | - |
| $40-44$ | - | - |
| $45-59$ | - | - |
| $50-54$ | - | 14,314 |
| $55-59$ | 1 | 12,384 |
| $60-64$ | - | 5,520 |
| $65-69$ | - | - |
| $70-74$ | - | - |
| $75-79$ | - | - |
| $80-84$ | - | - |
| $85-89$ | - | - |
| $90-94$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 , 9 7 4}$ |
| 100 and over |  |  |
| Total |  |  |


| Basis for the Valuation |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Inactive Benefit Information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Inactive Firefighters - Deferred Benefits |  |  |  |  |  |
| Disabled Retirees | Partial Federal Count | Partial <br> Federal <br> Average <br> Beneffit |  | Partial Federal Average Total Benefit |  |
| Under 35 | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| 35-39 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 40-44 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 45-59 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 50-54 | 7 |  | 10,152 |  | 50,755 |
| 55-59 | 1 |  | 1,140 |  | 59,760 |
| 60-64 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 65-69 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 70-74 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 75-79 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 80-84 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 85-89 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 90-94 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 95-100 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 100 and over | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total | 8 | \$ | 9,026 | \$ | 51,881 |

## Basis for the Valuation

## Inactive Benefit Information

## Inactive Teachers - Current Benefits

| Normal <br> Retirees | 100\% Federal Count | 100\% Federal Average Benefit |  | Partial Federal Count | Partial <br> Federal <br> Average <br> Benefit |  | Partial <br> Federal <br> Average Total Benefit |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Under 35 | - | \$ | - | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| 35-39 | - |  | - | - |  | - |  | - |
| 40-44 | - |  | - | - |  | - |  | - |
| 45-49 | - |  | - | - |  | - |  | - |
| 50-54 | - |  | - | 2 |  | 5,394 |  | 55,260 |
| 55-59 | - |  | - | 33 |  | 15,332 |  | 72,908 |
| 60-64 | 1 |  | 7,008 | 138 |  | 16,040 |  | 65,470 |
| 65-69 | 3 |  | 21,288 | 361 |  | 22,529 |  | 64,688 |
| 70-74 | 10 |  | 13,117 | 755 |  | 32,939 |  | 65,497 |
| 75-79 | 74 |  | 34,697 | 1,098 |  | 43,317 |  | 64,717 |
| 80-84 | 211 |  | 56,683 | 634 |  | 46,782 |  | 63,079 |
| 85-89 | 332 |  | 60,390 | 190 |  | 44,523 |  | 57,944 |
| 90-94 | 243 |  | 55,904 | 27 |  | 51,967 |  | 66,149 |
| 95-100 | 88 |  | 54,219 | 4 |  | 54,921 |  | 69,393 |
| 100 and over | 29 |  | 62,753 | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total | 991 | \$ | 55,454 | 3,242 | \$ | 37,951 | \$ | 64,305 |


| Beneficiaries | 100\% Federal Count | 100\% Federal Average Benefit |  | Partial <br> Federal Count | Partial <br> Federal <br> Average <br> Benefit |  | Partial <br> Federal <br> Average Total Benefit |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Under 35 | - | \$ | - | 2 | \$ | 3,516 | \$ | 9,180 |
| 35-39 | - |  | - | - |  | - |  | - |
| 40-44 | 1 |  | 12,612 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 45-59 | - |  | - | 2 |  | 9,048 |  | 19,290 |
| 50-54 | 3 |  | 9,860 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 55-59 | 2 |  | 6,486 | 2 |  | 9,264 |  | 17,154 |
| 60-64 | 4 |  | 15,705 | 12 |  | 9,401 |  | 22,236 |
| 65-69 | 3 |  | 29,828 | 17 |  | 14,063 |  | 23,030 |
| 70-74 | 9 |  | 25,131 | 40 |  | 15,928 |  | 25,210 |
| 75-79 | 35 |  | 25,365 | 44 |  | 18,436 |  | 24,777 |
| 80-84 | 55 |  | 26,573 | 32 |  | 16,073 |  | 21,141 |
| 85-89 | 49 |  | 30,417 | 10 |  | 19,280 |  | 24,895 |
| 90-94 | 53 |  | 28,358 | 6 |  | 17,568 |  | 23,390 |
| 95-100 | 15 |  | 26,379 | 2 |  | 20,772 |  | 23,028 |
| 100 and over | 4 |  | 37,776 | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total | 233 | \$ | 27,138 | 169 | \$ | 15,964 | \$ | 23,432 |

## Basis for the Valuation

## Inactive Benefit Information

Inactive Teachers - Current Benefits

| Disabled Retirees | 100\% Federal Count | 100\% Federal Average Benefit |  | Partial <br> Federal Count | Partial <br> Federal <br> Average <br> Benefit |  | Partial <br> Federal <br> Average Total Benefit |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Under 35 | - | \$ | - | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| 35-39 | - |  | - | - |  | - |  | - |
| 40-44 | - |  | - | - |  | - |  | - |
| 45-59 | - |  | - | - |  | - |  | - |
| 50-54 | - |  | - | - |  | - |  | - |
| 55-59 | - |  | - | - |  | - |  | - |
| 60-64 | 4 |  | 28,134 | 6 |  | 12,402 |  | 46,366 |
| 65-69 | 3 |  | 27,332 | 14 |  | 14,080 |  | 43,564 |
| 70-74 | 4 |  | 35,586 | 21 |  | 21,110 |  | 44,278 |
| 75-79 | 29 |  | 34,837 | 24 |  | 22,405 |  | 42,776 |
| 80-84 | 26 |  | 33,759 | 3 |  | 34,752 |  | 45,572 |
| 85-89 | 24 |  | 37,257 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 90-94 | 13 |  | 37,410 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 95-100 | 3 |  | 42,884 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 100 and over | 2 |  | 54,780 | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total | 108 | \$ | 35,589 | 68 | \$ | 19,953 | \$ | 43,842 |

Inactive Teachers - Deferred Benefits

| Terminated <br> Vested | Count | Average <br> Federal <br> Benefit |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Under 35 | - | $\$$ | - |
| $35-39$ | - | - |  |
| $40-44$ | - | - |  |
| $45-59$ | 3 | 1,456 |  |
| $50-54$ | 36 | 3,223 |  |
| $55-59$ | 47 | 5,063 |  |
| $60-64$ | 50 | 6,611 |  |
| $65-69$ | 20 | 8,691 |  |
| $70-74$ | 32 |  | 5,222 |
| $75-79$ | 20 |  | 8,801 |
| $80-84$ | 4 | 9,108 |  |
| $85-89$ | - | - |  |
| $90-94$ | - |  | - |
| $95-100$ | - |  | - |
| 100 and over | $\mathbf{2 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{\$}$ | $\mathbf{5 , 8 6 0}$ |
| Total |  |  |  |


| Basis for the Valuation |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Inactive Benefit Information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Inactive Teachers - Deferred Benefits |  |  |  |  |  |
| Disabled Retirees | Partial Federal Count |  | Partial <br> Federal <br> Average <br> Benefit |  | Partial deral ge Total nefit |
| Under 35 | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| 35-39 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 40-44 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 45-59 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 50-54 | 1 |  | 6,180 |  | 46,608 |
| 55-59 | 2 |  | 1,992 |  | 41,658 |
| 60-64 | 4 |  | 7,095 |  | 51,624 |
| 65-69 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 70-74 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 75-79 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 80-84 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 85-89 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 90-94 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 95-100 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 100 and over | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total | 7 | \$ | 5,506 | \$ | 48,060 |

## Basis for the Valuation

## Inactive Benefit Information

## Inactive Judges

| Normal <br> Retirees | Count | Average <br> Benefit |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Under 35 | - | $\$$ | - |
| $35-39$ | - | - |  |
| $40-44$ | - | - |  |
| $45-49$ | - | - |  |
| $50-54$ | - | - |  |
| $55-59$ | 2 | 92,048 |  |
| $60-64$ | 2 | 176,246 |  |
| $65-69$ | 10 | 183,505 |  |
| $70-74$ | 21 | 176,272 |  |
| $75-79$ | 28 | 180,711 |  |
| $80-84$ | 11 | 186,575 |  |
| $85-89$ | 8 | 199,042 |  |
| $90-94$ | 4 | 173,850 |  |
| $95-100$ | 1 |  | 138,689 |
| 100 and over | - | $\mathbf{1 7 9 , 4 4 8}$ |  |
| Total | $\mathbf{8 7}$ | $\mathbf{\$}$ | $\mathbf{1 7 9}$ |


| Beneficiaries | Count | Average <br> Benefit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Under 35 | - | $\$$ |
| $35-39$ | - | - |
| $40-44$ | - | - |
| $45-59$ | - | - |
| $50-54$ | - | - |
| $55-59$ | 1 | - |
| $60-64$ | - | 9,048 |
| $65-69$ | - | - |
| $70-74$ | - | - |
| $75-79$ | 3 |  |
| $80-84$ | 3 |  |
| $85-89$ | 5 | 90,575 |
| $90-94$ | 2 | 91,374 |
| $95-100$ | 1 |  |
| 100 and over | - | $\mathbf{8 5 , 2 1 1}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 5}$ | $\mathbf{\$}$ |
|  | $\mathbf{9 2 , 1 6 0}$ |  |


| Disabled <br> Retirees | Count | Average <br> Beneffit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Under 35 | - | \$ |
| $35-39$ | - | - |
| $40-44$ | - | - |
| $45-59$ | - | - |
| $50-54$ | - | - |
| $55-59$ | - | - |
| $60-64$ | 1 | 119,403 |
| $65-69$ | 1 | 162,016 |
| $70-74$ | - | - |
| $75-79$ | - | - |
| $80-84$ | - | - |
| $85-89$ | - | - |
| $90-94$ | - | $\mathbf{1 4 0 , 7 1 0}$ |
| $95-100$ | - | $\mathbf{\$}$ |
| and over | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 0}$ |
| Total |  |  |


| Terminated <br> Vested | Count | Average <br> Benefit |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Under 35 | - | $\$$ | - |
| $35-39$ | - | - |  |
| $40-44$ | - | - |  |
| $45-59$ | - | - |  |
| $50-54$ | - | - |  |
| $55-59$ | - | - |  |
| $60-64$ | - | - |  |
| $65-69$ | - | - |  |
| $70-74$ | - | - |  |
| $75-79$ | - | - |  |
| $80-84$ | - | - |  |
| $85-89$ | - |  | - |
| $90-94$ | - |  | - |
| $95-100$ | - | $\$$ | - |
| and over | - |  | - |
| Total | - |  | - |

## APPENDIX A

## Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

## Methods

## Liability Valuation Method

The funding method is the Individual Entry Age Normal Method for the Judges' Plan and Projected Unit Credit Method for the Police Officers and Firefighters' and Teachers' Plans. The individual entry age normal method allocates the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual on a level basis over the service of the individual between participation age and projected exit age. The projected unit credit method recognizes the portion of the present value of the projected benefits earned as of the valuation date. Since there are no remaining participants earning new benefit accruals in the Police Officers and Firefighters' and Teachers' Plans, ODCP believes that it is prudent to accelerate the recognition of the benefit accruals, as opposed to deferring the value of benefits already earned.

Under the Entry Age Normal Method, the present value of future benefits is equal to the value of the projected benefit payable at retirement discounted back to the plan member's current age. Discounts include such items as interest and mortality. The difference between the present value of future benefits and the present value of future normal cost contributions represents the actuarial liability at the plan member's current age.

Under the Projected Unit Credit Method (Benefit Accrual Method), the accrued liability is determined by calculating a benefit based on service earned to the valuation date with compensation projected to the expected retirement date (or other event), then discounting those amounts to the valuation date. The actuarial accrued liability for participants currently receiving payments is calculated as the actuarial present value of future benefits expected to be paid.

For the purposes of determining the actuarial gains and losses during the year, liabilities as of October 1, 2023 for the Judges' Plan uses the prior year Effective Interest Rate. The liabilities for the Police Officers and Firefighters' and Teachers' Plans are based on 2023 spot rates implied by the 2022 spot rate yield curve. These spot rates used in gain/loss analysis were calculated by converting the 2022 spot rates to forward rates, removing the forward rate for FY 2023, and then converting the forward rates back to spot rates. See the table below for an example of the rates.

| Fiscal Year | $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ Valuation Spot <br> Rate Assumption | Forward Rate <br> (rounded) | Implied 2023 Spot <br> Rates used for <br> (Gain)/Loss only |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FY 2023 | $0.87 \%$ | $0.87 \%$ | N/A |
| FY 2024 | $1.01 \%$ | $1.15 \%$ | $1.15 \%$ |
| FY 2025 | $1.20 \%$ | $1.58 \%$ | $1.37 \%$ |
| FY 2026 | $1.39 \%$ | $1.96 \%$ | $1.56 \%$ |

## Asset Valuation Method

Net assets available for benefits, projected to September 30, 2023 without smoothing, is provided by ODCP and used for purposes of the valuation. When assets are subtracted from the actuarial liability the remainder represents the unfunded liability. Net assets available for benefits are the book value of total assets less nonpension liabilities. Total assets primarily consist of net investments in Treasury securities recorded at amortized cost.

## Funding Method

For Judges, the normal cost under the individual entry age normal method is a level percentage of pay. The normal cost is calculated by discounting the value of all expected benefits to a participant's entry date and dividing by an increasing annuity reflecting anticipated salary increases from plan entry to expected exit ages. The normal cost to the Department of the Treasury is the full amount, less expected employee contributions. The funding method for the Police Officers and Firefighters' and Teachers' Plans is the projected unit credit method. No normal cost is payable for these participants as benefit service is frozen. For both methods, changes in actuarial assumptions, changes in plan provisions, and differences in actual experience compared to expected experience are reflected as part of the annual amount of gain or loss, which is a component of the total amortization of the Unfunded Accrued Liability.

## APPENDIX A

## Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

## Methods

The prior amortization periods and payments are fixed from year to year. Because of this, the balances of prior amortization bases are recalculated each year to reflect changes in the underlying interest rates. New amortization payments due to (Gain)/Loss are recognized over a 10-year period, while those due to assumption changes are recognized over a period of 20 years.

For the Police Officers and Firefighters', and Teachers' Plans, the outstanding amortization bases are recalculated each year using the new spot rates. For the Judges' Plan, the outstanding amortization bases are recalculated each year at the new funding effective interest rate (EIR).

The asset (Gain)/Loss is determined using the same interest rates as the liability (Gain)/Loss.

## Mortality Adjustment from Census Date to Valuation Date

The census data is adjusted from the date it is provided to the valuation date. A factor is applied to the liabilities calculated using the census data to account for the estimated inactives mortality between the census date and the valuation date.

## Procedures

Financial and Census data were submitted by the Department of the Treasury. Information provided was reviewed for internal consistency and there is no reason to doubt its substantial accuracy.

No benefits of materiality were excluded from the valuation of the liabilities.
The Department of the Treasury provided us with data on actives who, as of the valuation date, had completed the plan's eligibility requirements.

## Models

Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 56 - Modeling requires disclosure of certain information regarding the actuary's use of models when issuing actuarial reports for work performed on or after October 1, 2020. For this valuation, the liability calculations were determined using industry-leading defined benefit valuation software developed and maintained by a third-party vendor. The model was designed specifically for the measurement of defined benefit pension and postretirement medical plan liabilities and the actuary has updated the applicable parameters for the specific plan provisions and assumptions selected for this valuation. The discount rate was determined using a model that calculates a supportable weighted-average discount rate with inputs of the selected yield curve and projected plan cash flows.

## Method Changes Since Last Year

None.

## APPENDIX A

## Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Assumptions

| Interest Rates | The June 30, 2023 rates (averaged over 40 quarters, as published by the Department of the Treasury) shown below were used for the current valuation. The Police Officers and Firefighters', and Teachers' Plans are measured using the full yield curve for the liability interest rate, while the Judges' Plan is measured using the equivalent Effective Interest Rate (EIR). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Duration | Return | Duration | Return | Duration | Return | Duration | Return |
|  | 0-1 | 1.30\% | 25-26 | 2.89\% | 50-51 | 3.13\% | 75-76 | 3.21\% |
|  | 1-2 | 1.39\% | 26-27 | 2.90\% | 51-52 | 3.13\% | 76-77 | 3.22\% |
|  | 2-3 | 1.55\% | 27-28 | 2.92\% | 52-53 | 3.14\% | 77-78 | 3.22\% |
|  | 3-4 | 1.72\% | 28-29 | 2.93\% | 53-54 | 3.14\% | 78-79 | 3.22\% |
|  | 4-5 | 1.86\% | 29-30 | 2.94\% | 54-55 | 3.15\% | 79-80 | 3.22\% |
|  | 5-6 | 1.97\% | 30-31 | 2.96\% | 55-56 | 3.15\% | 80-81 | 3.22\% |
|  | 6-7 | 2.06\% | 31-32 | 2.97\% | 56-57 | 3.16\% | 81-82 | 3.23\% |
|  | 7-8 | 2.14\% | 32-33 | 2.98\% | 57-58 | 3.16\% | 82-83 | 3.23\% |
|  | 8-9 | 2.20\% | 33-34 | 2.99\% | 58-59 | 3.16\% | 83-84 | 3.23\% |
|  | 9-10 | 2.26\% | 34-35 | 3.01\% | 59-60 | 3.17\% | 84-85 | 3.23\% |
|  | 10-11 | 2.32\% | 35-36 | 3.02\% | 60-61 | 3.17\% | 85-86 | 3.23\% |
|  | 11-12 | 2.37\% | 36-37 | 3.03\% | 61-62 | 3.17\% | 86-87 | 3.24\% |
|  | 12-13 | 2.43\% | 37-38 | 3.04\% | 62-63 | 3.18\% | 87-88 | 3.24\% |
|  | 13-14 | 2.49\% | 38-39 | 3.05\% | 63-64 | 3.18\% | 88-89 | 3.24\% |
|  | 14-15 | 2.54\% | 39-40 | 3.05\% | 64-65 | 3.18\% | 89-90 | 3.24\% |
|  | 15-16 | 2.60\% | 40-41 | 3.06\% | 65-66 | 3.19\% | 90-91 | 3.24\% |
|  | 16-17 | 2.64\% | 41-42 | 3.07\% | 66-67 | 3.19\% | 91-92 | 3.25\% |
|  | 17-18 | 2.69\% | 42-43 | 3.08\% | 67-68 | 3.19\% | 92-93 | 3.25\% |
|  | 18-19 | 2.73\% | 43-44 | 3.08\% | 68-69 | 3.20\% | 93-94 | 3.25\% |
|  | 19-20 | 2.77\% | 44-45 | 3.09\% | 69-70 | 3.20\% | 94-95 | 3.25\% |
|  | 20-21 | 2.80\% | 45-46 | 3.10\% | 70-71 | 3.20\% | 95-96 | 3.25\% |
|  | 21-22 | 2.82\% | 46-47 | 3.11\% | 71-72 | 3.20\% | 96-97 | 3.25\% |
|  | 22-23 | 2.84\% | 47-48 | 3.11\% | 72-73 | 3.21\% | 97-98 | 3.25\% |
|  | 23-24 | 2.86\% | 48-49 | 3.12\% | 73-74 | 3.21\% | 98-99 | 3.26\% |
|  | 24-25 | 2.87\% | 49-50 | 3.12\% | 74-75 | 3.21\% | 99-100 | 3.26\% |

The Effective Interest Rates (single rate that produces the same results when applied to all cash flows) for all plans are as follows:

|  | Police | Fire | Teachers | Judges |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EIR | $2.58 \%$ | $2.57 \%$ | $2.44 \%$ | $2.74 \%$ |

Interest

Interest Rates for
The same interest rates were used for purposes of rolling forward plan assets and rolling forward plan liabilities for determining gains and losses. For Judges, the 2022 EIR ( $2.61 \%$ ) was used for this purpose. For Police, Fire and Teachers, the first spot rate from the 2022 spot rate curve ( $0.87 \%$ ) was used for this purpose.

| Economic <br> Assumptions |  | Police | Fire | Teachers | Judges |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | COLA $^{1}$ | $2.63 \%$ | $2.63 \%$ | $2.60 \%$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | $2.58 \%$ |
|  | Wage Inflation $^{2}$ | $2.75 \%$ | $2.55 \%$ | $2.10 \%$ | $1.67 \%$ |

${ }^{1}$ The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) assumption above does not apply to police officers and firefighters who retired prior to February 15, 1980, as they receive COLAs based on wage inflation.
${ }^{2}$ The wage inflation assumption for Fire was set to $3.50 \%$ in FY 2024 to reflect the most recent contract negotiation.

## Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Assumptions

| Salary Growth | The additional salary increases (on top of the general wage increases for all actives as shown in the above table) are shown below: |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Years of Service | Police | Fire | Teachers | Judges |
|  | 20 | 8.00\% | 5.50\% | 2.00\% | 0.00\% |
|  | 21 | 0.50\% | 1.50\% | 1.00\% | 0.00\% |
|  | 22 | 0.50\% | 1.50\% | 1.00\% | 0.00\% |
|  | 23 | 0.50\% | 1.50\% | 1.00\% | 0.00\% |
|  | 24 | 0.50\% | 1.50\% | 1.00\% | 0.00\% |
|  | 25 | 3.00\% | 4.40\% | 1.00\% | 0.00\% |
|  | 26 | 0.50\% | 1.20\% | 1.00\% | 0.00\% |
|  | 27 | 0.50\% | 1.20\% | 1.00\% | 0.00\% |
|  | 28 | 0.50\% | 1.20\% | 1.00\% | 0.00\% |
|  | 29 | 0.50\% | 1.20\% | 1.00\% | 0.00\% |
|  | 30 | 3.00\% | 5.70\% | 0.60\% | 0.00\% |
|  | $31+$ | 0.25\% | 1.30\% | 0.60\% | 0.00\% |
|  | Police officers after 15 years class after 20 compensation additional inc service and 20 <br> Firefighters a applied to ba included in p | longevit ice and 30 year e memb 5\% of b of servic <br> ned to re ter 15 , e comp | es of 5\% increas ice. Long 5 years of for the B <br> gevity in nd 30 ye for all ye | 1 pay in th \% of step 1 ay is includ e. Police off ention Diffe <br> of $5 \%, 10$ service, resp | ' pay class officers' pay ionable ive an er 5 years of <br> and 20\% and are |
| Active Plan Member Base Mortality | - Police Offi Income <br> - Teachers: <br> - Judges: | Firefig <br> 0 Teache <br> General | ub-2010 <br> yee, Abo <br> , Above | Safety Emp <br> ian Income <br> Income | ove-Median |
| Retired Plan Member Base Mortality | - Police Offi Retiree, Abov <br> - Teachers: Income <br> - Judges: Pu | Firefig Income <br> y Adjust <br> General | Credibility <br> 2010 Tea <br> Retiree, | ed Pub-20 <br> althy Retir <br> Median Inco | Safety Healthy <br> Median |

## Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Assumptions

| Beneficiary - <br> Surviving Spouse <br> Member Base <br> Mortality | - Police Officers and Firefighters: Credibility Adjusted Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor, <br> Above-Median Income |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| - Teachers: Credibility Adjusted Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor, Above-Median Income |  |
| - Judges: Pub-2010 General Contingent Survivor, Above-Median Income |  |

## Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Assumptions

| Disability | No disabilities are assumed among Judges. <br> Below are sample rates of disability assumed to occur: |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Age | Police | Fire | Teachers | Judges |
|  | 30-34 | 0.000\% | 0.000\% | 0.070\% | 0.000\% |
|  | 35-39 | 0.000\% | 0.000\% | 0.120\% | 0.000\% |
|  | 40-44 | 0.500\% | 0.500\% | 0.128\% | 0.000\% |
|  | 45-49 | 0.150\% | 0.100\% | 0.208\% | 0.000\% |
|  | 50-54 | 0.100\% | 0.100\% | 0.500\% | 0.000\% |
|  | 55-59 | 0.000\% | 0.000\% | 0.800\% | 0.000\% |
|  | 60-64 | 0.000\% | 0.000\% | 0.800\% | 0.000\% |
|  | 65+ | 0.000\% | 0.000\% | 0.000\% | 0.000\% |

Note that the Federal portion of the disability benefits for police officers and firefighters is the same for service and non-service related disabilities. Therefore, an assumption on percentage of service related disabilities was not necessary. All incidents of disability were assumed to result in plan members being $100 \%$ disabled.

## Retirement Age

Retirement is assumed to occur in accordance with the table below:

| Age | Police- <br> Male | Police- <br> Female | Fire | Teachers | Judges |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | $55 \%$ | $65 \%$ | $55 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| 51 | $30 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| 52 | $30 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| 53 | $30 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| 54 | $30 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| 55 | $30 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| 56 | $30 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| 57 | $30 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| 58 | $30 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| 59 | $30 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| 60 | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| 61 | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| 62 | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| 63 | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| 64 | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| 65 | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| 66 | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| 67 | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| 68 | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| 69 | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| 70 | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ |
| $71+$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ |

## Return of <br> Employee <br> Contributions

In valuing return of contribution benefits for employees assumed to die without a spouse or to terminate and elect a refund of their contribution balance, the employee contributions balance was estimated based on the actual employee contribution balance when available (provided as of the census date for the Judges' Plan and July 1, 1998 for the other plans), otherwise using estimated prior salaries. The actual contribution amount for Judges is used to project the hypothetical employee contribution refund due.

# Actuarial Assumptions and Methods <br> Assumptions 

| Post Retirement |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Contributions | Retired Judges may elect to contribute $3.5 \%$ or $7.0 \%$ of their retirement benefit to <br> provide a survivor benefit. The net amount of this benefit was included in benefit <br> payments and projections, and the normal cost was not offset by these contributions. |
| Expenses | The 15-Year Fund projections for all plans use expense projections provided by the <br> Department of the Treasury. The $15-Y e a r ~ F u n d ~ p r o j e c t i o n s ~ f o r ~ t h e ~ J u d g e s ' ~ P l a n ~ a s s u m e s ~$ <br> employee contribution increases at the same rate as pay for actives. |
| Spousal Age | - Police Officers and Firefighters and Teachers: Male spouses are assumed to be two <br> years older than their female spouse when actual beneficiary data was unavailable. |
| - Judges: Male spouses are assumed to be three years older than their female spouse |  |
| when actual beneficiary data was unavailable. |  |

## APPENDIX A

## Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

## Assumptions

| Changes from Prior Report | The interest rate assumption was changed to reflect average quarterly Treasury yield rates for the 10 -year period ending on June 30, 2023. The June 30, 2022 rates (averaged over 40 quarters, as published by the Department of the Treasury) shown below were used for the prior valuation of the Police Officers and Firefighters', and Teachers' Plans. The prior year EIR for the Judges' Plan was $2.61 \%$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Duration | Return | Duration | Return | Duration | Return | Duration | Return |
|  | 0-1 | 0.87\% | 25-26 | 2.82\% | 50-51 | 3.08\% | 75-76 | 3.17\% |
|  | 1-2 | 1.01\% | 26-27 | 2.84\% | 51-52 | 3.09\% | 76-77 | 3.17\% |
|  | 2-3 | 1.20\% | 27-28 | 2.86\% | 52-53 | 3.09\% | 77-78 | 3.18\% |
|  | 3-4 | 1.39\% | 28-29 | 2.88\% | 53-54 | 3.10\% | 78-79 | 3.18\% |
|  | 4-5 | 1.56\% | 29-30 | 2.89\% | 54-55 | 3.10\% | 79-80 | 3.18\% |
|  | 5-6 | 1.71\% | 30-31 | 2.91\% | 55-56 | 3.11\% | 80-81 | 3.18\% |
|  | 6-7 | 1.83\% | 31-32 | 2.92\% | 56-57 | 3.11\% | 81-82 | 3.18\% |
|  | 7-8 | 1.94\% | 32-33 | 2.93\% | 57-58 | 3.12\% | 82-83 | 3.19\% |
|  | 8-9 | 2.03\% | 33-34 | 2.95\% | 58-59 | 3.12\% | 83-84 | 3.19\% |
|  | 9-10 | 2.11\% | 34-35 | 2.96\% | 59-60 | 3.12\% | 84-85 | 3.19\% |
|  | 10-11 | 2.19\% | 35-36 | 2.97\% | 60-61 | 3.13\% | 85-86 | 3.19\% |
|  | 11-12 | 2.26\% | 36-37 | 2.98\% | 61-62 | 3.13\% | 86-87 | 3.19\% |
|  | 12-13 | 2.32\% | 37-38 | 2.99\% | 62-63 | 3.13\% | 87-88 | 3.20\% |
|  | 13-14 | 2.38\% | 38-39 | 3.00\% | 63-64 | 3.14\% | 88-89 | 3.20\% |
|  | 14-15 | 2.44\% | 39-40 | 3.01\% | 64-65 | 3.14\% | 89-90 | 3.20\% |
|  | 15-16 | 2.49\% | 40-41 | 3.02\% | 65-66 | 3.14\% | 90-91 | 3.20\% |
|  | 16-17 | 2.54\% | 41-42 | 3.02\% | 66-67 | 3.15\% | 91-92 | 3.20\% |
|  | 17-18 | 2.58\% | 42-43 | 3.03\% | 67-68 | 3.15\% | 92-93 | 3.20\% |
|  | 18-19 | 2.62\% | 43-44 | 3.04\% | 68-69 | 3.15\% | 93-94 | 3.21\% |
|  | 19-20 | 2.66\% | 44-45 | 3.05\% | 69-70 | 3.16\% | 94-95 | 3.21\% |
|  | 20-21 | 2.69\% | 45-46 | 3.05\% | 70-71 | 3.16\% | 95-96 | 3.21\% |
|  | 21-22 | 2.73\% | 46-47 | 3.06\% | 71-72 | 3.16\% | 96-97 | 3.21\% |
|  | 22-23 | 2.75\% | 47-48 | 3.07\% | 72-73 | 3.16\% | 97-98 | 3.21\% |
|  | 23-24 | 2.78\% | 48-49 | 3.07\% | 73-74 | 3.17\% | 98-99 | 3.21\% |
|  | 24-25 | 2.80\% | 49-50 | 3.08\% | 74-75 | 3.17\% | 99-100 | 3.21\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | COLA/Wa | Inflatio |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Police |  |  | eacher |  | dges |
|  |  |  |  |  | Prior |  |  |  |
|  | COL |  | 2.15\% |  |  | 2.14\% |  | 88\% |
|  | Wage In |  | 2.15\% |  |  | 2.30\% |  | 26\% |

## APPENDIX B

## Rationale

Methods
Funding

Method | SFFAS 5 permits the use of a funding method other than the Aggregate Entry Age |
| :--- |
| Normal method if an explanation is provided and the difference in results are |
| immaterial. |
| The Judges' Plan uses Individual Entry Age Normal method to develop the accrued |
| liability and normal costs. The differences in results between Aggregate and |
| Individual Entry Age Normal methods are very small and the Individual Entry Age |
| Method provides more detail by individual for the movements in the liability. |
| The Police Officers and Firefighters' and the Teachers' Plans use the Projected Unit |
| Credit ("PUC") Method in place of the Entry Age Normal Method ("EAN"). Although |
| the plans do not have future service accruals, the EAN method would defer a |
| portion of past service into the future and thereby generating a normal cost until |
| all actives have decremented. The PUC method better recognizes that all service |
| has been fully accrued by participants, and attributes the anticipated change in |
| compensation to that accrued service. This approach does not defer a portion of |
| past service into the future, and therefore does not generate a normal cost. The |
| PUC method aligns to the annual payment required for the plan under the |
| Balanced Budget Act of 1997 (Pub. Law 105-33). |

## APPENDIX B

## Rationale

## Assumptions

\(\left.$$
\begin{array}{ll}\begin{array}{l}\text { Interest Rates and } \\
\text { Economic } \\
\text { Assumptions }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { The underlying interest rate, inflation, Cost-of-Living Adjustment (based on } 10 \text {-year } \\
\text { averages), and wage inflation assumptions (based on the 10-year average of actual } \\
\text { negotiated pay increases) were prescribed by the Department of the Treasury, based } \\
\text { on their analysis of investments and historical experience, and are intended to comply } \\
\text { with SFFAS } 5 \text { and } 33 .\end{array} \\
\hline \begin{array}{ll}\text { Interest Rates for }\end{array} \\
\text { (Gain)/Loss }\end{array}
$$ \begin{array}{l}The use of EIR for the Judges' Plan produced the same Present Value of Benefits as is <br>
produced using the yield curve. For an active plan, the EIR is used for the period of <br>
time between plan member entry and the valuation date. The EIR is a good proxy for <br>
long term discount rate because it captures the weighted cash flows of the yield curve <br>
as a single rate. The use of the first spot rate for the other plans reflects the most <br>

relevant expectation of the discount rate over the course of the prior year.\end{array}\right]\)| The underlying salary growth assumptions are based upon expectations of plan |
| :--- | :--- |
| experience and the most recent experience study conducted in 2019. |

## APPENDIX B

## Rationale

## Assumptions

| Spousal Age | The marriage assumptions are based on expectations of plan experience and the most <br> recent experience study conducted in 2019. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Effective Form of <br> Payment Election | The benefit form election assumptions are based on expectations of plan experience <br> and the most recent experience study conducted in 2019. |
| Open Group |  |
| Projections | Open group projections presume there are no future actuarial gains or losses from <br> assets or liabilities. |
| Benefits Not | The refund of unexpended employee contributions was not valued for the Police <br> Officers and Firefighters' and the Teachers' Plans payable to retirees who died without <br> eligible surviving beneficiaries. The Department of the Treasury is only responsible for <br> the balance as of June 30, 1997 without interest; therefore, this liability, if any, was <br> deemed immaterial. |
| Valued | Survivor benefits for the Teachers' Plan are not valued for deferred benefits. The <br> Teachers Plan provides a reduction for Joint-and-Survivor benefits; therefore, the <br> actuarial value of the life annuity is similar to the actuarial value of the Joint-and- <br> Survivor annuity. Surviving children's benefits for active plan members in the Police <br> Officers and Firefighters' Plan are valued indirectly, by assuming a Joint-and-57\% <br> Survivor annuity for married plan members. |
| For the Judges' Plan, plan members are due a refund of the portion of their employee <br> contribution balance due to the coverage of a spouse in the event that their spouse <br> predeceases them. This has not been valued to the complexity and low probability of <br> occurrence. |  |

## APPENDIX C

## Plan Provisions Summary Police Officers and Firefighters' Plan

| Plan Year | October 1 - September 30 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Eligibility for Participation | All police officers and firefighters of the District of Columbia automatically become plan members on their date of employment. Police Cadets are not eligible. |
| Contributions | Plan members hired before November 10, 1996 are required to contribute $7 \%$ of annual salary, including any differential for special assignment, but excluding overtime, longevity, holiday, or military pay. Plan members hired on or after November 10, 1996 contribute $8 \%$ of annual salary, including any differential for special assignment, but excluding overtime, holiday, or military pay. Interest is not credited to each plan member's accumulated contributions. <br> Emerging inactive plan members not eligible for additional benefits will receive a refund of their contributions. |
| Departmental Service | A plan member receives service for each full year and additional months of employment with either the Metropolitan Police Force or the D.C. Fire Department. Only service earned prior to July 1, 1997 is used to compute the plan benefits. |
| Credited Service | Service granted or purchased in addition to departmental service. |
| Final Average Annual Earnings | For those hired before February 15, 1980, basic pay for the highest 12 consecutive months. For those hired on or after February 15, 1980, basic pay for the highest 36 consecutive months divided by three. |
| Longevity Pay Police Officers | Plan members who complete 25 years of active service prior to retirement are entitled to have longevity pay included in pensionable compensation. <br> Plan members hired before February 15, 1980, who complete 20 but less than 25 years of active service prior to retirement, are entitled to have longevity pay included in pensionable compensation (as this benefit adjustment was not included in June 30, 1997 plan provisions governing federal benefits, the District funds this benefit adjustment). |
| Normal form of benefit | Straight Life Annuity (no eligible spouse survivor); Joint-and-Survivor Annuity (eligible spouse survivor) |
| Optional form of benefit | Optional Additional Survivor Benefit: If elected by the plan member, the retiree benefit is reduced by $10 \%$ and the survivor is entitled to an additional survivor benefit equal to the amount of the benefit reduction; except the additional survivor benefit is reduced by $5 \%$ for each full five years the survivor is younger than the plan member, with this reduction not to exceed $40 \%$. |

## APPENDIX C

## Plan Provisions Summary Police Officers and Firefighters' Plan

| Cost-of-Living |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Adjustments |$\quad$| Former employees (not beneficiaries) who retired prior to February 15, 1980, receive |
| :--- |
| equalization, defined as a percentage increase in benefits equal to the percentage |
| increase in pay active employees receive. |
| All other retired plan members and their survivors receive an increase April 1 each year |
| based on the annual change in the Consumer Price Index (All Urban Consumers) from |
| December to December. The annual increase will not be less than $0 \%$ for any plan |
| member, and is limited to a maximum of $3 \%$ for plan members hired on or after |
| November 10, 1996. |

## APPENDIX C

## Plan Provisions Summary

 Police Officers and Firefighters' Plan$\left.\begin{array}{lll}\hline \text { Disability Benefits }\end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l}\text { Plan members who are disabled as a result of an illness or injury in the line of duty are } \\ \hline \text { Service-Related } \\ \text { Disability Benefit } \\ \text { Eligibility }\end{array} \begin{array}{l}\text { eligible for this benefit. If disabled after June } 30,1997 \text { and not eligible for an optional } \\ \text { retirement benefit, the Federal portion of this benefit is payable beginning at age 55. }\end{array}\right\}$

## APPENDIX C

## Plan Provisions Summary Police Officers and Firefighters' Plan

| Death Benefits |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Lump Sum Death Benefit | Lump sum of \$50,000 payable for death occurring in the line of duty, provided the death is not the result of willful misconduct or by intention to bring about his/her own death. |
| Survivor Benefit (Spouse Only) Death Outside Line of Duty after 12/29/93 | Eligible upon death and, if retired, married for at least one year or have a child by the marriage. The benefit will be $40 \%$ of the greater of Average Pay and the salary for class 1, step 6 of the D.C. Police and Firemen's Salary Act in effect at the date of death, adjusted for cost-of-living increases if death occurs after retirement. The benefit cannot exceed the rate of pay for the position occupied at death (or retirement if death occurs after retirement.) |
| Survivor Benefit (Spouse Only) Death In Line of Duty after 12/29/93 | Eligible upon death in the line of duty. The benefit will be $100 \%$ of final pay. The Federal portion of this benefit is $40 \%$ of average pay per June 30, 1997 plan provisions. |
| Survivor Benefit - <br> Spouse and <br> Dependent <br> Children | Eligibility for the spouse is the same as Spouse Only benefit; for the children, unmarried and under 18 ( 22 if full-time student), or any child dependent because of a disability incurred before age 18 . <br> Spouse benefit as described above, plus, provided death does not occur in the line of duty, a benefit per child (payable until the children are no longer eligible) equal to the smallest of: <br> - $60 \%$ of Average Pay divided by the number of eligible children; <br> - $\$ 5,028$ ( $\$ 4,572$ if hired on or after November 1, 1996) - Federal portion is $\$ 1,548$; or <br> - \$15,084 (\$13,716 if hired on or after November 1, 1996) divided by the number of children - Federal portion is $\$ 4,644$. <br> These amounts are increased annually based on cost-of-living adjustments. |
| Survivor Benefit Dependent Children Only | Eligibility is same as the Dependent Children benefit above. The benefit will be $75 \%$ of Average Pay divided by the number of eligible children, adjusted for cost-of-living increases. |
| Refund of Contributions | Refund contributions if death before retirement and no eligible spouse or children. All plan member contributions will be refunded to a named, or statutorily-designated if none named, beneficiary. |
| Changes Since Prior Valuation | None of which we are aware. |

## APPENDIX C

# Plan Provisions Summary <br> Teachers' Plan 

| Plan Year | October 1 - September 30 <br> Eligibility for <br> Participation | Permanent, temporary, and probationary teachers for the District of Columbia public day <br> schools become plan members automatically on their date of employment. Other <br> employees covered by the Retirement of Public School Teachers Act - including librarians, <br> principals, and counselors - also become plan members on their date of employment. <br> Substitute teachers and employees of the Department of School Attendance and Work <br> Permits are not covered. Some former D.C. teachers working at charter schools are <br> eligible to remain in the Plan. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Contributions | Plan members hired before November 1, 1996 are required to contribute 7\% of annual <br> pay. Plan members hired on or after November 1, 1996 contribute $8 \%$ of annual pay. |  |
| Emerging inactive plan members not eligible for additional benefits will receive a refund of |  |  |
| their contributions without interest. |  |  |

## APPENDIX C

## Plan Provisions Summary <br> Teachers' Plan

| Cost-of-Living Adjustments | All plan members receive an increase on April 1 each year based on the annual change in the Consumer Price Index (all items - U.S. City average) from December to December. The annual increase will not be less than 0\% for any plan member, and is limited to 3.0\% for plan members hired on or after November 1, 1996. The cost-of-living adjustment for plan members who become disabled after June 30, 1997 starts only with the payment of the federal portion of the benefit at age 62. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Retirement Benefits |  |
| Voluntary Retirement Date | For plan member hired before November 1, 1996, earliest of: <br> - Age 62 with 5 years of school service; <br> - Age 60 with 20 years of total service, including 5 years of school service; <br> - Age 55 with 30 years of total service, including 5 years of school service. <br> For plan member hired on or after November 1, 1996, earliest of: <br> - Age 62 with 5 years of school service; <br> - Age 60 with 20 years of total service, including 5 years of school service; <br> - Any age with 30 years of total service, including 5 years of school service. |
| Voluntary Retirement Benefit | For plan member hired before November 1, 1996: <br> - $1.5 \%$ of Average Pay times service up to 5 years, plus; <br> - $1.75 \%$ of Average Pay times service between 5 and 10 years, plus <br> - $2.0 \%$ of Average Pay times service over 10 years. <br> For plan member hired on or after November 1, 1996: <br> - $2.0 \%$ of Average Pay times service. <br> For all plan members, there is a minimum benefit of $1.0 \%$ of Average Pay plus $\$ 25$ for each year of service. <br> Service after June 30, 1997 is excluded from the calculation of the Federal portion of the benefit. |
| Involuntary Retirement Date | Retired involuntarily for reasons other than misconduct or delinquency with: <br> - 25 years of total service, including 5 years of school service; or <br> - Age 50 with 20 years of total service, including 5 years of school service. |
| Involuntary Retirement Amount | Voluntary Retirement Benefit is reduced by $1 / 6 \%$ per month ( $2 \%$ per year) for each full month that the date of retirement precedes age 55. |
| Vesting | 5 years of school service. |
| Deferred Vested Benefit | The benefit amount is calculated as a Voluntary Retirement Benefit beginning at age 62, based on service earned as of the termination of employment. |

## APPENDIX C

# Plan Provisions Summary <br> Teachers' Plan 

| Disability Benefits |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Disability Benefit Eligibility | 5 years of school service and a physical or mental disability that prevents the plan member from performing the job. |
| Disability Benefit | Voluntary Retirement benefit, subject to a minimum of the lesser of $40 \%$ of Average Pay and the benefit that the plan member would receive, projecting service to age 60. If disabled after June 30, 1997 and not eligible for voluntary retirement, the Federal portion of this benefit is a deferred vested benefit payable upon attainment of age 62 . Service after June 30, 1997 is excluded from this calculation. |
| Death Benefits |  |
| Lump Sum Death <br> Benefit - No <br> Survivor | Teachers who die before retirement and before completing 18 months of school service or who die without an eligible spouse, child, or parent, will receive a lump sum death benefit. The benefit will be a refund of plan member contributions without interest. |
| Survivor Benefit Spouse Only | Teachers who die before retirement and were married for at least two years or have a child by the marriage will provide their survivors a benefit. The benefit will be $55 \%$ of the Voluntary Retirement benefit subject to minimums. |
| Survivor Benefit - <br> Spouse and <br> Dependent <br> Children | Eligibility for the spouse is the same as Spouse Only benefit; for the children, unmarried and under 18 ( 22 if a full-time student); or any child dependent because of a disability incurred before age 18. Death does not have to occur before retirement for the children's benefits. The benefit will be: <br> Spouse benefit as described above, plus a benefit per child (payable until the children are no longer eligible) equal to the smallest of: <br> - $60 \%$ of Average Pay divided by the number of eligible children; <br> - $\$ 8,580$ (if hired before January 1, 1980), $\$ 8,268$ (if hired between January 1, 1980 and October 31, 1996), or $\$ 7,476$ (if hired on or after November 1, 1996) per child; or <br> - $\$ 25,740$ (if hired before January 1, 1980), $\$ 24,804$ (if hired between January 1, 1980 and October 31, 1996), or $\$ 22,428$ (if hired on or after November 1, 1996) divided by the number of children. <br> These amounts are increased annually based on cost-of-living adjustments. |

## APPENDIX C

## Plan Provisions Summary <br> Teachers' Plan

| Survivor Benefit Dependent Children Only | Eligibility is the same as for the children's benefit when there is a surviving spouse. <br> Benefit Amount <br> Per child (payable until the children are no longer eligible), the smallest of: <br> - $75 \%$ of Average Pay divided by the number of eligible children; <br> - $\$ 10,500$ (if hired before January 1,1980 ), $\$ 10,092$ (if hired between January 1, 1980 and October 31, 1996), or $\$ 9,048$ (if hired on or after November 1, 1996) per child; or <br> - $\$ 31,500$ (if hired before January 1,1980 ), $\$ 30,276$ (if hired between January 1, 1980 and October 31, 1996), or $\$ 27,144$ (if hired on or after November 1, 1996) divided by the number of children. <br> These amounts are increased annually based on cost-of-living adjustments. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Survivor Benefit Surviving Parents Only | Eligible if death before retirement and no eligible spouse or children, and parents receive at least one-half of their total income from the plan member. The benefit will be the same as the Surviving Spouse benefit. |
| Changes Since Prior Valuation | None of which we are aware. |

## APPENDIX C

## Plan Provisions Summary

## Judges' Plan

| Plan Year | October 1 - September 30 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Eligibility for Participation | All Judges of the District of Columbia Court of Appeals or the Superior Court are members in the plan. The Executive Officer of the Court System is also eligible. |
| Contributions | All Judges contribute $3.5 \%$ of their salaries to the Fund. Judges electing survivor coverage pay an additional $3.5 \%$ of annual salary (or retirement benefit if retired). Plan member contributions for survivor coverage do not end at retirement. <br> Emerging inactive plan members not eligible for additional benefits will receive a refund of their contributions without interest. |
| Judicial Service | A plan member receives credit for each full year and additional months of employment as a Judge with the District of Columbia Courts. |
| Credited Service | Service granted or purchased in addition to judicial service. |
| Cost-of-Living Adjustments | All pensioners will receive cost-of-living increases in line with those applicable to retirees in the Civil Service Retirement System. Cost-of-living adjustments are paid on January 1. |
| Retirement Benefits |  |
| Regular <br> Retirement <br> Date | Earlier of: <br> - Age 50 with 20 years of Judicial Service; or <br> - Age 60 with 10 years of Judicial Service. |
| Regular Retirement Benefit | Basic salary at retirement times the ratio of Judicial Service to 30, plus An additional benefit for any Credited Service (non Judicial) as follows: <br> - $1.50 \%$ of basic salary times Credited Service up to 5 years, plus <br> - $1.75 \%$ of basic salary times Credited Service from 5 to 10 years, plus <br> - $2.00 \%$ of basic salary times Credited Service in excess of 10 years. <br> The maximum total benefit is $80 \%$ of basic salary. |
| Vesting | 10 years of Judicial Service. |

## APPENDIX C

## Plan Provisions Summary

## Judges' Plan

| Mandatory Retirement Date | Mandatory retirement is at age 74. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Early Retirement Eligibility | Age 55 with 10 years of Judicial Service. |
| Early Retirement Benefit | 1/12\% per month prior to age 60 reduction in Judicial Service benefit. |
| Deferred Vested Benefit | The deferred vested benefit is the same as the Early Retirement Benefit beginning at age 55 or the Regular Retirement Benefit beginning at age 60, but only reflecting service to the date of employment termination. |
| Disability Benefits |  |
| Disability <br> Benefit <br> Eligibility | A plan member is eligible for disability retirement after 5 years of Judicial and Credited Service and becoming physically or mentally disabled to an extent that interferes with proper performance of judicial duties. No service requirement applies to involuntary disability retirement. |
| Disability Benefit | Regular Retirement Benefit, subject to a minimum of $50 \%$ of basic salary (if an involuntary disability retirement). |
| Death Benefits |  |
| Survivor <br> Benefit <br> Eligibility | Judges who contribute an additional $3.5 \%$ of salary during their working career and during retirement will provide a survivor benefit to their surviving spouse and/or children. The judge must also have completed at least 5 years of Judicial and Credited Service, and have been married for 2 years or have a child by marriage. A refund of excess contributions, less benefits paid to the retiree, will be paid if there are no eligible survivors. |
| Survivor <br> Benefit | Spouse Benefit: <br> If judge was retired, $55 \%$ of the benefit the judge was receiving. If judge was active, $55 \%$ of the benefit the judge would have received had the judge retired on the day prior to death, not less than $55 \%$ of the benefit that would be provided to a judge with 15 years of Judicial Service without adjustment for early retirement. <br> Dependent Children Benefit: <br> A benefit will be paid to the children under the age of 18 ( 22 if full time student), or to any unmarried child incapable of self-support due to a disability which occurred before age <br> 18. Benefit per child is the smallest of: <br> - $50 \%$ of the spouse's annuity <br> - $\$ 7,538.64$ (\$9,048.00 if no spouse benefits apply) as of $12 / 01 / 2022$, increased annually <br> - $\$ 22,615.92$ ( $\$ 27,144.00$ if no spouse benefits apply) divided by the number of children as of $12 / 01 / 2022$, increased annually. |
| Changes Since Prior Valuation | None of which we are aware. |


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Throughout this report, former spouses receiving benefits under a qualified domestic relations order are not included in counts. Their benefit amounts are included with their associated retired plan member.

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ Throughout this report, former spouses receiving benefits under a qualified domestic relations order are not included in counts. Their benefit amounts are included with their associated retired plan member.

[^2]:    ${ }^{2}$ Includes annuitants with a deferred federal benefit.
    ${ }^{3}$ These annuitants receive a $100 \%$ federal benefit.

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$ Includes assumption change impact, $\$ 427,547,559$, as well as effect of discount rate change on prior amortization balances, (\$4,097,569).
    ${ }^{2}$ Before administrative expenses.

[^4]:    ${ }^{1}$ Liabilities as of October 1, 2023 for the Police Officers and Firefighters', and Teachers' Plans calculated for this purpose are based on 2023 spot rates implied by the 2022 spot rate yield curve. These spot rates used in gain/loss analysis were calculated by converting the 2022 spot rates to forward rates, removing the forward rate for FY 2023, and then converting the forward rates back to spot rates. See Appendix A: Actuarial Assumptions and Methods for an example of the rates.
    ${ }^{2}$ Includes Projected COLA and wage increase assumption changes.

[^5]:    1 The approximate rate of return on the Market Value of Assets is $2.01 \%$ for the Police Officers and Firefighters', and Teacher's Plans, and 2.11\% for the Judges' Plan.

[^6]:    ${ }^{1}$ Expected Net Benefit Payments are net of retiree contributions paid to provide for survivor benefits.

[^7]:    ${ }^{1}$ Expected Net Benefit Payments are net of retiree contributions paid to provide for survivor benefits.

[^8]:    ${ }^{1}$ Throughout this report, "Normal Retirees" refer to Voluntary Retirements for the District of Columbia Teachers' Retirement Plan and Optional Retirements for the District of Columbia Police Officers and Firefighters' Retirement Plan.

[^9]:    ${ }^{1}$ Throughout this report, "Normal Retirees" refer to Regular Retirements for the District of Columbia Judges' Retirement Plan.

[^10]:    ${ }^{1}$ Includes child beneficiaries.

