Summary of FY 2013 Appropriations Language

Below is a summary of proposed Treasury appropriations language changes from the FY 2012 enacted bill. Please note that brackets indicate which material will be deleted, and italics indicate which material will be inserted.

Departmental Offices

Federal Funds

Salaries and Expenses
(Including Transfer of Funds)

For necessary expenses of the Departmental Offices including operation and maintenance of the Treasury Building and Annex; hire of passenger motor vehicles; maintenance, repairs, and improvements of, and purchase of commercial insurance policies for, real properties leased or owned overseas, when necessary for the performance of official business; terrorism and financial intelligence activities; executive direction program activities; international affairs and economic policy activities; domestic finance and tax policy activities; and Treasury-wide management policies and programs activities, [§308,388,000] $301,216,000: Provided, That of the amount appropriated under this heading, [§100,000,000] is for the Office of Terrorism and Financial Intelligence, of which not to exceed $26,608,000 is available for administrative expenses: Provided further, That of the amount appropriated under this heading, [§6,787,000, to remain available until September 30, [2013] 2014, is for the Treasury-wide Financial Statement Audit and Internal Control Program: Provided further, That of the amount appropriated under this heading, $500,000, to remain available until September 30, [2013] 2014, is for secure space requirements: Provided further, That of the amount appropriated under this heading, up to $3,400,000, to remain available until September 30, [2014] 2015, is to develop and implement programs within the Office of Critical Infrastructure Protection and Compliance Policy, including entering into cooperative agreements: Provided further, That notwithstanding any other provision of law, of the amount appropriated under this heading, up to $1,000,000 may be contributed to the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development for the Department's participation in programs related to global tax administration.

Department-Wide Systems and Capital Investments Programs

For development and acquisition of automatic data processing equipment, software, and services and for repairs and renovations to buildings owned by the Department of the Treasury, $7,108,000, to remain available until September 30, 2015: Provided, That these funds shall be transferred to accounts and in amounts as necessary to satisfy the requirements of the Department’s offices, bureaus, and other organizations; Provided further, That this transfer authority shall be in addition to any other transfer authority provided in this Act.

Office of Inspector General

For necessary expenses of the Office of Inspector General in carrying out the provisions of the Inspector General Act of 1978, [§29,641,000] $28,593,000, as amended, of which not to exceed $2,000,000 shall be available for official travel expenses, including hire of passenger motor vehicles;
and of which not to exceed $100,000 for unforeseen emergencies of a confidential nature, to be allocated and expended under the direction of the Inspector General of the Treasury[; and of which not to exceed $2,500 shall be available for official reception and representation expenses].

**Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration**

**Salaries and Expenses**

For necessary expenses of the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration in carrying out the Inspector General Act of 1978, as amended, including purchase (not to exceed 150 for replacement only for police-type use) and hire of passenger motor vehicles (31 U.S.C. 1343(b)); services authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, at such rates as may be determined by the Inspector General for Tax Administration; [$151,696,000] $153,834,000 of which not to exceed $6,000,000 shall be available for official travel expenses; of which not to exceed $500,000 shall be available for unforeseen emergencies of a confidential nature, to be allocated and expended under the direction of the Inspector General for Tax Administration[; and of which not to exceed $1,500 shall be available for official reception and representation expenses].

**Treasury Forfeiture Fund**

**([Rescission] Cancellation)**

Of the unobligated balances available under this heading, [$950,000,000] $830,000,000 are [rescinded] hereby permanently cancelled.

**Community Development Financial Institutions Fund Program Account**

To carry out the Community Development Banking and Financial Institutions Act of 1994 (Public Law 103–325), including services authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, but at rates for individuals not to exceed the per diem rate equivalent to the rate for [ES-3, notwithstanding section 4707(e) of title 12, United States Code with regard to Small and/or Emerging Community Development Financial Institutions Assistance awards] EX-3, $221,000,000, to remain available until September 30, [2013] 2014; of which $12,000,000,[notwithstanding section 4707(e) of title 12, United States Code,] shall be for financial assistance, technical assistance, training and outreach programs, designed to benefit Native American, Native Hawaiian, and Alaskan Native communities and provided primarily through qualified community development lender organizations with experience and expertise in community development banking and lending in Indian country, Native American organizations, tribes and tribal organizations and other suitable providers; of which, notwithstanding section 108(d) of such Act, up to [$22,000,000] $25,000,000 shall be for a Healthy Food Financing Initiative to provide [grants and loans] financial assistance, technical assistance, training and outreach to community development financial institutions for the purpose of offering affordable financing and technical assistance to expand the availability of healthy food options in distressed communities; of which [$18,000,000] $15,000,000 shall be for the Bank Enterprise Awards program; of which up to $20,000,000 shall be to implement section 1204 of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (Public Law 111-203); and of which up to [$22,965,000 $21,047,000 may be used for administrative expenses, including administration of the New Markets Tax Credit Program, up to $550,000 for the CDFI Bond Guarantee Program, and up to $300,000 for the direct loan program; of which up to [$10,315,000] $8,337,500 may be used for the cost of direct loans[; and of which up to $250,000 may be used for administrative expenses to carry out the direct loan program]:

**Provided,** That the cost of direct and guaranteed loans, including the cost of modifying such loans, shall be as defined in
section 502 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974: Provided further, That these funds are available to subsidize gross obligations for the principal amount of direct loans not to exceed $25,000,000: Provided further, That [of the funds awarded under this heading, not less than 10 percent shall be used for projects that serve populations living in persistent poverty counties (where such term is defined as any county that has had 20 percent or more of its population living in poverty over the past 30 years, as measured by the 1990, 2000, and 2010 decennial censuses)] amounts provided under this heading shall be available for the cost of guarantees pursuant to and as authorized by section 114A of the Riegle Community Development and Regulatory Improvement Act of 1994 (12 U.S.C. 4701 et seq.): Provided further, That funds for the cost of guarantees are available to subsidize total loan principal not to exceed $1,000,000,000: Provided further, That, pursuant to such section 114A, up to $1,000,000 collected from administration fees may be used for administrative expenses of the CDFI Bond Guarantee Program, and shall be in addition to funds otherwise provided for administrative expenses of the CDFI Bond Guarantee Program.

Special Inspector General for the Troubled Asset Relief Program

Salaries and Expenses

Financial Crimes Enforcement Network

Salaries and Expenses
For necessary expenses of the Financial Crimes Enforcement Network including hire of passenger motor vehicles; travel and training expenses[, including for course development,] of non-Federal and foreign government personnel to attend meetings and training concerned with domestic and foreign financial intelligence activities, law enforcement, and financial regulation; not to exceed $14,000 for official reception and representation expenses; and for assistance to Federal law enforcement agencies, with or without reimbursement, [§110,788,000] $102,407,000, of which not to exceed $34,335,000 shall remain available until September 30, [2014] 2015: Provided, That funds appropriated in this account may be used to procure personal services contracts.

Fiscal Service

Salaries and Expenses
For necessary expenses of operations of the Fiscal Service, not including expenses of Departmental Offices, $360,531,000; of which not to exceed $4,210,000, to remain available until September 30, 2015, is for information systems modernization initiatives; and of which $5,000 shall be available for official reception and representation expenses: Provided, That the sum appropriated herein from the general fund for fiscal year 2013 shall be reduced by not more than $1,000,000 as definitive security issue fees and Legacy Treasury Direct Investor Account Maintenance fees are collected, so as to result in a final fiscal year 2013 appropriation from the general fund estimated at $359,531,000. In addition, $165,000, to be derived from the Oil Spill Liability Trust Fund to reimburse administrative and personnel expenses for financial management of the Fund, as authorized by section 1012 of Public Law101–380. [For necessary expenses of the Financial Management Service, $217,805,000, of which not to exceed $4,210,000 shall remain available until September 30, 2014, for information systems modernization initiatives; and of which not to exceed $2,500 shall be available for official reception and representation expenses.]
[For necessary expenses connected with any public-debt issues of the United States, $173,635,000, of which not to exceed $2,500 shall be available for official reception and representation expenses, and of which not to exceed $10,000,000 shall remain available until September 30, 2014, to reduce improper payments: Provided, That the sum appropriated herein from the general fund for fiscal year 2012 shall be reduced by not more than $8,000,000 as definitive security issue fees and Legacy Treasury Direct Investor Account Maintenance fees are collected, so as to result in a final fiscal year 2012 appropriation from the general fund estimated at $165,635,000. In addition, $165,000 to be derived from the Oil Spill Liability Trust Fund to reimburse the Bureau for administrative and personnel expenses for financial management of the Fund, as authorized by section 1012 of Public Law 101-380.]

Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau Federal Funds

Salaries and Expenses
For necessary expenses of carrying out section 1111 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002, including hire of passenger motor vehicles, [$99,878,000] $96,786,000; of which not to exceed $6,000 for official reception and representation expenses; not to exceed $50,000 for cooperative research and development programs for laboratory services; and provision of laboratory assistance to State and local agencies with or without reimbursement[: Provided, That of the amount appropriated under this heading, $2,000,000 shall be for the costs of special law enforcement agents to target tobacco smuggling and other criminal diversion activities].

United States Mint Federal Funds

Public Enterprise Fund
Pursuant to section 5136 of title 31, United States Code, the United States Mint is provided funding through the United States Mint Public Enterprise Fund for costs associated with the production of circulating coins, numismatic coins, and protective services, including both operating expenses and capital investments[.]: Provided, That [The] the aggregate amount of new liabilities and obligations incurred during fiscal year [2012] 2013 under such section 5136 for circulating coinage and protective service capital investments of the United States Mint shall not exceed [$20,000,000] $19,000,000.

Internal Revenue Service
Federal Funds

Taxpayer Services
(Including Transfer of Funds)
For necessary expenses of the Internal Revenue Service to provide taxpayer services, including pre-filing assistance and education, filing and account services, taxpayer advocacy services, and other services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, at such rates as may be determined by the Commissioner, [$2,239,703,000] $2,253,133,000, of which not less than $5,600,000 shall be for the Tax Counseling for the Elderly Program, of which not less than $9,750,000 shall be available for low-income taxpayer clinic grants, of which not less than $9,750,000 shall be available for a Community Volunteer Income Tax Assistance matching grants program for tax return preparation assistance[, and of which up to $205,000,000 shall be available for operating expenses of the Taxpayer Advocate Service, and of which $15,481,000]: Provided, That of the amounts appropriated under this heading such sums are necessary shall be available for expenses necessary to implement the tax credit in title II of division A of the Trade Act of 2002 (Public Law 107-210).
Enforcement
For necessary expenses for tax enforcement activities of the Internal Revenue Service to determine and collect owed taxes, to provide legal and litigation support, to conduct criminal investigations, to enforce criminal statutes related to violations of internal revenue laws and other financial crimes, to purchase (for police-type use, not to exceed 850) and hire passenger motor vehicles (31 U.S.C. 1343(b)), and to provide other services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, at such rates as may be determined by the Commissioner, [$5,229,367,000] $5,701,670,000, of which not less than $60,257,000 shall be for the Interagency Crime and Drug Enforcement program:
Provided, That of the amount provided under this heading, not less than $276,964,000 shall be for the additional appropriation for tax activities, including tax compliance to address the Federal tax gap, as specified for purposes of Section 251(b)(2) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended.

Operations Support
For necessary expenses of the Internal Revenue Service to support taxpayer services and enforcement programs, including rent payments; facilities services; printing; postage; physical security; headquarters and other IRS-wide administration activities; research and statistics of income; telecommunications; information technology development, enhancement, operations, maintenance, and security; the hire of passenger motor vehicles (31 U.S.C. 1343(b)); and other services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, at such rates as may be determined by the Commissioner, [$3,947,416,000] $4,476,200,000, of which up to $250,000,000 shall remain available until September 30, [2013] 2014, for information technology support; of which up to $65,000,000 shall remain available until expended for acquisition of real property, equipment, construction and renovation of facilities; of which not to exceed $1,000,000 shall remain available until September 30, [2014] 2015, for research; of which not less than $2,000,000 shall be for the Internal Revenue Service Oversight Board; of which not to exceed $25,000 shall be for official reception and representation expenses: Provided, That not later than 14 days after the end of each quarter of each fiscal year, the Internal Revenue Service shall submit a report to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations and the Comptroller General of the United States detailing the cost and schedule performance for its major information technology investments, including the purpose and life-cycle stages of the investments; the reasons for any cost and schedule variances; the risks of such investments and strategies the Internal Revenue Service is using to mitigate such risks; and the expected developmental milestones to be achieved and costs to be incurred in the next quarter: Provided further, That the Internal Revenue Service shall include, in its budget justification for fiscal year [2013] 2014, a summary of cost and schedule performance information for its major information technology systems: Provided, That, of the amounts provided under this heading, such sums as are necessary shall be available to fully support tax enforcement and compliance activities, including not less than $414,064,000 for an additional appropriation for tax activities, including tax compliance to address the Federal tax gap, as specified for purposes of Section 251(b)(2) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended.

Business Systems Modernization
For necessary expenses of the Internal Revenue Service's business systems modernization program, $330,210,000, to remain available until September 30, [2014] 2015, for the capital asset acquisition of information technology systems, including management and related contractual costs of said acquisitions, including related Internal
Revenue Service labor costs, and contractual costs associated with operations authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109: Provided, That, not later than 14 days after the end of each quarter of each fiscal year, the Internal Revenue Service shall submit a report to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations and the Comptroller General of the United States detailing the cost and schedule performance for Cade2 and Modernized e-File information technology investments, including the purposes and life-cycle stages of the investments; the reasons for any cost and schedule variances; the risks of such investments and the strategies the Internal Revenue Service is using to mitigate such risks; and the expected developmental milestones to be achieved and costs to be incurred in the next quarter.

Administrative Provisions—Internal Revenue Service

(Providing for Transfers of Funds)

SEC. 101. Not to exceed 5 percent of any appropriation made available in this Act to the Internal Revenue Service or not to exceed 3 percent of appropriations under the heading "Enforcement" may be transferred to any other Internal Revenue Service appropriation upon the advance notification of the Committees on Appropriations.

SEC. 102. The Internal Revenue Service shall maintain a training program to ensure that Internal Revenue Service employees are trained in taxpayers' rights, in dealing courteously with taxpayers, and in cross-cultural relations.

SEC. 103. The Internal Revenue Service shall institute and enforce policies and procedures that will safeguard the confidentiality of taxpayer information and protect taxpayers against identity theft.

SEC. 104. Funds made available by this or any other Act to the Internal Revenue Service shall be available for improved facilities and increased staffing to provide sufficient and effective 1-800 help line service for taxpayers. The Commissioner shall continue to make the improvement of the Internal Revenue Service 1-800 help line service a priority and allocate resources necessary [to increase phone lines and staff] to improve the Internal Revenue Service 1-800 help line service.

SEC. 105. Of the funds made available by this Act to the Internal Revenue Service, not less than $9,486,842,000 shall be specified to pay for tax for the costs of tax activities, including tax compliance to address the Federal tax gap, as specified for purposes of Section 251(b)(2) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended.

Administrative Provisions—Department of the Treasury

(Providing for Transfers of Funds)

Sec. 105. Appropriations to the Department of the Treasury in this Act shall be available for uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5901), including maintenance, repairs, and cleaning; purchase of insurance for official motor vehicles operated in foreign countries; purchase of motor vehicles without regard to the general purchase price limitations for vehicles purchased and used overseas for the current fiscal year; entering into contracts with the Department of State for the furnishing of health and medical services to employees and their dependents serving in foreign countries; and services authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109.

Sec. 106. Not to exceed 2 percent of any appropriations in this Act made available within the headings - Departmental Offices--Salaries and Expenses, Office of Inspector General, Special Inspector General for the Troubled Asset Relief Program, Financial Management Service - the Fiscal Service, Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade
Bureau, and Financial Crimes Enforcement Network, and Bureau of the Public Debt, may be transferred between [such] appropriations upon the advance [approval] notification of the Committees on Appropriations: Provided, That no transfer may increase or decrease any such appropriation by more than 2 percent.

Sec. 107. Not to exceed 2 percent of any appropriation made available in this Act to the Internal Revenue Service may be transferred to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration's appropriation upon the advance [approval] notification of the Committees on Appropriations: Provided, That no transfer may increase or decrease any such appropriation by more than 2 percent.

Sec. 108. Of the funds available for the purchase of law enforcement vehicles, no funds may be obligated until the Secretary of the Treasury certifies that the purchase by the respective Treasury bureau is consistent with departmental vehicle management principles: Provided, That the Secretary may delegate this authority to the Assistant Secretary for Management.

Sec. 109. None of the funds appropriated in this Act or otherwise available to the Department of the Treasury or the Bureau of Engraving and Printing may be used to redesign the $1 Federal Reserve note.

Sec. 110. The Secretary of the Treasury may transfer funds from [Financial Management] the Fiscal Service, Salaries and Expenses to the Debt Collection Fund as necessary to cover the costs of debt collection: Provided, That such amounts shall be reimbursed to such salaries and expenses account from debt collections received in the Debt Collection Fund.

Sec. 111. Section 122(g)(1) of Public Law 105-119 (5 U.S.C. 3104 note), is further amended by striking "[\`12] 14 years" and inserting "[\`14] 15 years".

Section 111 continues, for one additional year, the Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau’s Pay Demonstration Project to use as an intervention tool in the recruitment and retention of critical staff positions.

[Sec. 112. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this or any other Act may be used by the United States Mint to construct or operate any museum without the explicit approval of the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate, the House Committee on Financial Services, and the Senate Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs.]

[Sec. 113. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this or any other Act or source to the Department of the Treasury, the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, and the United States Mint, individually or collectively, may be used to consolidate any or all functions of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing and the United States Mint without the explicit approval of the House Committee on Financial Services; the Senate Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs; and the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate.]

Removing Section 113 would increase Treasury’s flexibility to use the Economy Act to save money at the US Mint and BEP through cooperative efforts such as shared services.

Sec. [114] 112. Funds appropriated by this Act, or made available by the transfer of funds in this Act, for the Department of the Treasury's intelligence or intelligence related activities are deemed to be specifically authorized by the Congress for purposes of section 504 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 414) during fiscal year

Sec. [115]113. Not to exceed $5,000 shall be made available from the Bureau of Engraving and Printing's Industrial Revolving Fund for necessary official reception and representation expenses.

[Sec. 116. Section 5114(c) of title 31, United States Code (relating to engraving and printing currency and security documents), is amended by striking "for a period of not more than 4 years".]

[Sec. 117. In the current fiscal year and each fiscal year hereafter, any person who forwards to the Bureau of Engraving and Printing a mutilated paper currency claim equal to or exceeding $10,000 for redemption will be required to provide the Bureau their taxpayer identification number.]

[Sec. 118. Section 5318(g)(2)(A) of title 31, United States Code, is amended --(1) by striking clause (i) and inserting the following: "(i) neither the financial institution, director, officer, employee, or agent of such institution (whether or not any such person is still employed by the institution), nor any other current or former director, officer, or employee of, or contractor for, the financial institution or other reporting person, may notify any person involved in the transaction that the transaction has been reported; and", and (2) in clause (ii)--(A) by striking "no officer or employee of" and inserting "no current or former officer or employee of or contractor for"; and (B) by inserting "or for" before "any State".]

[Sec. 119. Section 5319 of title 31, United States Code (relating to availability of reports), is amended by inserting after "title 5" the following: ", and may not be disclosed under any State, local, tribal, or territorial freedom of information", open government", or similar law".]

[Sec. 120. Section 5331(a) of title 31, United States Code, is amended--(1) by striking paragraph (1) and inserting the following: "(1)(A) who is engaged in a trade or business, and", (2) by redesignating paragraph (2) as subparagraph (B); (3) in subparagraph (B), as so redesignated, by adding "or" at the end; and (4) by inserting after subparagraph (B), as so redesignated, the following new paragraph: "(2) who is required to file a report under section 6050I(g) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986,".]

Sec. [121]114. The Secretary of the Treasury shall submit a Capital Investment Plan to the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than 30 days following the submission of the annual budget for the Administration submitted by the President: Provided, That such Capital Investment Plan shall include capital investment spending from all accounts within the Department of the Treasury, including but not limited to the Department-wide Systems and Capital Investment Programs account, the Working Capital Fund account, and the Treasury Forfeiture Fund account: Provided further, That such Capital Investment Plan shall include expenditures occurring in previous fiscal years for each capital investment project that has not been fully completed.

Sec. 115. Section 1324 of title 31, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection: ",(c) Amounts appropriated under subsection (a) of this section shall be administered, as appropriate, as if they were made available through separate appropriations to the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the Attorney General. Funds so appropriated shall be available to the Secretary of the Treasury for refunds by the Internal Revenue Service of taxes collected
pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code and related interest; separately to the Secretary of the Treasury for refunds and drawbacks of alcohol, tobacco, firearms and ammunition taxes and refunds of other taxes which may arise and any interest on such refunds, including payment of claims for prior fiscal years; to the Secretary of Homeland Security for refunds and drawbacks of receipts collected pursuant to the customs revenue functions administered by the Department of Homeland Security pursuant to delegation by the Secretary of the Treasury and any interest on such refunds, including payment of claims for prior fiscal years; and to the Attorney General for refunds of firearms taxes and refunds of other taxes which may arise and any interest on such refunds, including payment of claims for prior fiscal years.

Section 115 refers to funds appropriated or otherwise made available to the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the Attorney General for refunds of taxes and related interest on such refunds, drawbacks, and payments of claims for prior fiscal years. This provision will alleviate the need for the Internal Revenue Service to make such refunds, drawbacks and payments on behalf of the other federal agencies, and will minimize the administrative and accounting burdens associated with this process. This proposal will not create any new spending.

Sec. 116. Section 5318(a)(1) of title 31, United States Code (relating to compliance, exemptions, and summons authority), is amended by - (1) Inserting after "appropriate" the following: "federal or (in the case of financial institutions without a federal supervisor) state"; and (2) Inserting after "Service." the following: "In lieu of delegating such authority to a state supervisory agency, the Secretary is also authorized to rely on examinations conducted by a state supervisory agency of a category of financial institution. The Secretary may only rely on such state examinations if the Secretary determines that under the laws of the state, the category of financial institution is required to comply with this subchapter and regulations prescribed under this subchapter, or the state supervisory agency is authorized to ensure that the category of financial institution complies with this subchapter and regulations prescribed under this subchapter."

Sec. 117. Public Law 91-508, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1958 et seq.) is amended in section 128, by (1) Striking "sections 1730d (1) and" and inserting in lieu thereof "section"; (2) Striking "bank supervisory agency, or other"; (3) Inserting after "appropriate" the following: "federal or (in the case of financial institutions without a federal supervisor) state"; and (4) Inserting after "agency." the following: "In lieu of delegating such responsibility to a state supervisory agency, the Secretary is also authorized to rely on examinations conducted by a state supervisory agency of a category of financial institution. The Secretary may only rely on such state examinations if the Secretary determines that under the laws of the state, the category of financial institution is required to comply with this chapter and section 1829b (and regulations prescribed under this chapter and section 1829b), or the state supervisory agency is authorized to ensure that the category of financial institution complies with this chapter and section 1829b (and regulations prescribed under this chapter and section 1829b)."

Sec. 118. Section 310(b)(2)(E) of title 31, United States Code (relating to the Financial Crimes Enforcement Network), is amended by inserting after "Federal" the first time that it appears, the following: "and foreign".

Section 116, 117, and 118 will provide more authority for FinCEN to rely on examinations conducted by state supervisory agencies for nonbank financial institutions and will
increase information between FinCEN and counterpart anti-money laundering/ counter-terrorist financing regulators.

Sec. 119. Section 3711 of title 31, United States Code, is amended by adding a new subsection (j) to read as follows: "(j)(1) The Secretary of the Treasury (referred to in this subsection as the "Secretary") may locate and recover assets of the United States Government on behalf of any executive, judicial, or legislative agency in accordance with such procedures as the Secretary considers appropriate. (2) Notwithstanding any other law concerning the depositing and collection of Federal payments, including section 3302(b) of this title, the Secretary may retain a portion of the amounts recovered pursuant to this subsection to cover the Secretary's costs associated with locating and recovering assets of the United States. The amounts retained shall be deposited into an account established in the Treasury to be known as the "Unclaimed Assets Recovery Account" (referred to in this paragraph as the "Account"). Amounts deposited in the Account shall be available until expended to cover costs associated with locating and recovering assets of the United States. (3) To carry out the purposes of this subsection, the Secretary may: (A) Transfer to the Account from funds appropriated to the Department of Treasury such amounts as may be necessary to meet liabilities and obligations incurred prior to the receipt of recovered assets; and (B) Reimburse any appropriation from which funds were transferred under this paragraph from the amounts retained from recovered assets. Any reimbursement under this paragraph shall occur during the period of availability of the funds originally transferred from an appropriation and shall be available for the same time period and purposes as originally appropriated."

Section 119 would authorize Treasury to use its resources to recover assets of the United States and to pay any costs from amounts recovered, rather than from direct appropriations.

Sec. 120. Subchapter IV of chapter 51 of title 31, United States Code, is hereby amended by adding after section 5144 the following new section: "Sec. 5145 Currency Reader Program The Secretary of the Treasury may implement and administer a Currency Reader Program through which a United States resident, who is blind or visually impaired, may obtain a coupon that can be applied toward the purchase of a device to denominate United States currency. Amounts in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing Fund described in section 5142 of title 31, United States Code, shall be available to pay for expenses of this program. The Secretary shall include these expenses in the cost charged to the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System for the services of meeting the Board's order for new notes.'

Section 120 would authorize the Bureau of Engraving and Printing to use a coupon program to distribute currency readers to the blind and visually impaired, which would be much more cost-efficient than loaning these readers.

Sec. 121. Sections 2 and 3 of Public Law 111-302 are hereby repealed.

Section 122. Section 5112 of title 31, United States Code, is amended as follows: (1) Subsection (a)(2) is amended by striking "and weighs 11.34 grams"; (2) Subsection (a)(3) is amended by striking "and weighs 5.67 grams"; (3) Subsection (a)(4) is amended by striking "and weighs 2.268 grams"; (4) Subsection (a)(5) is amended by striking "and weighs 5 grams"; (5) Subsection (a)(6) is amended by (A) striking "except as provided under subsection (c) of this section," and (B) striking "and weighs 3.11 grams"; (6)
Subsection (b) is amended by striking the first, second, third, fourth, sixth, seventh, and eighth sentences, and striking "metallic."; and (7) Subsection (c) is amended to read as follows: "The Secretary shall prescribe the weight and the composition of the dollar, half-dollar, quarter-dollar, dime, 5-cent, and one-cent coins. In prescribing the weight and the composition of the dollar, half-dollar, quarter-dollar, dime, 5-cent and one-cent coins, the Secretary shall consider such factors that the Secretary considers, in the Secretary's sole discretion, to be appropriate". (c) Section 5113(a) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by (1) striking the word "and" after "quarter dollar" and inserting after the word "dime" ", 5-cent, and one-cent"; and (2) striking the second and third sentences.

Section 122 would grant the Secretary the same authority he presently possesses with respect to the $1 coin; the authority to prescribe the weights and compositions of all circulating coins, and to provide the Secretary flexibility to change the composition of coins to more cost-effective materials.

Sec. 123. Section 5112(t)(6)(B) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking "90 percent silver and 10 percent copper" and inserting in its place "no less than 90 percent silver."

Section 123 would provide flexibility in the composition of the coins in silver proof sets, which would improve efficiency in the process of manufacturing these sets thus lowering its production costs.

Sec. 124. Section 5112(r) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking paragraph (5).

Section 124 would eliminate the requirement that the Sacagawea $1 Coin not be less than 20 percent of the total number of $1 coins issued in a year. This would allow the United States Mint to issue each particular design of the $1 coin in amounts necessary to meet public demand and would avoid the requirement to issue Native American $1 Coins in excess of the amounts that numismatic customers demand.

Sec. 125. The Internal Revenue Service may conduct criminal enforcement investigations and prosecutions of excise tax violations of Sections 4181 and 4182 and Chapters 51 and 52 of title 26, United States Code, at the discretion of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue and in coordination with the Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau.

Section 125 allows the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) to conduct tax related criminal enforcement for industries regulated by the Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Administration (TTB).