

Terrorist Finance Tracking Program

Fact Sheet

- After the terrorist attacks on September 11, 2001, the United States Department of the Treasury (Treasury) initiated the Terrorist Finance Tracking Program (TFTP) to identify, track, and pursue terrorists — such as Al-Qaida, Hizballah, HAMAS and their networks. This was an important part of Treasury’s larger effort to track terrorist money flows and assist in broader U.S. government efforts to uncover terrorist cells and map terrorist networks here at home and around the world.
- Treasury efforts have not only disrupted terrorist networks, they have saved lives. Since the start of the program, the TFTP has provided hundreds of thousands of valuable leads to U.S. government agencies and other governments that have aided in the prevention or investigation of many of the most visible and violent terrorist attacks and attempted attacks of the past decade.
- As part of its vital national security mission, the Treasury issues subpoenas to the Society for Worldwide Interbank Financial Telecommunication (SWIFT) — a Belgium-based company with U.S. offices that operates a worldwide messaging system used to transmit financial transaction information — seeking information on suspected international terrorists or their networks. Under the terms of the subpoena, the U.S. government may only review information as part of its efforts to prevent, detect, investigate, and prosecute terrorism.
- At the end of 2009, SWIFT stopped storing some of the information under subpoena on its U.S. servers; the data are now stored in the European Union. The United States negotiated an agreement with the European Union on the processing and transfer of this information to Treasury. The Agreement became effective on August 1, 2010.
- Based on information that identifies an individual or entity, the U.S. government is able to conduct targeted searches against a limited subset of records provided by SWIFT, in order to trace financial transactions related to suspected terrorist activity, including terrorist funding.
- SWIFT information greatly enhances our ability to map out terrorist networks, often filling in missing links in an investigative chain. The U.S. government acts on this information — and, for counter-terrorism purposes only, shares leads generated by the TFTP with relevant governments’ counter-terrorism authorities — to target and disrupt the activities of terrorists and their supporters.
- By following the money, the TFTP has allowed the United States and our allies to identify and locate operatives and their financiers, chart terrorist networks, and help keep money out of their hands.

- The protection of individual privacy is a cornerstone of the TFTP Agreement and the continued operation of the program. As such, TFTP has rigorous safeguards and protocols to protect privacy. Searches of records must identify the nexus to terrorism, and such searches are systematically logged and regularly scrutinized. Regular, independent audits of the program have confirmed that the U.S. government has consistently observed the safeguards and protocols that it agreed to establish.
- The TFTP is firmly rooted in Treasury’s legal authority, based on statutory mandates that include the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (IEEPA) and the United Nations Participation Act (UNPA), as well as specific Executive Orders.
- The TFTP does not involve data mining. In fact, most personal identifying information would never be included in the SWIFT data seen by counter-terrorism analysts under the TFTP. We work to ensure the appropriate and limited use of the information while maintaining a high degree of protection for individual privacy.
- SWIFT is overseen by a committee drawn from major central banks — including the U.S. Federal Reserve, the Bank of England, the European Central Bank, the Bank of Japan, and the lead overseer, the National Bank of Belgium. The overseers have been informed about SWIFT's involvement in Treasury’s TFTP efforts and the safeguards and assurances that have been put in place.
- There is no doubt that America and our allies are safer today because of this program.

Related Items

- [Agreement Between the United States of America and the European Union on the Processing and Transfer of Financial Messaging Data from the European Union to the United States for the Purposes of the Terrorist Finance Tracking Program](#)
- [Redress Procedures for Seeking Access, Rectification, Erasure, or Blocking \(under the U.S.-EU Agreement\)](#)

Contacts

For additional information or inquiries about the TFTP, please contact the United States Department of the Treasury at 202-622-2490 or via e-mail at TFTP@treasury.gov.

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